No. 32,290

PARIS, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1986

ESTABLISHED 1887

Soweto Paper Cirbed Further

JOHANNESBURG (NYT) - South Africa was said to have ordered restrictions Mon-day on The Sowetan, a blackreadership newspaper that wru-lently opposes spartheid, in the strict reported action of its kind since tightened consorthip and emergency regulations were promulgated last week. There was no official confirmation of the artists.

12 M

المارية موالية

B R P

The paper was told by police.
Monday to cease publication of
any statements by any of 13
organizations supporting an anti-government campaign anti-government campaign called Christmas against the conergency. The 10-day protest, set to begin Tuesday, is intended to include the suspension of sporting events and music festivals and a boycott of Johannesburg's largely white-owned stores.

SPECIAL TODAY

BERLINSBIRTHDAY West and East Berlin are preparing very different celebrations to mark the city's



Detail of a portrait of the sor, whose Paris house is being turned into a mu-seum, by Mohamed al-Fayed, an Egyptian busi nessman. Page 7.

GENERAL NEWS

taking steps to control dissent in the mintary. Page 5. licaragua has beloed the Miskito. windians fighting the Sandinist

Page 3. Centrist Democrats in the United States are projecting a mood of confidence: Page 3. BUSINESS/FINANCE

M Production rose 0.6 percent at U.S. factories, mines and utilities Page 13. M Chemical New York Corp. said it would buy Texas Commerce Baneshares Inc. for \$1.19 billion Page 13.

Deaths Surpass 100 As Ethnic Rioting Spreads in Karachi

By Kamran Khan

61 more persons were killed Mon-day in clashes between the Pathan rioting to more than 100, according to government and hospital offi-cials.

Pakistani Army troops spread out across Karachi to restore order. President Mohammed Zia ul-Haq and Prime Minister Mohammad Khan Junejo both came to Karachi to assess the impact of the

thans and Urdu-speaking immi-grants known as Muhajirs. Throughout the day, fires raged unchecked and gunfire was frequent. By nightfall, seven more sections of Karachi were placed under a tight curiew but there were still scattered areas of confrontation.
The army had orders to shoot those

who violated the curiew. The operator of Karachi's main ambulance service, Abdus Sattar Edhi, said Monday night that his units had carried 61 victims of Monday's noting to three major government hospitals. The numbers of injured ran into the scores. Government and hospital offi-cials placed Sunday's toll at 40, bringing the two-day casualty fig-

Monday's violence was dominated by the Muhajirs, who attacked Pathans and Pathan properties in retaliation for Sunday's attacks by

Rioters set fire to scores of houses, factories, banks and vehi-

As darkness fell, most streets of the city were liftered with bricks, burning tires and the embers of burned houses and shops. At least three relief camps were established to provide food and shelter to burned out families or those seek-

.The trouble spread in all three major divisions of Karachi, and the full strength of 13,000 city police and dozens of contingents from the ble spots in time. The problem was, the same for the 75 pieces of fire-fighting equipment available to the

fire department.

A senior military official said that curiews had not been imposed more quickly in some areas because a number of the army troops normally available for duty in Karachi were involved in maneuvers in Pun-

jab state.

Limited contingents were sent to
the worst affected areas Monday,
and a senior civilian official said that a request to bring in troops from other parts of the country had been approved.

Of Karachi's seven million inhabitants; about 1.5 million are Pathans, who originally came from the northwestern border region near Afghanistan, and about 25 million are Muhajirs, most of them immigrants from India or their de-

By Carl Gewittz

PARIS — The 40-percent appre-ciation of the yea during 1986 will

in the future, but is causing an economic slowdown, the Organiza-

tion for Economie Cooperation

and Development warned Mon-

Reducing the surpluses and

speeding up growth are targets that

Failure to achieve them could have

serious implications for preserving

ing of the world economy,

onal Herald Tribune



sweep of a bazaar area run by Pa-thans and Afghan refugees. The market is widely acknowledged to be a major center for drug traffick-

Pathan leaders warned Saturday might that they would not sit idly by if the searches continued, and on Sunday they unleashed the attacks on Muhajirs in Orangi Town. The Associated Press of Pakistan latest round of clashes between Paquoted Prime Minister Junejo as saying that the searches were not aimed at any particular communi-

ty, but against those trading in ille-gal arms and life-destroying drugs. Pakistan's most prominent opposition leader, Benazir Bhutto, denounced the operation as badly

"None of the notorious drugs and arms smugglers or their part-ners were arrested," she said in a statement issued in Islamabad. "A few addicts were rounded up and violence were fanned."



An Iranian woman wears pictures of Avatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, right, and an unidentified religious leader on her head during a demonstration in Tehran marking the dispatch of fresh troops to the border war against Iraq.

North Linked to Political Campaigns Against Enemies of Contra Funding

By R.W. Apple Jr.

New York Times Service

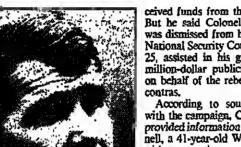
WASHINGTON — Lieutenant

Colonel Oliver L. North, as an offi-cial of the National Security Council, helped a conservative political action committee mount a campaign this year that was designed to defeat congressional opponents of military aid to the Nicaraguan re-bels, persons familiar with the effort said Sunday.

Law-enforcement officials re-ported meanwhile, that the Feder-al Bureau of Investigation planned to look into allegations that some profits from arms sales to Iran were diverted to rightist groups, includ-ing the one with which Colonel North cooperated, the little-known ervation of Liberty.

The allegations were first made Sunday in a Massachusetts newspaper, The Lowell Sun, which said White House officials, including Colonel North, knew about such a scheme. In a report by its Washing-ton correspondent, Tom Squitten, the paper said about \$5 million from Iran arms sales had been in-

volved. Efforts by The New York Times to confirm the report were unsuccessful. The Times reported on North. Aug. 7, 1985, that an official of the



rebels. The official also advised private individuals on how to donate

Oliver L. North

funds to help the rebels. The account said the official's name was being withheld for secu-rity reasons, but he was identified in subsequent stories as Colonel

Carl R. Channell, who heads the National Security Council had be- Endowment for the Preservation of come deeply involved in helping Liberty, denied in an interview last plan strategy for the Nicaraguan week that his organization had re-

ceived funds from the arms sales, But he said Colonel North, who was dismissed from his job on the National Security Council on Nov. 25, assisted in his group's multimillion-dollar publicity campaign on behalf of the rebels, known as

According to sources familiar with the campaign, Colonel North provided information to Mr. Channell, a 41-year-old West Virginian with a reputation as a skilled fundraiser, and spoke to groups from which Mr. Channell was seeking

rentributions, -Acan Goodman, political director of the Robert Goodman Agency of Baltimore, which produced television ads for Mr. Channell, said Colonel North had often appeared at fund-raising dinners to describe the situation in Central

The Miami Herald said Sunday that Mr. Channell met with Colo-nel North "5 or 10 times" this year, and that Patrick J. Buchanan, the White House communications di-

rector, sat in on several meetings. Mr. Bucbanan denied any knowledge of fund diversions in a television interview, saying, "Since I was unaware of the arms sales to Iran, I certainly don't know what was done with the profits."

A White House spokesman declined comment on the reports. Colonel North's involvement raises questions of propriety and perhaps of legality. Active-duty military officers and other govern-ment employees are barred from partisan political activity. In addition, any diversion of profits from arms sales to electoral campaigns would violate federal election laws.

Mr. Channell said that during his efforts on behalf of the contras, he had several meetings with Colonel North. He said one of the things Colonel North did was to provide him with information about Nicaragua that had been translated and published by the State Depart-

According to Attorney General Edwin Meese 3d, up to \$30 million in profits from clandestine arms sales to Iran was diverted to the contras, but contra leaders have said they never received the money. Colonel North has refused to tell congressional investigators exactly what he did.

The Lowell Sun identified two Republican senators and one Republican Senate candidate as recipents of Iranian money funneled through Mr. Channel's organization and others. They were Senators Paula Haw-

See DIVERT, Page 2

CIA Is Said to Provide Satellite Data to Iraq

By Bob Woodward

WASHINGTON - The Central Intelligence Agency has been secretly supplying Iraq with detailed intelligence, including data from sensitive U.S. satellite reconnaissance photography, to assist Iraq in its bombing raids on Iranian oil terminals and power plants, according to sources.

This information has been flowing to Iraq for nearly two years, the sources said. During the same peri-od, the Reagan administration was secretly selling 2rms to Iran.

In August, the CIA stepped up the initiative with Iraq by establishing a direct, secret Washington-to-Baghdad link to provide the Iragis with better and more timely satel-

plan the next attack. This source called the intelligence information vital to Irag's conduct of the war.

The CIA director, William J. Casey, met in October and November with senior Iraqi officials 10 ensure that the new channel was functioning and to encourage more attacks on Iranian economie installations, the sources said.

Iraq has mounted a series of pre-cision air attacks against Iran in recent months, concentrating on oil terminals, oil pumping stations and power plants. The attacks are intended to destroy Iran's economy and its ability to continue the war, which entered its seventh year this

States has shared intelligence with the Iraqis while shipping arms to the Iranians raises new questions about the Reagan administration's policy on the Gulf war.

A well-placed U.S. government

official called this policy "a cynical attempt to engineer a stalemate" in the war. An administration official said Sunday that any intelligence assis-tance to Iraq was for "defensive"

ourposes, to keep either side from icing or lesing the war. A White House spokesman, Daniel Howard, declined Sunday

to comment on the report. On Nov. 13, President Ronald

d that one of the central goals of his Iranian initiative was Tuesday.

"to bring an bonorable end" to the The co

Gulf war. He said his administranon did not favor either side. Since the U.S.-Iranian arms deal

was disclosed in early November. Iraq has stepped up its attacks. On The Soviet Union in 1980 held an exercise testing its ability to invade Iran. Page 2.

Nov. 25, Iraqi warplanes bombed

Iranian oil tankers at Larak Islaad, which is about 750 miles (1.200) kilometers) south of Iraq, in the Strait of Hormuz. This apparently was the greatest distance flown by Iraqi planes in any raid during the war. On Dec. 5. Iraqi pianes bombed the Neka power station in Iran, near the Soviet border.

ed that its warplanes had attacked Tehran for the first time in seven months, and in a separate raid hit troop concentrations and ammunition depots in northwestern Iran. An administration official said

that Iraq had been discouraged

from trying to destroy Iran's econ-omy. The officials said, for example, that the United States bad tried last year to press Iraq diplomaticaliy not to destroy the Iranian oil rminal at Kharg Island.

In his Nov. 13 speech, Mr. Rea-gan said the administration condemned the violence of the Iranlraq conflict, and noted, "We have

See IRAQ, Page 2

One source with first-band knowledge said the Iraqis receive the information from satellite photos "several bours" after a bombing tos "several bours" after a bombing raid in order to assess damage and rian the next attack. This source

By Martin Tolchin

New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — The Senate intelligence committee plans to question Donald T. Regan, the president's chief of staff, and the White House bas decided to let him testify, according to White House and congressional sources.

By not invoking executive privi-lege, the White House would avoid a potential confrontation with

The intelligence committee has told cabinet-level members of the National Security Council that they may be called to testify this week, according to sources.

The revelation that the United A White House official said that despite concern about setting a precedent, "there's no chance whatsoever" that President Ronald Reagan will invoke executive privilege and prevent Mr. Regan from testi-

> Senator David F. Durenberger, Republican of Minnesota, the committee chairman, and Patricl: J. Leahy, Democrat of Vermoni, the vice chairman, have agreed to call Mr. Regan, Secretary of State George P. Shuhz and William J. Cases, the head of the Central Intelligence Agency, the congressional sources said. Mr. Casey's ap-pearance, before he became ill

The committee was expected to

CIA Director Is Hospitalized

United Press Internation

WASHINGTON — William J. Casey, the director of the Central Intelligence Agency, suffered a "minor cerebral sei zure" Monday and was taken to Georgetown University Hospital, where he will undergo tests for several days, a bospital officials said.

Mr. Casey, 73, who is a cen-tral figure in the Iran arms affair, bad been sebeduled to testify Tuesday for the third time in less than a week before Congress. A CIA spokesman, George Lauder, said Mr. Casey was hospitalized "after having some reaction to some medica tion be was taking."

decide soon whether to call Defense Secretary Caspar W. Wein-berger and Attorney General Ed-

At a closed session Monday evening, the committee was to discuss the issue of granting immunity to witnesses who invoked their constination. However, it was considered

See REGAN, Page 2

Hanoi Opens Congress on **Critical Note**

By Keith B. Richburg

BANGKOK - The Vietnamese Communist Party opened its sixth congress Monday in Hanoi con-fronted by a moribund economy and an aging leadership that bas publicly conceded its inability to solve the country's problems.

Despite widespread recognition in Vietnam about what needs to be done, analysis here questioned whether a consensus existed among Polithuro ideologues, the military and intransigent low-level bureaucrats on how to pursue political and economic reforms.

The congress began after a year-long campaign of self-crincism, during which the normally secretive party leaders publicly chastised themselves and lower-level officials for corruption, inefficiency and losing touch with the masses. In his keynote speech Monday, the 79-year-old party leader,

Truong Chinh, continued the selfcriticism by telling the 1,129 assembled delegates: "Responsibility for these sbort-

comings and mistakes rests first of all with the party Central Committee, the Poblical Bureau, the Secretariat and the Council of Ministers. The party Central Committee would like to seriously criticize it-



Truong Chinh

self for its own shortcomings be-

fore the congress."

Vo Van Kiet, chairman of the state planning commission, and a Politburo member, delivered a repost that said "the economic situation in our country is still rife with difficulties such as unemployment, waste of materials, shortages of raw materials and serious economic phenomena." The speeches were broadcast live

on Vietnam's state radio station and monitored in Bangkok by analysts and Western news agencies. The focus of the criticism has been the economy, widely recognized to be a near disaster in a

generally well-off region. Inflation is rampant and Vietnam relies on about a billion dollars a year in Soviet aid, which Mr. Chinh admitted has been wasted. As an indication of how bad things are, diplomats here said, Ha-

noi last month devalued the dong by more than 500 percent, from 16 dollar. Yet the black market rate is still about 400 per dollar, according to a diplomat who recently returned from Vietnam. The remarks by Mr. Chinh. Mr.

Kiet and other officials cited lofty goals for eliminating "bureaucranc centralism." reducing subsidies and increasing grain production to tons) by 1990. But the speeches were short on specifics, which a diplomat here likened to a doctor are expected to fall by a cumulative diagnosing a sick patient without prescribing the remedy.

Analysis expect changes in leadership positions and economic policies to be announced before the congress ends Thursday. But they predicted that the changes were not likely to be as sweeping as suggest-

See HANOL Page 2

57 Senators, In Letter, **Back SALT**

The Associated Press WASHINGTON - More than

half the members of the U.S. Senate urged President Ronald Reagan on Monday to put the United States back under the limits of the SALT-2 arms-control agreement, which the United States breached last month. The letter, signed by 57 of the

100 senators, said the U.S. action was an "open invitation to the Soviers" to violate several of the numerical limits in the accord. The letter, signed by 47 Demo-

crats and 10 Republicans, was originated by Senator Dale Bumpers, Democrat of Arkansas, and was the latest expression of congressional discord with the decision to exceed limits of the second strategic arms limitation treaty. Last week, Democrats in the

House of Representatives approved a resolution criticizing Mr. Reagan's action and pledged to try to get the Democratic-controlled chamber to reverse the decision when Congress convenes Jan. 6. Mr. Bumpers said that similar legislation probably would be in-

troduced in the House if Mr. Reagan did not change his mind The treaty was breached Nov. 28 when an American B-52 bomber equipped to carry nuclear missiles

became operational. That put the United States above the numerical limits in the unratified 1979 treaty. By retiring some weapons, the United States could returo to within SALT-2 limits. Because the treaty was never rat-

ified by the Senate, it bas never been binding on the United States, but both superpowers agreed to abide by its terms. The treaty covers a wide range of strategie weapons issues, including limits on bombers, submarine-launched missiles and land-based missiles.

During the 1980 presidential campaign, Mr. Reagan criticized the pact as being "fatally flawed." But once in office, he pledged to respect its limits as long as the Soviet Union did.

In announcing in May that his administration would no longer be bound by the treaty, Mr. Reagan repeated assertions that the Kremlin repeatedly violated the treaty. The Soviet Union pledged re-

cently to respect the accord despite

Ex-Minister Escapes Blast In France By Michael Dobbs

ingten Post Service PARIS - A former justice minister, Alain Peyrelitte, escaped assassination Monday when a bomb went off in his car and killed a mechanic who was trying to start it. The attack occurred outside Mr. Peyrefitte's home in Provins, 50 miles (80 kilometers) east of Paris, where Mr. Peyrefitte is mayor. Po-

bee identified the victim as Serge

Langer, 51. a municipal employee,

who was killed as he tried to drive

Citroen BX.: The switchboard operator at the Provins city hall said she received a call in which a woman said, "Atnick Alain Peyrefitte. Direct Ac-

ist group that has claimed responsibility for several recent terrorist killings and is suspected of having made numerous other attacks. Mr. Peyrefitte's wife said that normally her husband would have driven the car himself over the weekend. The couple drove to Paris

Direct Action is the extreme left-

on Sunday evening in an old Peu-geot "to see how it was running," Mrs. Peyrefitte said. Mr. Peyrefitte and the interior minister, Charles Pasqua, rushed to Provins on Monday morning after news of the attack: Mr. Peyrefitte, 61, is a supporter of the conserva- day. tive government headed by Prime

Minister Jacques Chirac and writes weekly column in the rightist Pars newspaper Le Figaro. Mr. Pasqua said Monday night that the government would announce new measures on terrorism.

Asked in a television interview See BOMR, Page 2



The wreckage of the car of Alain Peyrefitte, a former justice minister of France, after n bomb went off Monday in Provins and killed the municipal employee starting the car.

Yen's Rise Won't Slash Japan Surplus, OECD Warns viewed abroad as depriving other well as services, is expected to hit a to hit \$200 billion by the end of this started falling while imports have countries of growth and jobs, and it record \$82 billion this year and to year.

toward trade protectionism. - mid-1983. do little to reduce Japan's huge international surpluses this year or Slower growth in Japan, the in- . Based on current exchange rates dustrialized world's second-largest and the expected growth of deeconomy, could tilt the world into mand, the OcCD said that it was renewed recession if the United States, the No. 1 power, pursues steady reduction can be achieved in measures to correct its own imbalances: huge deficits in trade and

the federal budget. The OECD, in its annual survey have long been sought by Japan's The OECD, in its annual survey major trading partners in North of Japan, forecast that the coun-America and Western Europe. try's trade surplus would hit a record \$86 billion this year, a 33percent increase over last year's the free multilateral trading system surplus, despite the yen's sharp ap-and assuring the smooth function-

The current-account surplus, the in 1982, totaled about \$130 billion

Japan's bloated trade surplus is widest measure of trade in goods as at the end of 1985 and are expected of volume, exports have already is a major element fucling the drift still be exceeding 570 billion by

"unclear" whether "a further subsequent years."

Japan's current-account surplus will be sustained, even as the trade figures decline, by substantial gains in investment income from the huge sums that the Japanese are investing abroad.

Japan is already the world's leading creditor. Net external assets, which amounted to only \$25 billion

By the end of 1987, the OECD

said. Japan's net external assets

"may amount to close to \$300 bil-The thesis of the OECD report is that the appreciation of the yea in the foreign exchange market has a relatively limited impact on Japan's trade surplus, the largest sin-

gle component in the current ac-

According to economic textbooks, an increase in the value of a currency should lead to a decline in ernorts and a rise in imports. And this is happening in Japan.

The yen has appreciated about 40 percent this year. And in terms

the terms of trade. Simply put, the cost of imports is falling further and faster than the 22 million metric tons (24 short drop in export earnings, leaving the buge trade surplus largely intact. Import prices in 1986 and 1987

But in dollar terms, the volume

changes are overwhelmed by the

huge shift in what economists call

44 percent, the OECD notes, while prices for Japanese exports should drop only 17 percent. That, the organization explained, is because most of the benefit of the lower import prices has

been passed on to foreign clients

See TRADE, Page 17

Russia Tested Ability To Invade Iran in 1980, Pentagon Report Says

Union carried out an amhitious exercise of its ability to invade Iran six years ago, according to a newly disclosed Pentagon evaluation and interviews with present and former government officials.

In the exercise, which was conducted on Soviet territory just north of Iran, senior Soviet military officials tested communications systems that would be used and acted out the roles they would play in such an invasion.

The exercise, however, did not involve a significant buildup of So-viet troops on the Iranian border or any large-scale movement of Soviet forces. No actual military intervention was imminent, according to the classified report

The report provided the first authoritative account of the Soviet exercise, which was the largest of this type involving Iran conducted in recent years and which was carried out a time of particular turmoil

The exercise also led to a policy debate inside the administration of President Jimmy Carter that was resolved when the president decided 10 send a "firm message" 10 the Kremlin about the need to maintain stability in the area. It also encouraged American efforts 10 develop the Rapid Deployment Force, which is designed to be used for military intervention in the

Gulf region. The Pentagon evaluation sheds light on recent statements by former Reagan administration officials who have been involved in the

covert shipment of arms to Iran. Robert C. McFarlane, the former national security adviser, argued that the administration was justified in trying to open a channel to so-called Iranian moderates because of Iranian concern over Soviet military activity north of the border. A Soviet invasion of Iran is more than conceivable if you have examined Soviet exercises conducted in recent years," Mr. McFarlane

said in a speech Thursday. The Pentagon evaluation was obtained by The New York Times before the administration's decision to send arms to Iran became known. Some information was supplied by officials who have become concerned about exaggerated reports of the exercise.

Military officials said they had expected the 1980 exercise to be repeated last year, but this did not ppen. Some experts speculated the Soviet Union had not repeated the exercise so as to avoid hurting its political relations with Iran.

The Soviet Union has conducted other exercises north of Iran. Last year, for example, it staged a field exercise there involving move than 25,000 troops. In that exercise, called "Kavkaz '85," no specific military target was specified, mili-

The Central Intelligence Agency has told a House foreign affairs subcommittee that "outright Soviet military intervention or an invasion of Iran remains a remote possibility," unless the United States intervened militarily in Iran or the central government in Iran collapsed. The CIA analysis was presented in confidential 1983 testimony that has recently been declassified.

The 1980 Soviet exercise simulating the invasion of Iran took place at a time when Americans were being held hostage in Tehran and Soviet troops were newly arrived in Afghanistan. In January 1980, President Carter articulated the Carter doctrine, which stated that the United States would use force to defend its interests in the region.

Because American intelligence agencies learned of the exercise by monitoring Soviet communications, the United States was initially unsure whether the communications they were monitoring were only part of an exercise or of an actual invasion.

"It threw a scare through us." a former military officer said. An increased intelligence watch was ordered, and consideration was given in the Joint Chiefs of

The flavour

of an island

isie djura

SECRETARS

SCOTCH WHEN

Isle of Jura

in a single malt

By Michael R. Gordon
New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — The Soviet

Staff to strengthening the American military presence in the Arabian Sea and the Gulf.

But the nature of the exercise became clear before any military responses were ordered, former officials say.

As reconstructed by American intelligence agencies, the scenario used in the exercise involved an invasion of Iran in which Soviet forces moved south to the Gulf in a three-pronged attack. Some former military officials

said they believed the exercise was intended to improve Soviet military ahilities because Moscow was increasingly concerned about instahility on its borders in the region. Other former officials said it might have been intended, in part, to send a political signal that the Soviet Union was the dominant military force in the region and that the United States should not try to develop an effective military

But officials said that if that was the Soviet intent, the exercise did



Michael Jopling, Britain's agriculture secretary, helps himself to a sandwich at the start of a meeting Monday of EC agriculture ministers, at which he presided. At left is Sir Michael

Franklin, Britain's permanent representative for agriculture to the Common Market. Tamils Consolidate Authority in Sri Lanka

JAFFNA, Sri Lanka — Color pictures glorifying Tamil guerrillas killed in clashes with government troops adorn hillboards here, and the city's walls are plastered with

TAMIL NADU

bulletins on rebel activities. Tamil guerrillas fighting for an independent homeland in Sri Lanka's north and east have already begun installing their own civil administration in the rebel stronghold of Jaffna.

The guerrillas collect taxes from people and husinesses throughout the northern district, operate their own civil and military courts, run a postal service and sell tickets for their own lottery.

"We hope to start our own secretariat next month to coordinate all administrative activity in the province," said Krishnakumar, known as Kittu, the northern leader of the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eclam.

The Liberation Tigers organization is the most powerful of four major guerrilla groups fighting the government. In May, its guerrillas killed the leader and more than 150 members of the rival Tamil Eelam Liberation Organization after accusing them of stealing from the

The Liberation Tigers control most of the Jaffna peninsula and have curbed the activities of other rebel organizations in the area.

Over the past six months, rebel

ago.

The Tamils, who generally are
Hindu and form 13 percent of Sri Lanka's population of 15 million, say that the government dominated hy the Buddhist Sinhalese majority discriminates against them in education, employment, language and land distribution.

More than 90 percent of the people living in Northern Province are Tamils. Many of them live and work in Jaffna, the provincial capi-

Tigers said that the rebels hope to begin running their own traffic systems in Jaffna beginning in January. They plan in issue licenses for vehicles, deploy their own traffic police and erect signposts:

We also hope to open the first commercial bank with our own currency soon to finance the economic needs of the community," a spokesman said

The Liberation Tigers collect about one million rupees (\$40,000) a month in taxes on goods including liquor, cigarettes and food. The rebel organization has set up 160 civil rural courts in the peninsula, mainly to settle land disputes. and rons military courts that try rebels who violate group discipline and other alleged offenders.

An offender who receives the maximum penalty, death by shoot-

conversations between a president

and his chief of staff could become the object of congressional scrnti-ny, the official added.

ments obtained in the Justice De-

partment's initial investigation of

the operation were turned over to

The possibility of granting im-

munity to some witoesses remains a

major question. A White House of-

ficial urged immunity as a device to

speedily resolve the crisis over the

Iran-contras operation. He said

who, be asserted, "like in keep

Congressional Democrats main-

tain that to grant immunity would be premaure, could tie the hands

onerate those who were most

things the way they are."

this workend.

ministration official said docu- the committee.

guerrilla group that backs the Lib-eration Tigers, runs a lottery to

raise funds. Another Tamil guerrilla organization, the Eelam People's Revolutionary Liberation Front, runs a postal service in the peninsula. Residents say that other rebel groups collect taxes from newspaper sales, demand denations and extert money from shops and businesses

The Sri Lankan government has not collected husiness or income taxes for more than a year. The Spokesmen for the Liberation chief civilian officer continues to work in the city, but residents say that he is ineffective.

The guerrillas mingle freely with residents in Jaffna. Shops close by 6 P.M., and the only signs of activi-ty after dark are rebels patrolling the streets on hicycles or in trucks.

■ 75 Die in Fighting

The state radio reported Monday that at least 75 people were killed in weekend battles between the Liberation Tigers and the Ee-lam People's Revolutionary Liberation Front in Sri Lanka's north and east, Reuters reported from

Residents said, however, that the the new U.S. Congress can vote death toll was 45 to 55, mostly protectionist legislation. They said the EC was prepared Liberation Front members. to accept a "pragmatic solution" that would compensate the United States for some market loss but Residents said at least 500 front recognizes that the EC had a right

members had surrendered to the Liberation Tigers. The Liberation ing, is ded to a lamppost carrying a Tigers also have captured 50 front

the needed procedures, including

The committee must give the at-

torney general, or a surrogate such

general may then request an addi-

The immunity process would

thus take two weeks or more, by

which time the current congression

that will be created when the 100th

A grant of immunity to a witness

means he or she cannot be charged

can show that no prosecution evi-

Congress convenes Jan. 6.

In a related development, an ad- an affirmative vote of two-thirds of

the Senate Intelligence Committee notice of 10 days. The attorney

of a special counsel and could ex- with a crime unless the prosecutor

To grant immunity, a congressio- given under immunity.

to impose restrictions on outsiders once a country joins the group. The EC's unbalanced budget for 1987 and a deadlock in efforts to achieve changes in agricultural subnal committee must submit a rethe ministers, whose council constiquest to a federal court, which orditutes the highest EC authority narily must grant the immunity if apart from head-of-government the committee has complied with

U.S. Curbs

Would Bring

BRUSSELS — The European Community warned Washington

on Monday that any restriction on

its exports because of a trade dis-

pute over U.S. grain exports to

Spain would bring retaliation that

could have damaging political and

economic consequences.

EC foreign ministers said in a statement that U.S. demands for

compensation, made at talks that

They also had backed the com-

Mr. De Clercq said the United

States estimated the Spanish mar-ket for corn and sorghum at four

million metric tons a year and de-

manded this should remain open to

ment of the deadline until Jan. 31

with a view to reaching a settle-

ment" on a "realistic and equitable

measures are introduced by the U.S.," the statement added, "the

EC will take equivalent action to

Mr. De Clercq said there would

be "no capitulation" to threats. The EC's response would match U.S.

measures and would be simulta-

neous with any U.S. action, be indi-

EC diplomats said the EC was

eager to settle the dispute before

"In the event that unilateral

for EC exporters.

prepared for it."

defend its interests."

mission's request for a postpone-ment of the year-end deadline on

were "unjustifiable."

Retaliation.

EC Warns

The diplomats said the problem of food surpluses was particularly worrisome, but there seemed to be little chance of significant changes in the short term.

PLO Accepts tional 20-day delay to gather evi-dence on which to base a prosecu-Truce Plan that "there is a lot of partisanship nal investigating committee would on the part of the Democrats," be superseded by the select com-For Lebanon be superseded by the select com-mittees of the House and Senate

United Press International BEIRUT — The Palestine Liber-ation Organization said Monday that it has agreed to an Iranian-

mediated plan to end fighting be-tween Palestinian guerrillas and Moslem militiamen in Beirut and southern Lebanon. Despite the PLO amouncement lighting flared between the Shirte Moslem Amal militia and Palestinians trapped in two Palestinian ref-

were happy with the flow of intelli-gence, and be encouraged more at-man was killed and 23 civilians tacks on economic targets, the were wounded, police and hospital sources said. in southern Lebanon, a com-States sent a fourth shipment of mander of el-Fatah, the mainstream PLO group loyal to Yasser

Arafat, said that the guerrillas had received no orders to withdraw from the disputed village of Maghdousheh, a requirement of the The plan is aimed at ending

fighting that has claimed more than 600 lives. The Iranian truce stipulates an

immediate cease-lire, an end to Amal's siege of three Palestinian refugee camps in Beirut and the south, and a Palestinian withdrawal from Maghdousheh. Amai apnounced a unilateral

ighting broke out in Beirut, Each side blamed the other for the esca-The peace plan provides for the

guerrillas to be replaced in Maghdoushelt by leftist and Moslem groups that did not participate in sponsibility for the marder Nov. 17 the fighting. The clause was rejectin Paris of Georges Besse, head of ed by Amal, which says its militiathe state-owned automobile giant men must return to the village. Palestinian guerrillas drove

that the threats ceased shortly after Schleicher, and two other members don, more than two weeks ago in a of the group was adjourned indefi- bid to pressure Amai to end its in Beiret, police sources said

Amal and guerrillas clashed with The government responded by artillery and rockets in and around introducing legislation that would the besieged Palestinian refugee

WORLD BRIEFS

Paris May Stop Embryo Experiments

PARIS (AP) — Health Minister Michele Barzach of France said Monday that she had approved recommendations for a three-year halt to genetic experiments on human embryos.

Mrs. Barzach, speaking to the National Consultative Committee on Ethics, said she had approved the panel's report on test-tube fertilization.

including the recommendations on experiments on embryos. The panel said test-tube fertilization was still an acceptable procreative technique," but only for heterosexual couples with sterility problems who have "a stable, real relationship." The president of the ethics committee, Jean Bernard, said a law

covering the recommendations should be enacted urgently. Meanwhile the recommendations are considered morally binding on French doctors.

Ethiopia's Scandinavia Envoy Resigns STOCKHOLM (AP) — Ambassador Taye Telahum of Ethiopia, a former air force chief and defense minister, resigned Monday and criticized the policies of his Soviet-backed country's Marxist leaders.

broke down here over the weekend. criticized the policies of his Soviet-backed country's Marxist leaders.

"I cannot in good conscience any longer continue to condone an I defend the policies of the government which had sent me here as its envoy," be said in announcing his resignation as Stockholm-based ambassador to the Nordic countries. Mr. Telahun said that "evidently I am not going back to my country." He was leaving Sweden, he said, but would not divulge where he intended to live.

Mr. Telahun, 54, was the latest of several Ethiopian officials to resign about this year. Foreign Minister Gosbu Woldu announced his resign. The EC's external affairs commissioner, Willy De Clerco, who headed the EC delegation at the talks, said the ministers had endorsed the tough stand of the Executive Commission to defend EC

abroad this year. Foreign Minister Goshu Woldu announced his resigna-tion in New York in October. Ethiopia's ambassador to France, Kebreth Getachew, resigned his post the previous month.

settling the dispute, which concerns the loss of a market for U.S. ex-2 Terrorists Lose Appeals in Italy ports of feed grains since Spain entered the EC this year.

ROME (Reuters) — The Su-preme Court of Appeal confirmed on Monday the prison sentences for two Arab guerrillas whose re-lease has been demanded by groups that thestened violence against that threatened violence aga Italian targets, court sources said. Josephine Abdo Sarkis, who is

The EC rejected the estimate as too high, setting the figure at 3.2 million tons and insisting that part serving a 15-year sentence, and Mohammed Abdullah Mansouri, of the market should be reserved who is serving 16 years, were con-victed last year of taking part in Because of the EC position, the terrorist activities by smuggling explosives into the country.

United States has threatened to impose restrictions on a range of EC The two are among about 20 Middle East citizens held in Italy "Our reply to any unilateral ac-tion," Mr. De Clercq said, "will be rapid and effective. We are well on terrorism charges whose release from custody has been sought by various Arah groups. Judicial sources said the Supreme Court-ruling exhausted legal procedures The ministers' statement invited the commission to seek a postponefor the two guerrillas.



Josephine Abdo Sarkis

Bokassa Trial Resumes in Bangui

BANGUL Central African Republic (Reuters) - The trial of Jean-Bedel Bokassa resumed here Monday as the country's former leader appeared in court to answer charges including murder, embezzlement

and cannibalism during his 13-year reign.

About 200 people, including two prime ministers who served under him, are to testify against Mr. Bokassa, who was overthrown in 1975 following widespread outrage over an incident in which at least 100 children allegedly were murdered. The trial is expected to last two weeks. Sixty people are expected to claim damages for the loss of relatives

tortured to death, court sources said. Defense lawyers say they will try to show that Mr. Bokassa had no direct role in the killings. He was arrested after returning here unexpectedly on Oct. 23 from exile in France, apparently believing he would be welcomed.

Gorbachev, Hart Discuss Arms Talks

MOSCOW (WP) - Mikhail S. Gorbacilev, the Soviet leader, met for three hours Monday with Senator Gary Hart, Democrat of Colorado, and stressed that arms control talks with any U.S. president must be based on positions reached at the Reykjavik meeting, according to the official press

Doug Wilson, a spokesman for Mr. Hart, said that the presidential hopeful had raise the issue of human rights cases, and that the talks in the results had focused on the results of the Reykjavik meeting

Mr. Hart quoted Mr. Gorbachev as saying that there was no need to wait two years before an arms control agreement can be reached, and said that the Soviet leader had added that there is an organt need for see

For the Record

An agreement on developing thermometear fusion energy was signed Monday in Brussels by European Community and American officials, an EC official said. The accord provides for exchanges of specialists and equipment and the execution of joint projects. (AP)

Belgian students called for a strike Tuesday at universities throughout

the country. Students in Brussels said Monday the demonstrations would protest the sharp rises earlier this year in registration fees and caus in student financial aid.

R. Foster Winans, a former Wall Street Journal reporter who profited by investing in stocks be was writing about, Monday won a hearing before the Supreme Court, probably next fall, in his bid to overturn his fraud conviction.

Correction

A caption on Saturday's front page relating to an art sale was incorrect. As the article inside made clear, the Frans Hals portrait of a woman was not sold in last week's auctions at Sotheby's in London.

HANOI: 6th Party Congress Begins

(Continued from Page 1) ed by the Vietnamese leaders' statements, and certainly not as comprehensive as some outside bservers have speculated. On reason is that the idealogues

in Hanoi's ruling cline seem unwilling to relinquish such cherished Marxist ideals as party control and central planning.

The resistance partly reflects a lingering hostility between North and South, with any move toward private enterprise likely to benefit entrepreneurs in what was formerly South Vietnam

"The only thing that can help their economy is to turn people lose to do their own thing," said a Western diplomat who recently visited Vietnam. "But they're not about to let a South Vietnamese open his own bicycle repair shop."
Politically, the congress is likely

cease-fire Sunday, but intense to strengthen the hand of party reformists, who mostly come from the South But the hard-liners, mostly proteges of Ho Chi Minh, will retain important positions, according to analysts.

Imminent leadership changes were presaged in a Dec. 13 editorial in the party newspaper Nhan Dan, which said that "the sixth national party congress will improve the process of successiveness and change the party leadership politically, ideologically and organiza-tionally." It did not elaborate.

Most analysis expect that Mr. Chinh will retain his post as party general secretary, although he was thought to be only an interim appointee following the death of Le Duan in July.

Among those expected to rise in firm evider power or rank are Mr. Kier, Vo Chi of cancer.

Cong, the vice prime minister; and Nguyen Van Linh, a central committee member. All are advocates of limited decentralization. Vo Nguyen Giap, who master-minded the victory at Dien Bien

Phu that led to France's withdrawal from Indochina and the U.S. intervention, is thought likely to gain a more prominent role.

Many analysts in Bangkok speculated that Prime Minister Phan Van Dong would voluntarily step aside because of poor health. But the experts also cautioned about

predictions on a closed society such as Vietnam's. Most analysts agreed that the congress was not likely to result its any immediate change in foreign policy, especially in Vietnam's relations with the Soviet Union or its

eight-year occupation of Cambo-In his speech, Mr. Chinh said that "now as before, we always consider strengthening solidarity and all-round cooperation with the Soviet Union, the cornerstone of our party and state's foreign po-

On Cambodia, he said that Vietnam remained ready to negotiate a settlement but was committed to

"climinating the genocidal, criminal Pol Pot clique." Since Vietnam constantly refers to the deposed regime of the Communist Khmer Rouge as the "Pol-Pot clique," some diplomats it. Bangkok wondered whether Hanoi would be more ready to negotiate a

withdrawal from Cambodia should

Pol Pot die The diplomats said that they had firm evidence that Pol Pot is dying

from leaving. More than 4,500 people, mostly Tamils, have been killed in ethnic sentries stationed about 325 yards violence since the rebels began REGAN: Aide Will Be Allowed to Testify **DIVERT:** some precedent" that confidential

SRI LANKA

Campaign Effort

(Continued from Page 1) kins of Florida and Jeremiah Denton of Alabama and Representative Ken Kramer of Colorado, who sought the seat being vacated by Senator Gary Hart. All three were contra supporters, and all three were defeated.

Mr. Goodman's agency produced the television commercials for Senators Hawkins and Denton. In the Colorado campaign, a spokesman for Representative Timothy E. Wirth, the Democrat who defeated Mr. Kramer, complained histerly about what he termed "vicious, distorted commercials" financed by a group called the American Conservative Trust. That is one of a pair of political action committees headed by Mr.

His other is called the Anti-Terrorism America Committee, Mr. Channell is also listed in federal records as head of a lohbying unit called Sentinel.

Sentinel sponsored hard-hitting television commercials against Representative Michael D. Barnes of Maryland, an outspoken oppo-nent of aid in the contras, during his unsuccessful hid for the Democratic senatorial nomination this year. Mr. Barnes said Sunday that he would ask for a congressional investigation of the possible use of profits from the arms sales against him and several other Democratic

representatives.
"If it's true," he said, "it would be an absolutely unhelievable ontrage, hut I obviously have no way of knowing if it's true."



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(Continued from Page I) unlikely to take action because, as someone familiar with the issue

(300 meters) from an old Dutch

fort in the district's main military

camp have prevented government soldiers stationed inside the fort

said. "We've run out of time." In deciding not to assert executive privilege in behalf of Mr. Regan or other current officials. White House officials have heeded pleas from Republican congressional leaders and others. The appeals have cited the president's pledge to "cooperate fully" with investigations into the sale of arms to Iran and the diversion of funds to the

Nicaraguan rebels, known as con-A White House official involved in the discussions said that "in the current environment, it is highly unlikely that the president would assert executive privilege." To do so might indicate that President Reason is not interested in getting out all the facts about the opera-

tion, the official said. The testimony of Mr. Regan or

other White House officials would guilty. nevertheless "establish a trouble-IRAQ: CIA Reportedly Provided Satellite Photographs

(Continued from Page 1) sought to be evenhanded by working with both sides." Sources said that as far back as 1984, when it was feared that Iran might overrun Iraq, the United States began supplying some intelligence assistance in Iraq. Iraq reportedly used the intelli-

gas on Iranian troops, to the distress of U.S. officials, who condemn ebemicai warfare. But the sources said the information from U.S. satellites was not supplied regularly until early last year. For the next 18 months the information was supplied through Washington channels as needed hy

gence to plan attacks with mustard

the Iraqis, particularly after an Iraqi bombing raid. The direct Washington-Baghdad link, established in August, was accomplished by way of a special intelligence unit in the U.S. Embassy in Baghdad, one source said. In mid-Angust, just after the di-

rect channel was installed. Iraq executed a surprise bombing raid against the Iranian oil terminal at



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Simi Island that Iran supposedly thought was safe from attack.
The direct link with Baghdad ap-

parently was set up shortly after the release of the Reverend Lawrence M. Jenco from Lebanon and the third shipment of U.S. arms to

Sources said that in early October, Mr. Casey requested a meeting with Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz of Iraq, who was at the United Nations in New York. A few days later, the sources said, Mr. Casey's request was granted and he met Mr. Aziz and Irag's ambassador to the United States, Nizar Hamdoon. Mr. Casey, who was aware of the Iraqis he wanted to make sure they open to Iraq, sources said.

were happy with the flow of intelli-Later in October, the United

arms to Iran, and on Nov. 2 another hostage, David P. Jacobsen, was released. The next day, a Lebanese magazine disclosed the first details of the secret U.S.-Iran initiative. After the disclosure of the U.S.-

Iran initiative, Mr. Hamdoon requested and received another meeting with Mr. Casey. Mr. Casey did not apologize for the Iran initiative but piedzed that the secret channel Iranian arms dealings, told the two for satellite data would remain

BOMB: Ex-French Minister Unhurt

(Continued from Page 1) why he would have been a target, Mr. Peyrefitte said: "I imagine that I am a symbol of a simple idea the idea that there can be no freedom without order in society."

He said that he had received au-

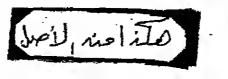
merous threats while serving as minister of justice from 1977 to 1981 under President Valery Giscard d'Estaing, Mr. Peyreline said he left the post. French politicians and trade union leaders unanimously de-

as a "hlind act of terrorism."

against such targets as Interpol and the Paris-based Organization for Economic Cooperation and Devel**coment** Direct Action also claimed re-

The murder trial of an alleged Amal militiamen from Maghdou-leader of Direct Action, Regis sheh, a Christian village near Simitely Dec. 8 after Mr. Schleicher siege of the refugee camps. threatened jurors with "the rigors

of proletarian justice." plored the assassination attempt against Mr. Peyrefitte, describing it Direct Action has carried out at- allow judges to serve as jurors in camps of Burj al-Brajneh and Chatacks over the past six months terrorism cases.



Carolina, who contended that the

council had "come to stand for

something fairly clear to the pub-

Mr. Neal added: "This group represents the mainstream of

American thinking - sensible,

pragmatic and moderate."

لذامنه لمنصل

U.S. Captive In Nicaragua Aided Indian Rebel Cause

- NEW YORK - Sam Hall an American whom Nicaragua has re-

ported arresting on suspicion of spying is a former Olympic medial-ist and an ardent anti-Communist who took up the cause of the Miskito Indians fighting the government of Nicaragna.

Mr. Hall, 49; has described himself in interviews as a self-em-

ployed military adviser and counterremorist teaching commando reactics to the Miskitos. In a radio interview last month

in St. Petersburg, Florida, he said he was an "anti-terrorist terrorist," said John Eastman, a talk show host. He refused to be classified as a mercenary," Mr. Eastman added.
Mr. Half claimed to have rebeived money from the Pentagon for his activities, but did not elaborate. Mr. Eastman said.

Mr. Hall served as a Democrat in the Ohio House of Representatives in 1964 and 1965. He said he quit politics because "it was too pho-

representative, Tony P. Hall, Dem-details. ecrat. of Ohio, and the son of a former Dayton mayor. Dave Hall him," said Al Lam, the public af supported President Ronald Rea-He word the silver medal in spring fairs officer at the embassy. "So far gan's policies. But he said he want-board diving in the 1960 Olympic it has not been granted. We have no ed to do nothing that would hurt Dames in Rome. "his brother's political career." He said in the radio interview

killed in a foreign country, the paramilitary organization Mr. Hall United States would have to disconce joined, compared him to avow his activities. Nicaragnan officials said on

Sunday that Mr. Hall was arrested Friday in a restricted area of the Punta Huete Air Base. They said he was carrying maps of Nicaraguan group, which was formed to aid the military sites in his shoe. A Foreign Ministry spokeswom-an. Angela Saballos, said that Mr.

Hall had said be was working for an organization that "specialized in intelligence and espionage on mili-tary objectives," and that he was working for "U.S. government in-

Nicaraguan officials, said he identified the group as the Phoenix An acquaintance said Mr. Hall

had formed a group by that name. A spokesman for the U.S. Embassy in Managna said Monday. that the colbassy had been in-

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Sam Hall, in a 1985 photo.

"He dresses like it; he wears a headband and everything," said Thomas V. Posey, director of the contras, or Nicaragnan rebels sup-ported by the United States, with

Phoenix Battalion, which Mr. Hall proposed 18 months ago to the Central Intelligence Agency and the Defense Department as a way

to help the contras.

As far as I know, he's the only member of it," Mr. Posey said, "He was trying to get a movie made of him and he is working on a book the Nicaragnan Embassy in Washand he was trying to put in wild ington, said that a passport confisaccusations. It was a one-may battalion for his book."

Mr. Hall is the brother of a U.S. formed of the arrest but had no Associated Press, Mr. Hall said he bad become a born-again Christian "We have asked for access to and a Republican who strongly

In Decatur, Alabama, the leader [He displayed a wound in his tast month that if he were ever of Civilian Materiel Assistance, a side that he said was connected with the activities of Civilian Mateonce joined, compared him to riel Assistance, but would provide "Rambo," the ultrapatriotic movie no details. He also said he once shot himself in the leg in 1974 while addicted to drugs.

A U.S. official in Washington said that it was unlikely Mr. Hall could have arrived at Punta Hnete Air Base by accident.

The United States has charged nonmilitary supplies. that runways at the isolated base Mr. Posey said that Mr. Hall was are being lengthened to accommothe self-described leader of the date Soviet military aircraft. that runways at the isolated base

Mr. Hall's brother, who voted in Congress earlier this year against continuing aid to the contras, said Sunday that he was "surprised and concerned" over reports of his brother's arrest.

A statement from the Interior Ministry in Managua, released by cated from the s visas for travel to Israel, South Af-[In a 1985 interview with The rica and El Salvador.

Centrist U.S. Democrats Project Mood of Confidence

By Robin Toner New York Times Service

WILLIAMSBURG, Virginia -The mood of the Democratic Leadership Council, a group of centrist Democrats who have held a twoday conference here, was ebullient from the start.

Many of its members came down from Washington on a special Am-trak train, fueled by wine and hors d'ocuvre and considerable speculation on the 1988 presidential cam-paign. As they rolled through the night, away from a capital dominated by a Republican controversy they voiced the confidence found in novements whose time has come.

They were cheered not just by the conviction that the Democrats are resurgent but also by the belief that their wing of the party would set the tone for this new Democrat-

"What we've tried to do is change the center of gravity in the party," said Alvin From, executive rector of the council, which was founded in 1985 by elected offi-cials, mostly from the South and the West. "I think this conference is proof that's happened."

In one car of the train was Senator Sam Nunn of Georgia, a founder of the council and the next chairman of the Armed Services Committee, who was trailed by reporters pressing him on his presi-dential ambitions. He is not leaning toward it, he said, but intends to

give it "serious thinking." A few cars down was Governor Bob Graham of Florida, still accepting congratulations on his recent Senate victory, and former Governor Charles S. Robb of Virginia, chairman of the council and another presidential possibility. There were numerous members of Congress aboard, including Representative Stephen L. Neal of North

Britain Appoints UN Envoy

LONDON - Britain named Sir Crispin Tickell on Monday as its new permanent representative to the United Nacons. He is to succeed Sir John Thomson, who is retiring. Sir Crispin has been the permanent secretary of state at the Overseas Development Adminis-tration since 1984.

asserted, the group has come a long way from its formation, when some Democrats considered it a shortlived regional reaction to the party's landslide presidential defeat in 1984. Its founders, such as Mr. Nunn, have grown in prominence since the council's inception, and many other Democrats were eager to get on board when the train left Union Station in Washington.

Mr. From outlined the speakers' ineup for the conference and then characterized it.

"That's not a white male caucus," he said, using one of the descriptions of the council favored by

One of the most closely watched parts of this conference was a discussion of social welfare policy by two black leaders: former Representative Barbara Jordan of Texas and Michael Lomax, chairman of the Fulton County Commission in

he became involved in the council because he viewed its "moderate approach" as a winning formula for the 1988 presidential election.

"It doesn't do any good to be knocking on the door from the outside," he said. The conference fell silent when Mrs. Jordan raised what she de-

tor." And she received a thunderous applause after she rhetorically asked Mr. Jackson: "Why don't you join us? Don't frighten everybody off. Don't be so volatile that people become airaid to associate

Mrs. Jordan did not support Mr. Jackson in 1984, and Mr. Lomax backed Senator Gary Hart in the primaries, although he voted for

Mr. Jackson at the convention. The conference was issue-oriented, with panel discussions on matters from conventional military ferces to international competitiveness. But throughout, there were from Maine. Or Arizona.

administration's Iranian arms dealings as well as constant talk of the 1988 presidential election.

Four founders of the council are now considered presidential possibilioes, and each was given a chance to shine. Mr. Robb gave the keynote address and Mr. Nunn spoke on military policy. Governor scribed as "the Jesse Jackson fac- Bruce Babbitt of Arizona spoke on trade and Representative Richard A. Gephardt of Missouri gave the closing address.

As theoretical as the discussions sometimes became, all that presidential ambition in one room kept matters down to Earth. For examplc, Hamilton Jordan described a need for a Democratic nominee who could play well in the South. Mr. Babbitt suggested that what was important was not geography.

but philosophy. If the philosophy were compatible, he suggested, a candidate could carry the South even if be came

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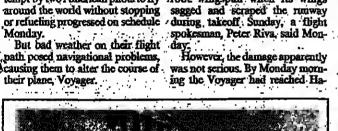


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Voyager Alters Path to Avoid Storm; Damage to Wing Was Not Serious The dissociated Press The spindly craft lost at least 2 waii, 2,850 miles (4,610 least 2)

But bad weather on their flight day. path posed navigational problems,





TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO CAMPAIGN - Members of the governing People's National Movement in Trinidad and Tobago hold their final rally before Monday's general election. The party of Prime Minister George Chambers has been in power since 1956 and faces its first serious challenge, from a four-party group.

The Associated Press
The spindily craft lost at least 2 waii, 2,850 miles (4,010 kilometers) MOJAVE, California.—The atfect (60 centimeters) off of its 111tempt by two American pilots to fly foot wingspan when its wings
Air Force Base in California, where
it took off.

The crew, Dick Rutan, 48, and Jeana Yesger, 34, are trying to become the first aviators to circle the Earth on one load of fuel. It is a journey of 27,000 miles that they expect will take 10 to 12 days.

Dr. George Jutila, the flight sur-geon, said Monday that the pilots appeared to be doing well in their cramped quarters.
The flight's meteorological direc-

tor, Len Snellman, said satellite pictures showed a considerable increase in bad weather ahead of Voyager.
"However, it's significantly scat-

tered and we expect to be able to

thread Voyager through the rela-tively mactive areas by having it fly north of a tropical storm that's currently 180 miles southeast of Guam," Mr. Snellman said.

The plane was flying below 7,000 feet in a strong tradewind belt with winds of 25 knots (28 miles per

hour) and was expected to pick up increasing tail winds, he said.

The original route dipped well into the Southern Hemisphere, crossing through the northern half

of Australia. However, bad weather forced the planners to pick a more northerly route, closer to the Equator.
The mission operations director,
Larry Caskey, said the plane was

maintaining an average ground-speed of 107 knots during its first day in flight "and higher speeds are now being realized with a more favorable wind."

Voyager was joined over Hawaii by a chase plane whose pilots visually inspected the craft and reported that it was functioning well de-

spite the takeoff damage.

After passing Hawaii, Mr. Rutan said on a television interview show by radio that the experimental craft "is in real good condition."

> It's relatively easy for a manufacturer to price his aircraft one million dollars less by compromising on certain areas to levels below the perfection of the Falcon 100. ... Like the structure. Airframe and wings

The competitors of the Falcon 100

are priced 1 million dollars less.

We leave it up

to them to explain the difference.

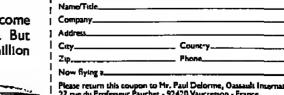
may be built at a lower cost and still be adequate for "normal" flying conditions. Yet, only the Falcons are built with the strength of a combat aircraft and have no life-limited structure. Even the oldest Falcon can fly through turbulence without slowing down.

... Like aerodynamics. You could build a jet cheaper by cutting corners on its aerodynamic design. In the case of the Falcon 100, the military experience of Dassault engineers provides tremendous results:

the Falcon 100 has the highest VMO and MMO speeds in its field. It has no match in short-field performance, and handling, at all ends of the flight envelope-high and low, fast or slow.

To build a jet with the demanding airline standards, and incorporate advanced features designed and proven on some of the world's best combat airplanes is specific to Dassault and Falcon 100.

Surely our competitors would welcome such a perfection for their airplanes. But then... it would cost them at least one million dollars more!



Please send me the Falcon 100 color brochure.

I would like a sales presentation.

for less than first-class quality.

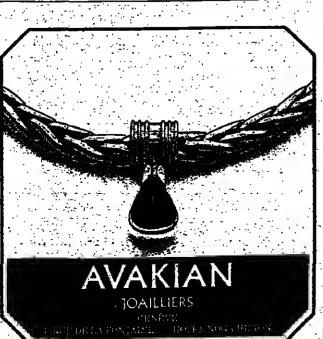
High performance corporations such as

IBM, Sony, Rank Xerox, Saab, cannot settle

Isn't that why they all fly Falcon 100.

Dassault International

Business takes off with Falcon.





Herald Eribune.

Blinded in South Africa

itself is a press purged of unwelcome news. A 24-page consorship proclamation goes further than requiring clearance for stories dealing with security or "subversive" statements. Also banned is any indication, such as blank spaces, showing busy scissors at work. That may please the government and its supporters, but for everybody else, no news is terrible news: the willful self-hlinding of a country stumbling on a precipice.

Certainly censorship will not stifle rebellion by a black majority clamoring for rudimentary rights. Instead it will give wings to rumor and credibility to exaggeration, and feed suspicions that Pretoria is hiding brutal use of emergency-rule nightsticks. The regime insists that the new rules are not intended in limit debate, except when the debate concerns the national emergency. How on earth is that emergency to be sensibly discussed by muffling what was once the freest press in Africa?

The demise of that tradition was recorded with perhaps excessive pessimism by The Johannesburg Star: "This is just possibly the last issue of any relatively free newspaper you will read in South Africa." The wetan, a daily published by blacks, called

The Pretoria regime's Christmas gift to the regulations the final nail in the coffin of press freedom. "Well, that's it," wrote The Pretoria News. "Today South Africa joins such sophist autocracies as Zambia. Mozambique, Tanzania, Paragusy, China and its arch foe, Soviet Russia."

Abroad censorship will not brighten headlines about South Africa or shrink the distance between it and the Western democracies among which it yearns to be counted. A year ago, Pretoria curbed television coverage of racial conflict, on the theory just reiterated by the chief censor that media coverage "lost" the Vietnam war. But even without those pictures, the U.S. Congress overrode a presidential veto, approving senctions against South Africa.

This time, censorship has internal purposes. It is intended to end black-organized boycons and hide from view such emberrassments as the anti-conscription campaign by South Africa's white youth. It is neant to convey the impression of a determined leadership stamping out internal "subversion" and moving against unruly neighbors. Instead of resolute, however, the rulers appear only intense. Nothing will better become this innovation than its end.

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Marchenko Is Heard

"When they have you by the throat your feelings of betpless protest may drive you to any extremes." So wrote Anatoli Marchenko, the Soviet dissident who died in prison on Dec. 8. Mr. Marchenko did not recommend hunger strikes but understood why people would undertake them.

He undertook his own on Aug. 4, to remind the world that the Soviet Union was ignoring the human rights provisions of the Helsinki accords. When he died in Chistopol prison after four months, the Russians said it was heart failure. His wife said he had asked ber to start sending food again.

Soviet authorities, perhaps with an eye to getting him out of the country, had been pressing her to apply for emigration to Israel for the couple and their son, Whatever Soviet motives and however he died, he understood the consequences of his acts. "The hunger strike may be over, but the life

He spent 20 of his 48 years in prison, labor camp or exile. The sentences all came down to his stubborn commitment to principle. He was a genuine Soviet hero - but, as even his supporters said, no simple martyr. Inviting harassment through defiance, he was not restrained by responsibility to family or commitment to work

Unlike most dissidents, be was not a member of the intelligentsia. His parents were illiterate laborers. He left school at 13. His first acrest was for brawling, in Siberia. He was quick to anger when things seemed wrong or dishonest. He wrote clearly and beautifully about what seemed right and true, and for that he was imprisoned.

Mr. Marchenko once wrote that words from prison are not heard. His words echo, forcefully and now poignantly. Does the Mikhail Gorbachev who talks of change and openness hear them?

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Enough in Argentina?

than 9,000 people vanished. For eight years, intil it collapsed in 1983, that regime ruled by murder and torture. Those who survived its prisons have testified to unspeakable brutalities. Now the present democratic government has to decide how far to carry the prosecutions of the people directly re-sponsible for the crimes of those years.

The demands of justice are still far from having been satisfied. To continue the slow and difficult work of criminal prosecution indefinitely would perpetuate the gulf between the country and a military establishment that is crippled by its fears of further exposure and retribution. And even if one pursued the prosecutions indefinitely, one would oot begin to get at those whose complicity was quiet, perhaps even passive, but essential nonetheless. Where, in other words, should the line be drawn?

That has been the subject of intensely painful argument within Argeotina almost since the day its democratically elected president, Raul Alfonsin, took over.

Mr. Alfonsin has now decided to send to Congress a bill that would set a date beyond which oo further charges could be filed. He does it knowing that it will allow many guilty people to escape punishment. Without that kind of a limit, he believes, the hostile divisions between the military and the rest of Argentina will grow deeper and more dangerous to the country.

government have performed an extraordinary feat in defense of citizens' rights, They brought nine of the former military rulers to trial last year; five were convicted, of whom two, including a former president of the country, were sentenced to life imprisonment. Earlier this month a second trial ended with the conviction of two former police chiefs of Buenes Aires Province and three of their subordinates for torture.

Up to now, President Alfonsin and his

These trials, in the view of President Alfonsia, have accomplished two crucial things. They have demonstrated that the new democracy is capable of reaching the people at the top of the previous regime and forcing them to answer for their crimes. Beyood that, like the Nuremberg trials in Germany after World War II, these trials have laid out the record of the junta with a wealth of evidence that places it beyond the reach of fascist revisionism.

Nevertheless, for the families and friends of those thousands of people murdered in barracks basements during the years of military rule, it will be a bitter disappointment that many people with blood on their hands will never be brought into court. We do not know how we would have decided this tormenting question. But we do think the Alfonsin government's successful prosecution of the generals, admirals and police chiefs has demonstrated its good faith.

-THE WASHINGTON POST.

A Cooperative Dictator

President Mohutu Sese Seko of Zaire got week, the sort be has grown used to in 20 years of official visits. President Ronald Reagan called him "a voice of good sense and good will." Secretary of State George Shultz excused himself early from a congressional hearing on the Iran scandal to meet with Mr. Mobutu. Others, like Representative John Con-

vers of Michigan, denounce Mr. Mobutu as a despot who heads an unpopular and corrupt regime. What sort of friend is Mr. Mohum, and why does America need friends like him? The question presents a real issue, not limited in Africa: How to help a long-standing ally without sending the wrong signals around the world about American values? It is an issue the adminis-

tration does not seem in understand.

One of Mr. Mobutu's virtues is continuity. For two crisis-ridden decades he has sided over a huge country bordering on nine others at the beart of Africa. Western companies have mined its cobalt, copper, industrial diamonds. When world prices plummeted, international financial institutions rushed in in guide him through mas-sive economic difficulties. Mr. Mobiuti did his part: "His great achievement," one State Department official says, "is being

able to keep the place together and keep it from disintegrating into chaos and civil war." He has also supported American stra-tegic objectives elsewhere in Africa.

Yet such reliability tells only part of the story. His people have slid into deepest poverty. Zairian per capita income is among the lowest in Africa; real wages are a tenth what they were in 1960. Half the children die before they reach the age of 5. Corruption is rampant. Harassment, imprisonment, torture and execution have taught most Zairians not to protest.

All the while, Mr. Mobutu has created a personality cult and lined his pockets. He is said to have skimmed billions to buy chateaus in Belgium, bomes in France, Italy, Switzerland, Senegal, the Ivory Coast — and support in Zaire. Yet there are few signs of sufficient discontent to overcome ribal divisions, geography or underdevel-oped communications and transportation.

The Reagan administration follows the policy of its predecessors, supporting a sta-ble and helpful ally in the region, however tyrannical. But that does not require lavishing affection on him when be comes to call. It is one thing to receive an ally in a businesslike, even friendly manner. It is another

matter entirely to fawn over a dictator. -THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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Can't They Even Allow Jazz?

umphs of life-haters today, of fun-haters today, of beauty-haters today, of thought-and-love-haters today, of the Forces of Satan, if you will the one that most troubles my beart is the inducement of some Czechostovak politicians and police to behave like cannibals toward the most humane and generous and

gifted members of their society. It now appears that these cruel mutants, bred in the filth of the Second World War and all the feculent slime that has come afterward, mean to punish with grim glee and severity the seven harmless and delightful members of the executive committee of the so-called Jazz Section, who were arrested in September and have been kept imprisoned ever since for God-knows-what.

Well not exactly for God-knows what, but, for all practical purposes, in any sane nation it would be for God-knows-what, to wit: Article 118 of the Czechoslovak Crimmal Code, which makes it a crime in engage in an unauthorized business enterprise. The intolerable business, the Jazz Section, established in 1971 and deemed legal by the Czechoslovak government back then and blessed by UNESCO, has had as its core purpose the celebra-tion of jazz and the encouragement

of native jazz musicians.

NEW YORK - Of all the tri- By Kurt Vonnegut Jr.

Jazz, that magnificent gift of the black people of the United States to the whole planet, in Czechoslovakia as everywhere comforted and amused not only musicians but life-lovers of every sort, who were welcomed by the Jazz Group as members of the family.

The names of the unarmed toetappers and finger-mappers untimely ripped from their homes by the worst of the police are Karel Srp, Josef Skalnik, Vladimir Kouril, Tomas Krivanek, Cestmir Hunak, Miles Drda and Vlastimil Drda. I met some of them and other members of their extended family a

couple of years ago, and so did John Updike a few months later. Let the court that is about to try and sentence them read the worst into what they had John and me do: Each of us had to plant a sapling and then to water it afterward. A policeman, or even the child

of a policeman, with its proud parents standing by, can easily cot down those saplings.

Messrs. Srp. Skalnik. Kouril.

Krivanek, Hunak and the two Drdas are rooted like the saplings in a tiny nation whose people, despite their small numbers, have created a major fraction of the Earth's

ture, painting music, poetry, the aler, imaginative prose and most recently, as emigres, motion pictures. If a flying-saucer person were to ask me what Earthlings considered to be their most habitable city,

Legal technicians who are curious as to what triggered these latest arrests of Czechoslovaks who can't seem to keep the hell away from the arts should apply to the Helsinki Watch in New York City for details. It is in the phone book.

ty, and there will surely be many more like it offered by Czechoslovalia and Chile and Poland and Turkey and on and on, to say that the two most potent spiritual forces in contention almost everywhere today have nothing in do with nations, political parties or economic philosophies. The opposing forces are these: those who enjoy childlike playfulness when they become adults, and those who don't.

Mr. Vannega, the novelist, is a board member of the Fund for Free Expression, the parent organization of Helsinki Watch. He contributed this comment to The New York Times.

architecturally speaking, I would reply without hesitation, "Come with me to Prague."

I myself will take this opportuni-

Come with me to Prague.

When It Exports Deceit, America Pays

LOS ANGELES - Whatever the outcome of the Iranian arms deal investigation, the incontestable fact emerging from the episode is that Americans had to push and prod to get at the truth. In all the agitation and excitement over the undercover transfer of funds to the contras, the most important issue may be the right of the people to be accurately informed by their government.

A strange notion has gained ground. It is the idea that the government has options with respect to truth. This view gained considerable favor in 1947, when Congress authorized the government to practice secret violence, deceit and subversion in the conduct of U.S. foreign policy. The terms of the act setting up the Central Intelligence Agency, however, specifically confined undercover

actions to foreign territory.

The justification for those actions was that Americans were living in a predatory, cloak-and-dagger world and that the only way to deal with a totalitarian enemy was by imitation. The trouble with that theory is that

while Americans do live in a world of plot and counterplot, it is also a world of cause and effect. Whatever the cause for the decision to legiti-mize deceit abroad, the inevitable effect is the practice of deceit at home.

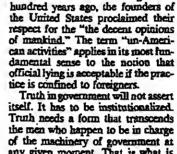
POLICY TO

By Norman Cousins Long before the Iran-contra epi-sode, the U.S. government was doing one thing and saying another. In 1959, for example, the United States was secretly involved in an attempted

coup against the government in Laos. The fatal defect in the 1947 act authorizing dirty tricks abroad has become clear. An integral part of dirty tricks is the cover-up. How does one compartmentalize the world so that the American people can be scaled off from cover-up explana-tions in order to comply with the legal requirement that they not be subjected to the deceit that accompanies undercover activities?

In 1971, President Nixoo and Pentagon officials declared that no military operations had been conducted against Cambodia. It was later established that more than 3,000 bombing operations had been carried out.

The danger in such dishonesty is not just the break with truth but the things done that had to be denied. If truth is to mean anything, it must be a total process, including policies and actions that require neither concealment nor later denials or apologies. An even more important opestion: Why is it all right to lie to foreigners?



Why the assumption that moral is-

sues cease at the water's edge? Two

itself. It has to be institutionalized. the men who happen to be in charge of the machinery of government at any given moment. That is what is meant by a government of laws rather than of men. This design has been slipping away. Americans have permitted exceptions from principle in the operation of society, exceptions that should not be allowed: It has been made possible for governmen officials to become bigger than the laws they have sworn to uphold.

The problem is not resolved by changing the men in power, It can be met only by restoring and bolstering the basic principles of the society. It would be interesting to see how the Supreme Court would view the constitutionality of any government agency that can spend large sums without public accounting, or make vital decisions that affect foreign policy without constitutional sanction, or engage in subversion abroad.

It will be said that America's style in the international arena is dictated by others; that there is no choice but to play the game the way others play it. Yet it is precisely because America has to take the world as it is that it becomes necessary to rise above the America cannot expect to succeed

game if it wishes to make its mark. in the world political arena by being more volatile than anyone else in the game of combustible anarchy. It will succeed only if it represents a rallying center for a less risky and more sensible future for all people. American. energies will have a far greater effect if applied to the possibilities for hu-man progress rather than to shadowy

balance-of-power strategies.
The challenge before the American people is to create an environment in which truth can live a less unnatural and precarious existence, and in which the right to know does not depend on special dispensations.

The writer, former editor of the Saturday Review and now on the faculty of the University of California School of Medicine, carried our special missions abroad for Presidents Eisenhawer and Kennedy. He contributed this comment to the Los Angeles Times.

Why the United States Denies Visas

W ASHINGTON — Several in-dividuals have complained to the media in recent months that the United States government denied them visas on "ideological grounds." This is untrue. Those de-nied visas may coincidentally espouse positions that are unpopular in the United States, but that is not the reason they are refused entry. Something else is going on.

There are three grounds on which the government denies visas that are mistakenly labeled by critics as "ideological." The legal basis for rejection is contained in sections 27, 28 and 29 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. One is where there is an obvious security concern, such as espionage or terror-ism. The second is when the govern-ment feels that an alien's visit would have a potentially serious adverse effect upon the conduct of foreign relations. The third is an alien's personal advocacy of violence to achieve political ends.

Most of the 33 statutory grounds for indigibility have been routinely waived since the 1960s. This has included, since the 1970s, routine waivers for those denied entry solely because of membership in a Communist or Communist-affiliat ed organization. The law was interpreted more narrowly in the 1950s and 1960s. The idea that such a applicants each year in this categorestrictive climate still exists is a ry, about half are denied because applicants for their abstract politimyth kept alive by those who believe that there should be no barri-

By Jerome C. Ogden The writer is U.S. deputy assistant secretary of state for visa services.

taken on a life of their own in visa folklore. Graham Greene, Yves Montand, Carlos Fuentes and Alberto Moravia all regularly receive visas, but their names keep appearing in newspaper articles that deal with visa denials. Part of the confusion arises from the fact that applicants are often told they are ineligihie under a specific section of the law and then are granted waivers. To state that these individuals have been "refused" or "denied" visas when they are routinely issued visas for their many visits to the United States is misleading. Exclusion of individuals under

eration. One recent account suggested that 823 people were denied visas under these provisions in 1985. In fact, less than 10 percent of that number were denied visas. Most aliens who our statistics

show are ineligible under Section 28 (C) - membership in a Communist or Communist-affiliated organization - are denied entry because of ineligibility under some other section of the law, Of the 800 or so visa tee this won't happen again. consular officers believe they are cal beliefs but because of their pernot bona fide visitors but should be sonal advocacy of violence as a applying for an immigrant visa. means to achieve political ends. ers whatsoever against entry.

Several celebrated cases have

And many simply do not follow

through after filling out an applica-tion. This leaves only a small number remaining who are found ineli-gible because of links to terrorism. A recent case involved Patricia Lara. Her visa was revoked because we believe she has links to the Cuban intelligence service and an ac-tive membership and responsible positions in M-19, the terrorist organization responsible for the No-vember 1985 attack on the Ministry of Justice in Bogota in which nearly 100 people were killed, including II reme Court justices.

Similarly, Gerry Adams, although a member of the British Parliament, is also the president of Sinn Fein, the political arm of the Irish Republican Army, which is engaged in the violent civil war in Northern Ireland. He has been de-Sections 27, 28 and 29 happens aied visas on several occasions be-rarely and only after serious delib-

Often we are not able to divulge the sources of our evidence of an alien's link to terrorist activities. In the case of Ruben Zamora, he publicly stated, as spokesman for the Revolutionary Democratic Front, that the group took "full responsi-bility" for the murder of Albert Schauselberger, a U.S. military officer in the embassy in San Salvador. He also warned, "We can't guaran-

We did not deny vises to these The New York Times.

First Nixon, Now Reagan, But Two Different 'Gates',

By Tom Wicker

unlike Richard Nixon a decade ago, wants all the facts disclosed. That remains in be seen, but the two scan-

dals are different all right.

During Mr. Nixon's 25 years in public life he had acquired a backlog of personal bostility best exemplified in the nickname that Helen Gahagan Douglas pinned on him in 1950: Tricky Dick Until the disclosure of his Iran dealings, Mr. Reagan was the beneficiary of affection unmatched in modern presidential history.

Former popularity will not save

Mr. Reagan from the consequences of his actions, any more than animosity caused Mr. Nixon's downfall. But at some point in the investigations of Mr. Reagan's administration, a more generous public and press attitude toward him could make a difference. If it could have been shown that Mr. Nixon really did not know about misdeeds by his subordinates mostly in domestic political matters
he might well have avoided resignation. Perhaps, to use the cliche most favored by wishful thinkers

then and now, he actually could have put the scandal "behind him" and completed a useful second term. That is indeed "absolutely in total contrast" to corrent events. If Mr. Reagan is proved not to have known what his own National Security Council staff was doing, he will be no better off than if it turns out that he

masterminded the whole scheme. After all, there might be something, although not much, to be said for a president who at political risk wrongheadedly ordered an action that be was convinced served the national interest. But there is nothing to be said for a president so mattentive to duty that middle-rank navy and marine officers on his staff were able to embark unimpeded on a course almost certain to undermine U.S. foreign policy in some of its most impor-tant concerns: relations in the Middle East, opposition to terrorism, hemispheric security, allied unity. Presidents are elected to watch such matters, not to nap after hinch. If disastrons abroad, the scheme

that Mr. Reagan either did or did not

NEW YORK — Secretary of know about was catastrophic at home. Pat Buchanan is pipe dream-ing when he says that Republicans was "absolutely in total contrast with Watergate" because Ronald Reagan, support. Apart from the usual well advised course of those on a sinking ship, what loyalty should Republi-cans extend to a leader so obtuse that he allows, through policy or igno-rance, his administration and party to be associated with aid to terrorists and arms to Ayatollah Khomeini?

The most important difference between Watergate and Reagangate, ironically, is that Mr. Reagan proba-bly will not be impeached or forced to resign — although the offenses resulting from his policy, or from his somnoience on the job, are more serious than any charge the House Judiciary Committee approved against Mr. Nixon. The reason is not that Mr. Reagan is better liked, although that is not unimportant; or that a Demo-cratic Congress will hardly make George Bush an incumbent president in time for the 1988 campaign.

Rather, in Mr. Reagan's case, na-tional security really is involved. The money pipeline from Iran through Switzerland to the Nicaraguan contras was established by Mr. Reagan, or by others in his name, acting under color of the president's high responsi-bility for national security and his great latitude as commander in chief of the armed forces and primary architect of foreign policy.

Never mind that the policy was misconceived, and that it backfired and collapsed, or that certain laws may have been hroken. If precedent is a guide, Congress will consider the scheme to have been undertaken within the obscure limits of a president's national security powers. It neither can nor wants to define these powers too precisely, much less punish an incumbent for stretching them.

For much the same reason, no mapeachment charge was made against Mr. Nixon for the secret bombing of Cambodia. No one moved to impeach Mr. Reagan for the senseless security policy that resulted in some 250 dead American servicemen in Lebanon. It is no more likely that a serious impeachment move will result even from his dealings with the aya-tollah — no matter what Mr. Reagan knew or when he knew it.

The New York Times.

Watergate Gave Secrecy a Bad Name

GREAT secrecy was necessary, Winston Churchill told a cheering Parliament as he revealed the first Nazi surrender at the close of World War II, capitulation in Italy following months of top-secret talks between German commanders and the Office of Strategic Services "apy master," Allen Dulles. It was a milestone in the annals of U.S. intelligence, marking the start of

that crypto-diplomacy twilight zone where secret agents often supplant ambassadors, William J. Casey was there, one of the best and brightest of the OSS executives. Now he is the latest of Mr. Dulles's successors as head of the CIA, an alumnus of the "loose lips sink ships" school of intelligence. He must find it buffling that the current brouhaha has reached crisis proportions. Thoughtful men of both parties in four administrations have closed their

eyes to the underlying reality: that the democratic foundations for the CIA's secret war" - a once unammous respect for a cult of secrecy during the Cold War - were knocked away by Watergate and never rebuilt.

- Richard Harris Smith, author of "The OSS" and of a forthcoming biography of Allen Dulles, writing in the Los Angeles Times.

Blind Loyalty Isn't What Reagan Needs

P ASSION, particularly of the political variety, can harm the sober judgment of even the best-intentioned individuals. In an opinion column (IHT, Dec. 11), my friend and former White House colleague Pat Buchanan succumbed to a moment of political passion. While no doubt motivated by the anguish that all Republicans feel over the spate of revelations regarding Iran and by the respect we share for the president, Pat's call for the party faithful to take up asms is not the way to serve or defend Ronald Reagan. Turning this into a question of partisanship will only further damage America's foreign policy, the presidency and the people's precarious faith in government. — Ed Rollins, a former assistant to the president for political affairs and manager of Mr. Reagan's 1984 campaign, in The Washington Post.

Hubris Keeps Spoiling Second Terms

AR from being a fluke, the Reagan administration's secret Iranian arms deal has reconfirmed an unfortunate and continuing dimension of U.S. politics: the tendency for American presidents re-elected by landslide majorties to undercut their second terms with displays of hubris. And these

indulgences are often important political turning points.

The precedents are memorable: Franklin Roosevett after 1936, trying to pack the U.S. Supreme Court and failing; Lyndon Johnson after 1964, over-committing the United States in Victnam; Richard Nixon after 1972, covering committing the United States in Victnam; Richard Nixon after 1972, covering up Watergate. Now Ronald Reagan's second term seems equally at risk.

The so-called Reagan revolution, already in trouble since November's election reverses, may now be going the way of the New Deal in 1938 and the Great Society in 1967. Let the scandal continue to unfold, and the administration's ability to manage domestic and international economic policy may weaken as the Nixon regime's did during the 1973-74 Watergate period. Prospects for a Democratic presidential victory in 1988 may well surge. Kerin Phillips, publisher of the American Political Report, writing in the Los Angeles Times.

Washington Spins Into Scandal Fission

OR Congress and the media, "Irangate" is the sort of opportunity that dreams of national standom are made of. Washington scandalmania shares some of the dynamics of nuclear fission. Once a story develops a "critical mass," a chain reaction begins. The one story crowds out all other news, and because it so dominates the news, the reader assumes that it must be transcendentally important. Pressure escalates for even more intense coverness. All sense of proportion supportants as Washington miles are factor in a age. All sense of proportion evaporates as Washington spins ever faster in a victous circle. In this game, suspicions are almost as good as the real thing.

— Syndicated columnist Raymond Price.

IN OUR PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1911: Hanged on Stage 1936: From the Mailbag NEW YORK - The sheriff of Jackson, Georgia, caused the Rev. Wilson, Georgia, caused the Rev. William Turner, a negro minister, recently found guilty of murder, to be hanged [on Dec. 14] in an opera house. A select audience had been invited to altend, including relatives of Jesse Singley, the murdered man, a planter. It was intended to hand, a planter. It was intended to have the execution in the prison yard, but the sheriff says he changed the execution to the opera house because a storm would have inconvenienced the sightseers. The gallows having been erected on the stage. Turner was asked if he had anything to say. He confessed he was guilty and added: "Tell the men of my race from me, Mr. Sheriff. that they had better do what the white men tell them and keep away from whiskey, that's all." The drop

fell and the andience quickly left

PARIS - [A reader writes:] "It wasn't until I became a student at the Sorbonne that I realized what a superficial education most students get in America. I would not have American institutions adopt the French system of all work and no football games, but perhaps a little sports deemphasis would be in order." [Another reader says:] "This letter is addressed especially to the person who inquired what Doukhobers are in the Mailbag column several days ago. Doukhobors are people in Western Canada who, if they don't like somebody, like the government, take off all their clothes and won't put them on again, so you see they are left standing in the nude. Doukhobors have been known to strike against different things like, say, education.

They always win their strikes."

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BAND SE CHENTER TO WERENT OF SERVER

OPINION

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Another Eminent Victim Of Botha's Rule by Force

By Anthony Lewis

important part in it. Character, intellect and history make him someone who can help the center hold if and when Pretoria moves toward norracial democracy.

He is a newspaper editor, 36 years old. He was a Nieman Fellow at Harvard two years ago, and his understanding and presence made a deep impression on those who came to know him there, including me. He has lately led opposition to Pretoria's system of separate and megual schools. He is the son of a great figure in the anti-apartheid movement, Walter Sisulu, who has been imprisoned with Nelson Mandela for 20 years.

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Zwelakhe Sisulu was taken into detention last week, picked up at 3:30 in the morning at his home in Soweto and taken to an unidentified prison. It was the day after the government imposed on the press, domestic and foreign, an extraordinarily harsh consorship system. Estimates are that several thousand

were arrested in the first few days of the. new clampdown: to be held indefinitely, without charges, without trial, without access to a lawyer. But the detention of Zwelakhe Sisulu was a particular symbol of the policy on which Pieter W.

Botha and his government are now set. Governing by force: That is the policy. Mr. Botha has stopped talking about "reforms" in the system of institutionalized racism. He has vetoed proposals to relax the segregation laws. He has crushed any thought of negotiating about political rights for the black majority of South Africans.

The policy of all-out repression re-quires that all significant figures in the black community be pictured as danger-ous, violent revolutionaries. For if they were admitted to be reasonable people,

The Portcullis Falls

ROM Hanoi to Havana, from Moscow to Santiago, the portcullis has fallen to stille the cries of those op-pressed by totalitarian regimes. In Africa, the erosion of democratic freedoms has gnawed away like rust at the ideals upon which the independent black tates were founded, and last week the white government of South Africa joined in imposing new and rigorous

controls on freedom of the press.

They will prevent journalists from reporting not only acts of violence but also peaceful protests. [And] they seek to destroy extra-parliamentary groups, like the Black Sash and the United Democratic Front, that have provided one of the main channels through which news

of South Africa has been disseminated. - From The Observer (London).

N EW YORK — If there is a rational future for South Africa, and there should be Zwelakhe Sisuln will play an evidently be right to reason with them treated as human beings, then it would evidently be right to reason with them instead of arresting them.
So these Zwelakhe Sisulus are bound to be swept into prison, joining more than 10,000 others already there: educa-

tors, union officials, priests, just about anyone who represents a modest chal-lenge to the system. And it has been made a crime, "subversion," to criticize those who carry out the detentions. The logic of the policy required the silencing of the press. In the absence of any other way to express political grievances, with the vote denied and meetings prohibit-ed, the press could at least make people aware of each other's feelings. Now grievances must be totally repressed.

As is usual in such situations, the press has its craven elements. The managing director of the Argus chain, Peter McLean, said, "we accept that there is a revolutionary attack against this country and that it is of paramount impor-tance that we do not, however un-wittingly, give support and encourage-ment to those seeking to effect change

by revolutionary means."

There are brave editors, reporters and photographers in South Africa. They understand that the pressure for change comes from the cruelty of the system, not from some "revolutionary attack."
That is why they have been silenced.
There is a terrible inevitability about

all that is happening in South Africa. It was clear last spring that the Botha government had turned away from the path of negotiation. In June, the Common-wealth mission, which had hoped otherwise, said, "The government believes that it can contain the situation indefinitely by the use of force." '

It was predictable that there would be more arrests, more killings, more repression. But the actual developments, as

they occur, are sickening.
A dean of the Evangelical Lutheran
Church, the Reverend Simon Parisani, has been detained in the so-called homeland of Venda. He was tortured almost to death during previous detentions.

The Botha government, answering charges that hundreds of children were in detention, said the other day that it was holding only 256. Among them were one 11-year-old and six aged 12.

The South African military raided neighboring Swaziland, kidnapped two Swiss nationals and detained them for two days. They also seized a Swazi man - by mistake, as they indicated when they released him on the border the next day. Part of the "mistake" cannot be undone, because they killed his son. So it goes. So it will go until government by violence gives way to government by reason in South Africa.

The New York Times.



Don't Bomb It if People Can't Locate It

TOS ANGELES - After every elec-L tion, naysayers emerge, warning that the public-initiative process poses dangers to America's constitutional form of government. This is a misper-ception. California initiatives add a wonderful dose of serendipity to policy making. Reasoned analysis has created scores of problems, so what is the harm in trying a little irrationality?

Obviously the rest of the United States agrees. California propositions

MEANWHILE

have caught on across the nation almost as fast as the wine cooler.

The trend has only one failing: Americans have never tried applying the initiative process to their country's most

As a first step toward bringing foreign policy under popular rule, Proposition XXX is hereby proposed: The govern-ment shall he prohibited benceforth from invading or bombing any nation unless a majority of adult Americans can identify said nation on a map."

The idea for Proposition XXX was born about a year ago, when the Gallup organization reported on a survey of the public's knowledge of international ge-ography. The findings were conclusive: Americans are geographically illiterate. In other words, most Americans could

By Neal Richman

not distinguish between Iran and Iraq on a map unless they had personally supervised arms shipments there. Admit it. When you first heard that

the United States was invading Grenada, you wondered what the Spanish government had done wrong.
A recent University of Maryland study of students preparing to be teachers confirmed the depth of the problem.

Of the prospective elementary school

teachers, 71 percent could not locate

France on a map; of the prospective high school social-studies teachers, 46 percent could not find Vietnam. The logic behind Proposition XXX is simple. If America is going to blast a country to kingdom come, Americans should at least know where it is. As a corollary: Can a nation he a threat to U.S. security if Americans cannot locate it? This initiative promises to bring de-mocracy back into U.S. foreign policy.

But the practical importance of Proposition XXX cannot be overemphasized. When so many international interventions are being conducted by the private initiative of Americans like Eugene Hasenfus, the need is critical for universal geographic literacy. A slight miscon-ception of the map, and Mr. Hasenfus might have been delivering military supplies to insurgents in El Salvador rather than Nicaragua. A sobering thought. There would be benefits to the elec-

toral process as well. Voters tired of the sam e old arguments about taxes and the death penalty would be energized by discussions of something objective, like the exact location of Burkina Faso.

Predictably, a few extremists have been arguing that Proposition XXX does not go far enough. They are lobbying for an amendment stating that before any U.S. military intervention, the maj brity of adult Americans should also be able to spell the name of the targeted country. But such a requirement would harriper the ability of the United States to protect itself. Just because most Americans could never learn how to spell Mauritius does not mean that it' should never be bombed.

Mr. Richman, o writer in Los Angeles, convributed this to the Los Angeles Times.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor" and contain the writer's signature, name and full address. Letters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of unsolicited manuscripts.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Guns, Goons and Gold

DANZIGER

observation on Local Affairs Minister taking its mevitable place among the Aquilino Pimentel (in "Aquino Aides Relate Enrile's 'Checkmate,' "Nov. 25). To STEPHEN G. TRIPOLI. call the appointment of local government officials "the biggest single politi-cal disaster" of President Corazon Aquino's nine-month-old government is a narrow-minded observation.

Mr. Pimentel was instrumental in dismantling the tentacles and cruel claws of the Marcos dictatorship, which consisted of 98 percent of mayors and gover-nors, with all the guns, goons and gold you can think of. If Ferdinand Marcos had decided to return a few months after the revolution, with his armed mayors and governors still in office, that could have been the real disaster.

For a foreigner it is hard to under-stand Mr. Pimentel's appointments, but from our point of view it was the single greatest victory of the Filipino people. RAFAEL V. ABROGAR. Tagoloan, Philippines,

Now It's Pretoria's Turn

We watched Somoza do it. We watched Duvalier do it. We watched Marcos and others do it. As I follow South Africa in my daily newspaper, the question is: What is the world, especially the West (and notably Switzerland), do-

ing now in assure that the white South African leadership does not systemati-I disagree with Keith B. Richburg's cally plunder its country's wealth before

STEPHEN G. TRIPOLI.

Worse Than the Iran Affair

The reports in your issues of Nov. 22 and Dec. 5 on the defects of the B-1B homber reveal a bigger threat to U.S. and the games in Central America.

To spend \$28.5 billion on a plane which cannot fly above 20,000 feet (6,000 meters), whose fuel tanks leak, whose defensive electronics do not work, whose terrain-following radar has problems and whose missile-launching system is defective is a scandal and demonstrates incompetence far worse than the famous procurement of \$900 coffee-

pots and \$2,400 toilet seats.

President Carter canceled this lemon, but the Reagan administration revived it. Who is going to take the responsibility for this fiasco and resign: the head of air force procurement, the air force chief of staff, the secretary of defense? The money could have bought a lot of conventional admament in make up for all the missiles that we want to scrap.

CLIFFORD BERNETT. Versoix, Switzerland.

Wearing Out the Role

Sean Connery and Roger Moore each not been fined. It is a tribute to Italy's gave up playing James Bond after making six movies. Should not Ronald Ream they did not to try to ban the film. gan also gracefully relinquish his big role after six years?

EMILY MARTIN.

One Up on the Greeks

Most ancient Greek dramatists did not dare use as material the well-known news of the day, or even recent history, as Loren Jenkins intimates in "Film Reopens Italy's Wounds About Moro's Ordeal and Death" (Nov. 26).

Mr. Jenkins might well have drawn a parallel between ancient Greek drama and the Italian reaction to the Moro film by pointing out that the one ancient Greek dramatist whose play did deal with a recent historical event was punisbed for it. Phrynichus's "Capture of Miletus" was about the Persian takeover of the Greek city of Miletus in Asia Minor. The play was performed only a few years after the loss of the city in 494 B.C., and Athens was so upset that the playwright was fined. After this, tragedians stuck to rewriting myth, and the ancient hismry of Homer.

In this way the bad feelings created by the Moro film are indeed nothing new in the history of drama. How the case differs from the ancient one is that the film's director. Giuseppe Ferrara, has

PETER McCABE

Just Take the Beating

Dennis Conner, skipper of Stars & Stripes, with his customary good sportsmanship, suggests to the press that New Zealand built its boat in fiberglass, rather than in aluminum, in order to cheat on the measurements. As evidence, Tom Blackaller, skipper of USA, said that his engineers told him that a faster boat could not be built in fiberglass. (Ameri-

ca's Cup report, Dec. 9.)
Apart from the gratuitous insult to three prestigious international racing architects and to the measurers of the International Yacht Racing Union, it would seem that fiberglass was quicker and cheaper (two boats for the price of one). That would be sufficient justificanon for a small country which was sbort on both money and time,

Did the engineers also say the last time that the Australians could not build a faster boat? As a fellow American, wish Mr. Conner, for one, would just shut up and take his beating.

RICHARD H. MOORE

Before and After Conquest

William Safire (Language, Nov. 10r says that the word concubine has "never made it in the Occident." But concubin is the French legal term for that nameless "other." Concubinage is the state of living together out of wedlock.

Perhaps the U.S. Census Bureau was not so far from the mark with cohabitee, clearly a relative of the French cohabitation. But then one would be terribly tempted to call President Reagan's newfound state of "cohabitation" with the Democrats in the Senate and in the House something unmentionable.

NICOLAS P. CARON.

Other meant "second" before the Norman conquest. So when psychia-trists say "significant other," the word significant doesn't mean much, Concubing never made it in the Occi-

dent? France is a Western country. GAULTIER O'DINEY.

Hyeres, France,

For a suitable term for a person one lives with, we suggest a direct translation of the word commonly used in Sweden: sambo (a shortening of samboende, "living together"). In English: cohab. JANE LOETTLER

and ANDERS WESTBERG. Umca, Sweden.

General News

Philippines Tightens Grip On Military

By Seth Mydans

MANILA - Recent threats of a coup by military officers have widened latent divisions within the armed forces, but these are being healed by a slow tightening of disci-pline, according to Defense Minis-ter Rafael M. Ileto.

In an interview Friday, Mr. Ileto said he and General Fidel V. Ramos, the chief of staff, were working to bring dissident groups under control and withdraw the military from the political posture it has

"After 10 or 15 years with Marcos, having the power to rule this country under martial law, maybe the military got used to dictating to the public," Mr. Ileto said. "We are no longer in that game. We are back to democracy, and I think we should realize that"

He said the task of de-politicizing the military was complicated by the divisions that came to a head last month when a group of officers loyal to his predecessor, Juan Pou-ce Enrile, came three times to the brink of armed action.

"Even in Marcos's time there were divisions in the armed forces," he said, referring to what he said was the distortion of the military by the former president, Perdinand E. Marcos into a mercinal Marcos, into a personal army. "I said then that those cracks

would come wide open in a crisis, and they did," Mr. Ileto said. The task now, he said, is to persuade officers that "hanging around and talking about politics and talking about national policy. that's not our business.".

"Our business is to see that when we are called upon to defend this country we are prepared," be said. Mr. Ileto said the military must work to improve its attitude toward the citizens, particularly following the new cease-fire with the Communist rebels.

To this end, he said, soldiers would engage in public-works pro-

monist rebels. "Some people, even some highranking officers, think that just be-cause they are given a rifle they can tell anybody to do what they want, otherwise they'll use that rille," he said. "That's the wrong attitude."

Three days after it took effect, the 60-day cease-fire was the center of a debate over the right of the rebels to carry arms into popula-

Mr. lleto said both sides would use the breather as a time to regroup and retrain and to carry ont propaganda activities.

Speaking of the armed forces, he said: "I explain to them to ride along threatened armed action, he said: "Our main approach is to-with this and take a good look," he with this and take a good look," he said: "There are so many ways of solving a problem. You can use the drastic will I gain out of it?"



Philippine Cease-Fire Reportedly Broken

Washingson Post Service the armed forces and the Com-MANILA — Military officials munist New People's Army. iccused Communist rebels of at-acking a government patrol shortly after dawn Monday in the footbills of the central island

later ordered a national commission monitoring the cease-fire to to mediate the dispute over investigate the incident, which whether the guerrillas will be al-was the first major violation re-lowed to carry their weapons in ported in the 60-day truce that towns and villages.

appear to have jeopardized the in arrest former President Ferdituce, but it has deepened disnand E. Marcos if he attempted trust already existing between to return to the Philippines for

Military officials have accused the rebels of violating the spirit of the agreement by brandishing firearms in towns and villages. The national cease-fire monitorof Panay.

President Corazon C. Aquino ing committee is to meet Tuesing committee is to meet Tuesing committee in an attempt day in the capital in an attempt

In another development Mon-The alleged violation does not day, the government threatened

the funeral of his youngest sister. The announcement was made following an emergency cabinet meeting to discuss reports that Mr. Marcos was planning to return to the country. The emergency cabinet session

was called a day after Mr. Marcos sent an emotional taped holiday message to his followers. In the tape, played on a local radio station, Mr. Marcos said he hoped to return to the Philippines by Christmas. Government and Communist

rebel officials appeared to play

down Monday's reported viola-

tion of the cease-fire.

Everyone knows that the military is go. So instead of just saying "We do not really that close to the people." it this way,' which we have always he said the cease-fire "should been doing before, and bave not give us time to improve our image in the eyes of the public and make us a little useful to them and get to know and be a part of the masses as

jects like building schoolhouses, digging ditches and helping their engineering units.

During the cease-fire, he said. "one important item is reindoctrination of the soldiers, their attitude a unified, disciplined and nonpolittoward service, their discipline, their cooperation with the people." "The NPA does this," he said,

referring to the Communist New People's Army, which has grown in 17 years to a force of more than 16.000.

bere, another group, another group,

Mr. Ileto acknowledged that many military officers strongly opposed the cease-fire.

succeeded, really, we can try anoth-

er approach and see how it goes."
As for propaganda gains by the
Communists, who are making the rounds of television talk shows and having cocktails with newspaper editors, he said: "It may be that in this kind of talk and talk they expose themselves. They have to admit they are Communists, and Fili-pinos don't like Communists."

ical force, Mr. lleto said, he and General Ramos were using a policy of a gradual tightening of control. "Maybe you see a small group

Speaking of General Ramos's handling of the men who had

way, and then you can use a softer

"Maybe be is moving slowly, but you can see the tightening now, slowly tightening the grip, and changing the way of doing things in the military," he said. "If you do it too abruptly you are probably looking for trouble."

that his program to move the military out of politics also suited his personal style. He said he felt uncomfortable in the political forums that were the

haunt of his predecessor. "I'm not used to that," he said. Tm not a politician. To face the public, attend to all their questions, people trying to corner you, I feel like a clown try-

ing to bumor them," he said.

Wby should I debate with Satur Ocampo," he said, referring to a leading Communist spokesman. "That's their line. They're newspa-





Heaven on Wheels

This 20th-century angel was spotted — but only briefly — on a Zurich street on Monday, perhaps en route to carry out some important pre-Christmas duty at, presumably, a much loftier destination.

Norway's Leader Expected to Survive Budget Test

By Francis X. Clines New York Times Service
OSLO — The fragile new government of Prime Minister Gro

Harlem Brundtland is expected to weather its toughest legislative test Tuesday with the economy still debilitated by Norway's plummeting fortunes as an oil exporter.

For Mrs. Brundtland, a 47-yearold physician turned politician, the narrow approval being predicted for a stringent austerity budget for 1987 would amount to considerable success under some of the most difficult political circumstances in a Western democracy.

Norway finds itself overdependent on oil revenues and well into an economic spiral with none of its political parties holding a working majority in the legislature and no new election possible until 1989.

The resultant haggling, coaxing and finessing in the legislature has Whatever impression the outside world has about Norway as a winter-glazed social welfare utopia, the

new prime minister has had to

scramble to find enough cuts, reve-

downturn in the real estate market,

Neue Heimal or New Home, con-

nues and votes to avoid political Fast and strong executive action economic and social develop- a government crutch.

'Considering the problem, I don't think we need to be ashamed of ourselves.

> - Gro Brundtland. prime minister



is needed to reshape the economy ment," Mrs. Brundtland said. She away from both oil dependency was referring to the nation's quick and consumer overspending spending of oil revenues that prompted in the recent, now-lamented boom years when Norway

opted to exploit its offshore re-"We see that oil can be destructive if we are not able to keep a way enjoying a more varied economoderate line that is helpful for my and with oil revenues far less of

poured in for the first half of the

She is vowing to come out of this turmoil — providing she survives future critical votes — with Norregaining support for Labor now that the public is accepting the general austerity mood. But elections

are more than two years away. The dangers for her in having to survive in the meantime were well illustrated last May when the Conservative Party's ruling coalition fell apart. Prime Minister Kaare Willoch stepped down after only a few legislators retreated from his

attempt at ansterity measures. His multiparty coalition had 78 votes and Mrs. Brundtland's has 77, with 79 needed to pass a measure in the parliament. The two remaining seats are beld by the unpredictable, rightist Progress Party.

Some politicians say they believe the opposition may be content to accept the precarious status quo, since no new coalition of the nation's half-dozen parties would be any easier to put together and there seems little political advantage in taking the lead in cutting budgets. Mrs. Brundtland said, with satisfaction, "Considering the problem,

I don't think we need to be hamed of ourselves." The prime minister has been

A clear majority for her Labor kept busy attempting to work out a compromise that is expected to see either, and the latest polls show her her minority coalition attract enough votes on Tuesday to pass a \$32.7 billion budget in relative bal. ance. The budget veered from a surplus of \$3.4 billion last year to a deficit of \$4.9 billion this year, a turnabout attributed equally to lost oil revenues and the overheated

> And Mrs. Brundtland has been winning support to keep her gov: ernment in control even as she works at planning additional aus-

> terity measures. She took over the government as world oil prices underpinning the economy were falling precipitous-ly, dropping to \$10 a barrel from \$30 in a matter of months.

In a chain reaction, Norway's budget quickly tumbled into deficit & after years of growth fed directly by oil revenues, to the point where they had been financing 25 percent of the national budget.

Far from her last campaign promises of optimism and growth, Mrs. Brundtland has had to put together a package of tax increases and spending limitations on some welfare and bealth programs.

In West Germany, Unions' 'Social Economy' Is Going to Ruin

By Robert J. McCartney
Washington Fost Service

BONN - In the 1850s, in the coal and steel center of the Ruhr basin, the pioneers of West Germany's union movement persuaded colleagues in the bricklayers' guild to use their spare time to build cheap, simple houses for poor industrial workers.

In the following decades, that experiment in cooperative economics blossomed into a policy of using union resources to provide the working class with low-cost goods

and services.
Loyal to that tradition, West Germany's powerful unions built up empire of housing, insurance and banking companies after World War II. By seeking only marginal profits, these companies were able to charge lower rents, on loans than their private counter-

A century later, the unions' program is headed toward ruin. Their bousing company, the largest in Western Europe, announced this month that it boped to avoid bankruptcy by gradually selling its apartment buildings to repay \$8.5 billion in debts. It has fallen victim sought to huild a worker-oriented to noor management and corruption after providing hundreds of thousands of low-income families

first modern apartments.

The housing company is also dragging down the enterprises. On Nov. 18 the unions sold control of their bank to an insurance company to raise money to cover the bousing company's losses. Next year the unions plan to sell a large part of their highly profitable insurance company, possibly on the Frankfurt stock exchange.

The collapse of the Gemeinwirtschaft, or "social economy," has tar-nisbed the reputation of the German Trade Union Federation. known as the DGB, and has become a major embarrassment to the opposition Social Democratic

Party.
The party has longstanding ties to the unions, and the controversy this autumn over the unions' holdings bas virtually ended the party's meager bopes of unseating Chan-cellor Helmut Kohl, a Christian Democrat in the January elections, according to politicians and commentators.

In the broader perspective, the liquidation of union companies marks the end of a dream. For four generations, the labor movement economic system to challenge capitalist control of society.

"I think we are witnessing the

this country," said Heinz Mark- sures in the early 1970s because of a mann, director of the union federation's Institute of Economic and

Social Research in Düsseldorf. "Many of us felt a sentimental linkage to the companies, and we expected from them a moral quali-

tiqued to invest buge sums in property in West Germany and abroad. The unions, instead of questionexpected from them a moral quali-ty above that of sheer bloody capi-They acted only in 1982, when the

A housing, insurance and banking empire, built to provide the working class with low-cost goods and services, has become a victim of poor management, corruption and its own success.

talism," be said, "This is gone, This moralistic component is broken." In one sense, the unions have only themselves to blame. As business leaders and conservative politicians point out, the main reason for the unions' problems is that their companies paid too little attention to the rigorous financial controls that are more typical of profit-oriented enterprises.

In the housing company, Nene Heimat GmbH, union-appointed executives made a series of bad investments and, in some cases, looted the company for personal gain. When private housing compa-

magazine Der Spiegel broke the

story of corrupt dealings by the

Neue Heimat chief executive, Al-

bert Victor, and other officials, The unions dismissed Mr. Vietor, nicknamed "King Albert" for his expensive lifestyle, but it was 100 late. The company was deeply in debt, and the housing market remained depressed.

The unions tried this autumn to sell most of Neue Heimat to a West Berlin businessman, but their creditor banks forced them to abort the deal. They then announced the liquidation plan, and meanwhile had sold 51 percent of Bank für Ge-

"There was a failure of control," a senior union official said. "There were only union people around the table" at Neue Heimat, "and each believed the others to be of the same breed as himself, and therefore trusted them blindly."

In another sense, the companies were victims of their own success. By helping West German workers to obtain apartments, open bank accounts and buy life insurance, the companies encouraged them to adopt middle-class values and lifestyles that gradually eroded the workers' commitment to the "social economy," union officials and other analysts said.

In addition, as the unions' companies grew and became major national enterprises, private companies made greater efforts to compete with them.

"As class barriers have become less important, as the working class has been integrated into society. the need for special services has dropped," said Karl-Heinz Stanzick, spokesman for the unions. main holding company, Beteili-

The "social economy" has been

ic Party and the unions themselves. It had its origins in the cooperative

movement of the late 1800s. As the country industrialized, unions organized cooperatives to supply basic foodstuffs and simple ing at cut-rate prices. In the 1880s, insurance societies were formed in some cities to provide unemployment benefits.

The program grew rapidly and was organized on a national scale during the Weimar Republic in the 1920s. The first union-owned bank was founded in 1923, primarily to raise money for strike funds. Neue Heimat opened in that decade.

The Nazis outlawed independent unions and confiscated their assets shortly after coming to power in 1933. But the unions regained those assets after World War II, and used the funds and members' dues to reestablish Neue Heimat and Volksfürsorge Lebensversicherung AG. the insurance company. Six union-owned regional banks merged in 1958 to form the national Bank für Gemeinwirtschaft.

Now, the advantages that remain for the unions' clients seem bound gungsgesellschaft für Gemeinwirts-to disappear. The new majority chaft AG. owner of Bank für Gemeinwirtsowner of Bank für Gemeinwirtschaft, for instance, is expected to considered one of the three pillars eliminate the union members' disof the German labor movement, counts on fees.



Willy Brandt

Brandt Will Leave Party Post in '88

BONN - The former West German chancellor, Willy Brandt, says be intends to step down as chair-man of the opposition Social Dem-ocratic Party in 1988 to make way for a new leader.

Mr. Brandt, 72, refused to suggest a likely successor, saying that the standing of rival moderate and left-wing contenders, Johannes Ran and Oskar Lafontaine, would become clearer after national elections next month.

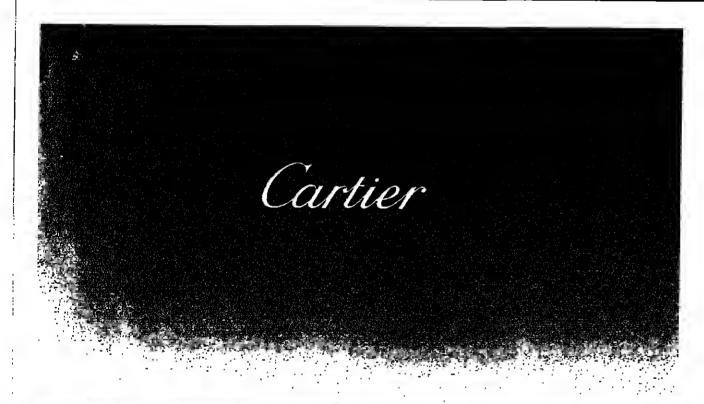
Bonn Is Angered By Suggestion of Pentagon Official

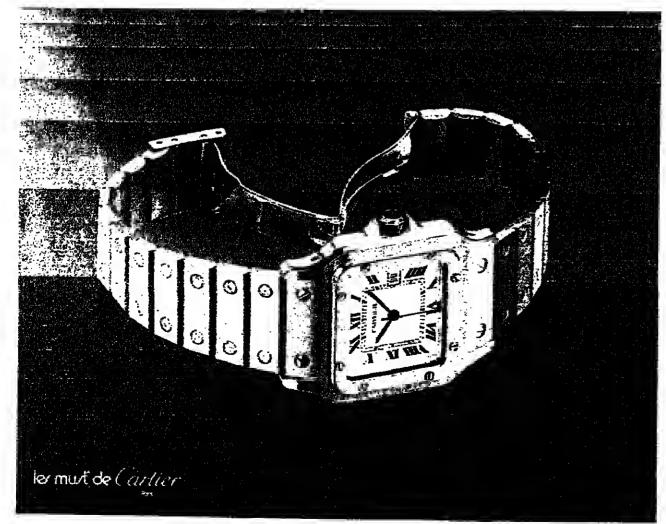
BONN - The West German government asserted Monday that a high-ranking Pentagon official was ill-informed when he suggested that the government could improve military spending by reducing fi-nancial credits to East Germany.

The suggestion was made by Richard N. Perle, the U.S. assistant secretary of defense for international security policy, to the Neue. Osnabrücker Zeitung over the weekend. He said that by cutting back on credits granted to East Germany, West Germany could increase military spending without having to sacrifice any social welfare programs.

The government spokesman, Friedhelm Ost, said Monday: "We can only conclude Mr. Perle's statements are based on inadequate information about our relationship with East Germany." Although West Germany has guaranteed bank credits, he said, it has not provided direct credit to East Ger-

High-level Bonn officials de-scribed Mr. Perle's comments as "irresponsible interference" in West German affairs.





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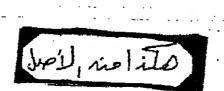
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ARTS/LEISURE

The Saving of the House of Windsor

Mohamed Al Fayed Adds Paris Home to His Collection

International Herald Tribune: PARIS — On Dec. 10, the 50th anniversary of King Edward VIII'e abdication, Mohamed Al Feyed leaned on the famous abdication of the famous abdicati VIII'e abdication. Mohamed Al plans to sell contents of the house Feyed leaned on the famous abdication desk and explained why he on anction. Every item is still rescued some of the Windsors heri- stamped with a lot number, the resched some of the windows hear tage from the anctioneer's block.

Basically, I'm an artist before simple, three-drawer deak, with I'm a basinessman," said the Egyptooled leather top, he said, "I was I'm a businessman," said the Egyptian-born billionaire who seems to specialize in prestige acquisitions. First, there was the Ritz Hotel in

HEBE DORSEY

including Harrods, the royal shirtmakers Turnbull and Asser, and now some of the contents of the mansion where the Windsors lived for many years, on the edge of the Bois de Boulogne. "Someone like me, born in a

country of deep civilization, likes to live in the past," Al Fayed said. "I consider England my second home.

I felt an obligation to save this

The house is to become a museum to the memory of the Windsors, open only to historians and members of the British royal family. On the top floor, Al Fayed has arranged some private quarters for

Right after he bought some of the contents of the Windsor man-sion. "I passed the whole inventory to the palace," Al Fayed said. As a result, the queen asked that an oil painting of a royal child be renumed to Hampton Court where it had been part of a collection going back to Henry VIII. Al Fayed voluntered to give the British the abdication desk as well.

This desk is part of history," he museum. It will be nice for British people to be able look at it."

the Windsors' country home out-side Paris, now sits in the main salon, topped by pictures of King George V and Queen Mary in their coronation robes. A small, gilded plaque reads: "On this table, King Edward VIII signed the Abdication Instrument 10:30 A.M. December

Al Fayed negotiated a 50-year lease from the city of Paris, which owns the mansion. "I approached the mayor of Paris, who is a man of culture and who has great appreciation for what I have done for the the salon. The library downstairs city by restoring the Ritz."

The house where the Duke and

Duchess of Windsor lived in exile is being restored by Al Fayed. "During the duchess's long illness, everything fell apart, the roof, the electricity, just about every-thing. We feared we might be driv-

Al Fayed, who said he met the couple only once, for dinner at their home 20 years ago, heard of lascinated by the greatest love story in history," adding: "To think that this man gave up all this glory for the love of a woman. The idea Paris, then the House of Fraser, that he renounced everything!" ...

Touring the hoose, Al Fayed picked up a black-and-white necdispoint pillow representing the Colonne Vendome and the Ritz Hotel. The duke made this pillow," he said. "His mother taught him. He lived at the Ritz for eight years in what is now the Windson

Picking up another pillow, em-broidered with the duke's three feathers insignia, Al Fayed said: This was embroidered by Queen Mary. All the details here are historical: we can see how he was living how he was sleeping, how he was cating. Everything is intact."

Actually, everything is not in-tact. While the house retains the atmosphere it had during the Windsors' life, much has change There is only one left of several of the duke's regimental flags, hang-ing in the main hall. Close friends frequently described the main salon as crammed with precious furniture and objects, including a table stacked with gold and diamond boxes and Faberge-framed pictures. They're gone. Gone also are the extraordinary porcelain and 18th-century pieces of furniture, which went to the Louvre museum said. It will probably go to some and Versailles, in accordance with the duchess's will. In the library, one can still see traces of two 18th-The desk, which was long kept at century, Chinese corner pieces, which have gone to Versailles.

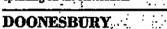
Al Fayed has done an impeccable job of replacing curtains, recovlibrary, and repainting walls. The electricity and plumbing have been

Despite the fact that many pieces the Windsors lived with have left the house, what's left is touching.
Sheet music — "I Love Paris,"
— "Mr. Wonderful" and "Something's Gotta Give" — is still on the black baby grand, in a corner of and the duke and duches's quar-iers upstairs are full of potent memorabilia. The handsome leather-bound book collection includes copies of "A King's Story," the duke's autobiography, in several

Upstairs, in a small boudoir sepen away by the house even before arating the duke's quarters from the duchess died," said one of the the duchess's, everything seems infour servants, whom Al Fayed re- tact. The duchess's 18th-century tained. Al Fayed declined to say. Chinese desk is kept open, and penwhat he paid for the furnishings cils remain in disarray in a box on and other objects, and what he was the duke's desk together with dicspending on the restoration. tionaries in four languages.

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The duke's beloved chimney-sweep doll.

Mary is on the duke's bedside ta-ble, as well as e little pillow, read-In the bathroom, dominated by a ing "Take it Easy." There is also a watercolor of the duchess over the

"It was the first thing I packed," said one of the butlers. "I could have forgotten e piece of jewelry but not this doll."

As for the duchess's jewels, which are to be put on sale et Sotheby's next April, Al Fayed seemed undecided as to whether he would have them. "Two been appropried."

Pictures of the couple and of the 18th-century Italian chest of draw royal family, especially of Queen ers. Next to the bedroom, a rela-Mary, abound. A photograph of tively small dressing room holds Princess Margaret with Lord closets full of shoes (including lots Snowdon and their children sits on of purple and red ones), and bags, the duke's desk. A picture of Queen belts and furs, all neatly wrapped

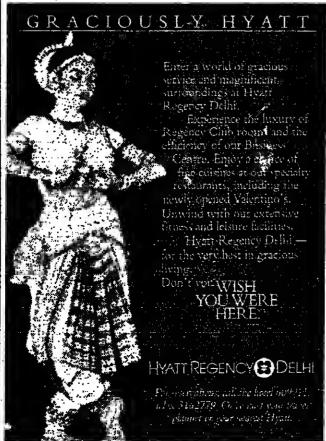
small rag doll, representing a chim-ney sweep, which was apparently so dear to the duke's heart that he had to have it around all the time. bathtub, is a stout and very profes-sional scale, a reminder of her fam-ous line: "One can never be too thin or too rich." As for the duchess's jewels,

buy them. "Twe been approached In the duchess's bedroom, there but I've not decided yet. We'd like are e Russian icon and several por- to, hut there is really no historical traits of the duke, placed on e value to them. It was all modern dressing table and on a carved, and I'm only interested in things

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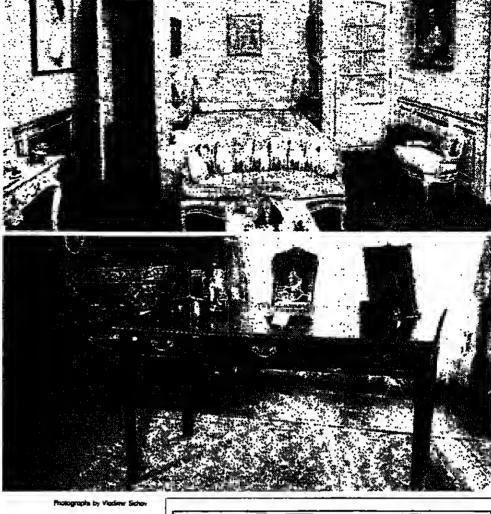




with a royal history." The sale will include not only jewels, but other ojects, including some of the

Al Fayed, who received the Leion of Honor from President François Mitterrand for bringing back the Ritz hotel to its former plendor, could be in line for a lordship, if only for helping heal the wound between the British crown and the Windsors. In the meantime, he is receiving hundreds of letters from grateful British citi-zens, including one from Helen

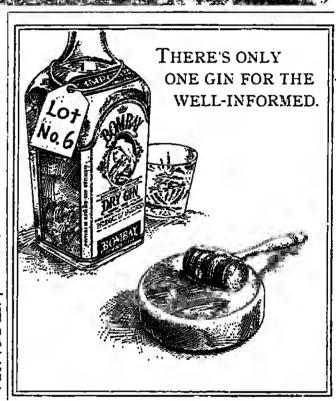
loved by his people," Al Fayed said.



Mohamed Al Fayed in front of a portrait of the duchess in Windsor house; the duchess's bedroom with pug pillows on the settee,

the abdication desk

Whistle, from Wales, opening with: "May God bless you and yours for the good thing you have done." This shows how this king was



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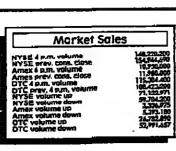
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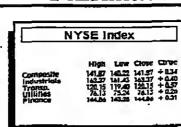
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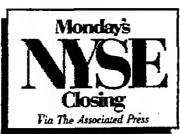
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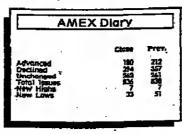
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Dow Jones Averages



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NYSE Ends Mixed After Rally

NEW YORK - Prices ended mixed Monday on the New York Stock Exchange in a volatile session that began with a broad decline and ended with a rally led by blue chips.

The Dow Jones industrial average, which fell 12.80 last week, was up 10.55 to 1922.81 from 1912.26 Friday as the NYSE closed.

An hour earlier, the Dow was down more

than 6 points and in the early afternoon, it was down more than 17 points.

Declining issues led advancing ones, however, by an 8-7 ratio.

Volume amounted to about 148.22 million shares, compared with 126.6 million Friday.

The NYSE's composite index, a broader measure, rose 0.34 to 141.87. Standard & Poor's 500-stock index was up 0.86 at 248.21. Prices were lower in active trading of American Stock Exchange issues.

The market got off to a weak start Monday, with analysts citing a rise in interest rates in the credit markets.

Analysts said upward pressure on interest rates stemmed in part from signs that the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries was making progress toward its goal of shoring up

world oil prices. But bonds perked up a bit as the afternoon progressed, and some prominent stocks rallied. Brokers said stock traders were still looking ahead warily to the quarterly "triple witching hour" on Friday, when final trading takes place in a set of expiring stock-index futures, stockindex options and options on individual stocks. In the past, some witching hours have produced wide and unpredictable swings in stock prices as computer program traders completed

maneuvers involving futures or options and individual stocks. Texas Commerce Bancshares rose 1/4 to 271/ and Chemical New York fell 1/2 to 431/2, both in active trading. The two bank-holding companies agreed to merge.
Word of the deal prompted buying of other

Texas bank stocks. Texas American Bancshares climbed 1½ to 16%; First City Bancorp of Texas % to 4%, and Republic Bank Corp. 1% to 22. Beneficiaries of the late strength in blue chips included International Business Machines, up 11st at 127%; Procter & Gamble, up 21st at 79%; General Electric, up 1 at 85%, and American Express, which gained 1% to 59% and led the active list on turnover of more than 2.6 million

shares.

Beneficial Corp. numbled 6 to 59 upon word. that the company had called off a special share-holders' meeting that had been slated to consider a liquidation plan.

MBB Plans a Venture With UTC On Automated Laser Technology

MUNICH — Messerschmitt-Bolkow-Blohm GmbH and United Technologies Corp. an-nounced plans on Monday to cooperate on developing flexible automated laser technology for the automobile and capital goods industry. The companies said they had signed a letter of intent to form a joint venture in West Germa-

The project must be approved by the supervisory boards of both companies. No financial details were provided.

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Well Street and do not reflect late trades etsewhere.

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Job no lito

Berlin: A Double Celebration

HISTORY

6

AT A GLANCE 1237: Berlin Founded

On Spree Trade Route Berlitt is founded for geographical and mercamile reasons, commanding a natural east-west trade route over the Spree River.

1411: Hobenzollerns

Take Over Brandenburg The Nuremberg baron Frederick VI becomes governor of Brandenburg, beginning Berlin's associated with the Hohenzollerns.

1871: City Is Capital Of New German Reich Following Bismarck's successful military ventures, the city becomes the capital of the

German Reich.

Jan. 31, 1933: Hitler Is Brought to Power Hitler becomes chancellor, his storm troopers marching through the Brandenburg Gate with massed flags and torches. By the time of his arrival in power, the economic crisis in Germany had produced 636,000 memployed people in Berlin alone.

1939-1945: Allied Bombing Destroys Capital

Allied bombing during World War II costs Berlin an estimated 52,000 dead. With - the end of the war, the four-power occupation of the city begins.

June 24, 1948: Airlift Feeds Blockaded City

The Soviet Union begins a land blockade of the western sectors of the city. To break the blockade, the Western powers mount an airlist of vital supplies to the city that lasts until September 1949.

Aug. 13, 1961: Communists Begin to Build Wall

To stem the flow of refugees to the West, the East Germans start construction of a wall through the heart of the city.



Organ-grinder with Kaiser Wilhelm Memorial Church in background.

Suspicion and Competition

750th Birthday Reflects Split

By Henry Tanner

ERLIN - Like a divorced couple celebrating — separately — the birthday of a grown child, the rival authorities of West and East Berlin are making preparations for the celebration next year of the city's 750th anniversary. The watchwords are suspicion and competition,

The celebrations will be as different on the two sides of the wall as the political ambioons and basic ideological coloring of the leaders and the nature of the societies over which they

preside.

The opening in the East will be a glittering gala concert of the East German State symphony orchestra on the first of the year. From then on, there will be 12 months of a dizzying sequence of concerts, operas, parades (includ-ing one involving about 40,000 marchers), ex-hibitions, at least one ball and, as climax, an official state ceremony presided over by Erich Honecker, the East German party leader - all of it against a majestic backdrop of lovingly restored historic landmarks and hastily built new palaces. Guest ensembles from almost

every country in the world have been invited. Every Monday morning for more than two years, special trains and convoys of buses have been bringing in brigades totaling 30,000 construction workers from all the corners of East Germany to finish the work in time for the

HENRY TANNER is on the staff of the Inter-

a virtual stop in the rest of the state.

West Berlin does not match this singlemindedness and ceremonial pomp. It lacks the monumental backdrop, since almost all the sites of Berlin's imperial past were on the East side of the wall where the beart of the city once

West Berlin is stressing cultural and political diversity, and fun.

was. As olans now stand, there will be little flag-waving in the West.

The main celebrations in the West will be between May and October. "The biggest fireworks ever to take place in Europe' will be staged by Japanese artificers at the grounds of the old Tempelhof airport, the city's only ele-vated spot, where "people on the other side cannot fail to see it," according to one of the

There will be a giant kermesse, an open-air theater for 25,000 spectators, a circus in front of the Reichstag and a variety of conferences and exhibitions, including one on the city's history that will be located in the building

Many of the celebrations are local events or nized by the 12 West Berlin city boroug competing with each other. Countercultu groups will vie with established artists at famous ensembles in theaters and conce

A decision on whether Christo will be a lowed to wrap up the Reichstag building plastic has yet to be made. It is a toss-up, wi those in favor gaining ground over the crioc West Berlin, in other words, is stressic

cultural and political diversity, spontaneit fun, creative chaos and a good shot of comme cialism and boasting about its wealth — all-it in keeping with its exuberant lifestyle. "The East German leaders are saying, 'Loc

at us, we are somebody, we have a history and permanent state, and the West Berliners a just being themselves," said one of the latter There is competition of a less visible be more ominous kind, too.

For the East German regime, the annivers: ry is an occasion to promote well-defined pe manent political objectives, including first e all, de-facto recognition of East Berlin as th capital of East Germany and internation. acceptance of the East German state as

permanent country like any other.

Both aims are stressed forcefully by M: Honecker in the official anniversary guide, beautifully illustrated book that was printe expensively with state-of-the-art Wester equipment on fine paper, It is selling for abou \$9 in West Berlin bookstores but is not ye available in the East.

Continued on page 11

Looking Back on the Place Where Everything Happened

By Shepard Stone

ERLIN - For almost 60 years I have had an affair with Berlin. Like all affairs, it has had its ups and downs. Not long ago, Alan Bullock, the English historian whose biography of Hitler re-mains the standard, suggested that the history

SHEPARD STONE, director of the Aspen Institute in Berlin, is one of four non-Germans to have been made honorary citizens of the city. of the 20th century should be written from

For good or evil, in peace and war, in industry, science, arts and culture, as an example for the melancholy and the potential richness of life in a metropolis, few cities have had a larger role in shaping the climate and events of our century. And for many of these years, as a student, journalist, in the army, in government and in a private capacity, I have been, off and on, a part of it.

It started in May 1929, when a Dartmouth professor, knowing of my urge to do graduate work in Europe, said, "Go to Berlin."

Why Berlin - my German was fragile to nonexistent and I had not been especially attracted to the photographs in history books of Kaiser Wilhelm II, Von Tirpitz, Hindenburg and Ludendorff and the others in St. Petershurg, Vienna, Paris and London, all of whom stumbled into World War L (Shortly after its outbreak, a former German foreign minister asked his successor, "How did it happen?" The melancholy answer was, "I wish I only knew" - an exchange worth remembering when we look at our world to-

day.)
My professor gave me two reasons for Ber-

lin. "It has one of the greatest universities in the world (it was the time of Einstein, Planck and other Nobel laureates) and Berlin is the

place where everything is going to happen."

I went to Berlin and by the time I left three and a half years later, a few weeks before Hitler came to power, everything was happen-

Soon after arriving in Berlin, I bought a first edition of Hitler's "Mein Kampf." written around 1923-1924, Friends said, "Why do you read that trash? He is mad and he will never come to power." It was all mad, but he came to power, put the criminal policies be

Il and helped to break the world apart an-Germany and Berlin in the doing. During th first years of success, a majority of German applauded. I saw too many cheering in the streets while the Nazi banners went by.

N the last years of the Weimar Republic before Hitler took over, Berlin was the avant-garde city of the world. It was the time of the world depression, with million unemployed in New York, Paris, London

Continued on page 10

Technological Research Pushed

Economic Upturn Spurs Optimism

By Ferdinand Protzman

ERLIN - The winds of change have repeatedly swept across Berlin's economy, often carrying the seeds of destruction. War, blockade, division, political instability and isolation have wreaked havec on Germany's former economic and political capital. But the most recent shift, toward economic growth based on the city's strengths in academics and private research, has spawned a generation of small companies and awakened cautious optimism about the

The hope that West Berlin's economy is moving toward more self-sustained growth with less government funding is tempered, however, by the realities of its political and geographic situation. West Berlin remains an isolated enclave, with an economy requiring about 8 billion Deutsche marks (\$4 billion) in

about 8 billion Deutsche marks (\$4 billion) in government subsidies each year, amounting to 12 percent of its gross domestic product.

The consequences of Berlin's turbulent history remain major factors in its economic development, said Peter Ring, director of the Berlin department of the Deutsches Institut für Wirtschaftsforschung, one of West Germany's leading economic research institutes.

"Before the war, about one-third of Berlin's industrial production went to areas that are

industrial production went to areas that are now part of the German Democratic Republic [East Germany]." Mr. Ring said. "Now, it's little more than one percent. About two-thirds of all industrial products go to the rest of the Federal Republic [West Germany]." He added that in 1936, over one-third of Berlin's food-stuffs and raw materials or semi-finished goods came from what is now East Germany, while

came from what is now hast Germany, while today it is about 6 percent.

Losing the capital also had disastrous effects, Mr. Ring said. Besides the numerous government ministries, Berlin lost its position as the dominant financial city, with headquarters of most of the big commercial banks and insurance companies, and its standing as the center for wholesaling, publishing and advertising.

tising
The 25 years following World War II brought little relief, with political factors—the 1948 blockade, Khrushchev's ultimatum that the Allies leave West Berlin and the construction of the Partin Wall, dominating all other tion of the Berlin Wall, dominating all other

In 1971, agreements between the four occupying powers and the two German states put an end to the era of pointcal instability and gave hopes that reduced tensions would allow Berlin to regain its status as a center for East-West trade. Those hopes were never realized. Trade with East Germany expanded, but this was mostly due to increased deliveries of raw materials to West Berlin. Deliveries of goods and services to East Germany today have

and services to East Germany today have slipped back to pre-1970 levels.

Rather than renewed growth, heavy industry began to abandom West Berlin. Between 1970 and 1983, the city lost 110,000 jobs, and the gross domestic product grew at a sluggish annual average of 2 percent, compared with 2.8 percent growth in the rest of West Germany. By the early 1980s, West Berlin's government and business community were faced with a dismat picture of low growth, high unemployment and rapidly diminishing expectations.

That began to change in 1981, with the election of a Christian Democratic city government headed by Richard von Weizsäcker, according to Kurt Kasch of Deutsche Bank Berlin, who heads the bank's venture capital business. Mr. Weizsäcker is now president of

"It seemed we only had weaknesses. Because of the weakness of our location, we couldn't compete with the industries in the rest of West Germany," Mr. Kasch said. "Then, we realized we also had advantages. We had two universities and numerous technological research institutes. This was the technological background for research and development. It was dormant, but it was there. We decided to try and tap this potential, following the American example."

The example the city and business leaders had in mind was areas like Route 128 in Boston and Silicon Valley ontside San Francisco,

But hopes tempered by city's political and geographic situation.

where the proximity of universities and re-search centers combined with venture capital to create dozens of new, largely high-technol-

But they realized that recreating such areas anywhere in West Germany would be difficult, given the differences in society and economic structure, and especially difficult in West Berlie because of its reditional and especially difficult in Company of the reditional and especially difficult in West Berlie because of its reditional and especially difficult in Company of the reditional and especially difficulties. use of its political and geographic situation, Mr. Kasch said.

"There isn't any word in the German lan-gnage for entrepreneur," he said. There was also no tradition of venture capitalism to bank-roll people with ideas. Most businesses wanted state subsidies or guarantees, along with the considerable tax breaks already given to com-panies operating in West Berlin.

"We had to fight the subsidy mentality," Mr.

To do so, Deutsche Bank Berlin, an indeper dentity operated subsidiary of Deutsche Bank AG, West Germany's largest commercial bank, set up a small venume capital group in 1983 with capitalization of 20 million Deutsche marks, Mr. Kasch said. Today, there are 11

marks, Mr. Kasch said. Today, there are II such venture capital groups in the city.

But the government continues to play a strong role in financing new companies and many fledgling entrepreneurs complain that the banks are not willing to act as true venture capitalists, betting money on an idea.

"The banks really aren't pulling with us," said Norbert Schlimm, founder and general manager of Rob/ber GmbH, a West Gerlin robotics concern established in 1983. "They play an overly cautious role. One hears the

word 'risk' over and over again. Instead of looking at the possibilities for developing a product, they want to see written orders. In the U.S., venture capitalists accept the risks, they realize that not every company is going to make it big and that many will go bankrupt."

Mr. Schlimm is quite familiar with the "American model," having been European general manager for Unimation Inc. of Danbury, Connecticut, a leading robotics firm. Some of his former associates left Unimation several years ago to found a company in Sili-con Valley and "raised \$9 million in start-up money from one day to the next," he said.

Mr. Kasch acknowledged that the venture capital groups have been extremely careful in spending money.

"We've made money and we've lost money," he said. "But I think it's important to see it as a learning process. Every year, we're taking another step forward, learning what it is to be involved in venture capital."

The 3 million Deutsche marks in seed money for Mr. Schlimm's company came from the Berlin government's innovation fund. The Berlin government's innovation fund. The company produces palettizing robots, which take goods from a production line and stack them on palettes, eliminating a back-breaking task for workers. Sales in 1986 will total around 2.5 million Deutsche marks and the company has orders on hand totaling 40 million Deutsche marks, which should keep its 30 millions buss for the next year.

employees busy for the next year.

Finding employees has been an even tougher problem than financing, Mr. Schlimm said.

"It's very difficult to find qualified people," he said. "The universides and technical institutes are producing excellent new people, but they require about two years of training in industry. Getting experienced engineers, for example, is very difficult. They all want to go to the big companies like Siemens AG and Nixdorf AG, which aren't likely to go out of business. It's the West German security men-

There is also a psychological barrier caused by the city's isolation, said Hans-Georg Otto of Wirtschaftsförderung Berlin GmbH, a government-funded group set up to entice businesses to locate in West Berlin.

"There is a psychological barrier that has to be crossed." Mr. Otto said. "When we get a company to come to Berlin, employees initially look for reasons not to relocate with the firm. But once they come, they don't want to leave. The city has a culture and atmosphere you

don't find elsewhere in Germany."

The jury is still out on Berlin's efforts to create a new breed of entrepreneurs and companies as the foundation for a more self-sufficient economy. But most observers see the chances as good. The picture is certainly brighter than it was in the recent past.

The mood is positive now, and that is a

major accomplishment," Mr. Ring said. There is a new dynamism bere. It's an increas-Despite the problems of setting up a new business, Mr. Schlimm agreed.

"In technological innovation," he said, "Berlin is 2 nose abead of the rest of the Federal

FERDINAND PROTZMAN is Frankfurt staff correspondent of the International Herald Tribune.

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Kreuzberg's Vibrant, Confusing Subculture

The only onsensus is that he atypical is ypical.

By Ferdinand Protzman

haired, elderly woman stands at the corner of Mehringdamm and Gneisenaustrasse in West Berlin, andled up against the cold, carefully holding package of cream-filled baked goods from a Konditorei down the block, waiting for the fift to change.

At her side is a pale, scrawny man in his 1/2 20s, sporting a Day-Glo green mohawk errors, set off nicely hy black leather jacket to parts, both covered with shiny chrome eds. He is shuffling his green sneakers, sans whis, to his own beat and singing along. A lid crucifix and a piece of well-aged twine engling from one ear shake and sway in time the music.

the music.

The waik light flashes green, the two step off the curb and collide. But the meeting of Kuchen and chaos ends with polite apologies, cream akes intact and leather unsulfied. Somewhere, and Victous is having a conniption.

It is a typical Tuesday morning in Kreuzerg. West Berlin's site of serious subculture and answer to New York's East Village. Or is it? Opinions about Kreuzberg and artin's commerculture are as varied as the

Or is it? Opinions about Kreuzberg and 3-riin's counterculture are as varied as the cene !tself. The only consensus is that the applical is typical.

"It's a zoo," said a young American profesional who asked to be identified as Charlie, 'It's slums mixed with boring art galeries and and restaurants."

Art galeries, bookstores, used clothing shops nd high-fashion "alternative" boutiques line he streets. Small theater companies abound and posters for upcoming performances wall-taper the area. Not everyone takes such a dim new of the culinary offerings. Kreuzberg has restaurants serving cuisine of almost every va-

"Kreuzberg has the best whale steak in the world, hut beyond that I hate it," said Marlene Roeder, a Bonn-based journalist who has traveled frequently to West Berlin, "I always feel like I'm in prisoo in that city,"

The Berlin Wall marks the eastern boundary of Kreuzberg. Although it is covered with grafitti of every kind and color imaginable, it is a cold reminder that even the counterculture in

Berlin is physically isolated from the rest of

West Germany.

"There are really two countercultures in Berlin," said Jürgen, a West Berlin journalist in his early 30s, while rolling a cigarette from a battered pouch of shag tobacco. "There's the official subculture and the counterofficial subculture. Kreuzberg has them both, but it's mainly the counterofficial subculture."

the counterofficial subculture."

If that's not confusing enough, take a look at the music scene. The West Berlin city government has a rock commissioner, the only one in West Germany. Bernd Mehlitz is paid to take care of hands and their requirements. The former Dixieland Trombone player has the slogan "creative hureaucrat" on his office wall. But the bands are divided between those who accept assistance and those who do not.

Among Mr. Mehlitz's accomplishments are helping alleviate a chronic shortage of rehearsal space for rock bands by acquiring the cellar of a grain elevator, which is then rented to bands. The bands are marginally grateful, complaining that the cellar is cold and damp in the winter.

One of the focal points for the Kreuzberg subculture is the Mehringhof complex, a 5,000 square-meter (53,820 square-foot) former factory building at Number 2 Gneisenaustrasse. It was purchased on December 7, 1979, by a group of countercultural organizations headed by the Schule für Erwachsenenhildung, or School for Adult Education, which had formed a limited holding company for that purpose.

The entrance is an innocuous red-brick archway that is plastered with posters advertising upcoming gigs by hands such as the Blueberry Hellbellies, the Mighty Meats and ZeroVision.

Ahout 30 organizations, ranging from the school and several theater troupes to a bicycle repair shop, have divided the space. A trip through the inner courtvards of the turn-of-the century huilding is like a patchwork quilt of West Berlin's alternative sceoe.

In a ground floor room on one side of the first courtyard, a children's theater class is standing in a circle around their teacher, with arms extended over their heads, swaying from side-to-side like trees in the wind. The sound of someone slowly picking out jazz riffs on an electric bass guitar drifts down from the top floor of the five-story huilding.

Across the way, three young Turkish men are sitting in a classroom with a leftist political slogan emblazoned in red above the hlackboard. They do not appear to be plotting revolutioo. The desks have been pushed aside to make room for a Ping-Poog table. Kreuzberg has a large Turkish community and some adult education classes at the Mehringhof are taught in Turkish.

taught in Turkish.

The basement bookstore in the second courtyard is filled with off-beat works, many of them centered on leftist politics. The clerks are busy discussing how obvious the undercover policemen were at the demonstration Dec. 7 on the Kurfürstendamm, West Berlin's chie shopping street. West Berlin police estimated that about 600 people attended the largely peaceful



Some of the city's punk set relaxing in front of a bunker.

gathering, which was called to protest the killing of a French student by Paris police.

Asked how he knew the person in question was a policeman, one clerk reacted with amazement

"Of course he was a cop. He had a big bulge under his arm where the gun was and he kept holding his hackpack closer to us. I expected him to ask us to speak more clearly because he was trying to make a tape recording."

But viewing the West Berlin counterculture during the morning hours is like looking at London in the fog.

In the 1938 German film "Dance on the Volcano," one of the best-known songs began with the words, "the night isn't there only for sleeping," and West Berlin does its best to make that statement true.

The clubs, pubs and restaurants begin to fill up around 11:30 P.M. and many stay open until dawn, regardless of closing laws. Like Manhattan, West Berlin seems to have something for everyone, no matter how esoteric their tastes may be.

In fact, many young West Berliners say the only other city they could consider living in is New York.

"There is so much going on here," said a young woman, who is a part-time fashion model. "I don't think I could stand living anywhere else. The rest of Germany goes to hed at nine."

Where It All Happened

Continued from page 9

Berlin, everywhere. In Berlin, sallow men and women, without work and without support, stood disturbed, angry on the street corners or in the courtyards of broken down buildings, without hope, in despair. They provided the kindling for the Nazis and Communists, who fought each other, killed each other.

And yet there was another Berlin — to which many of the creative artists, writers, poets, producers, actors, painters, academics, and scientists from northern, southern, eastern and western Europe were drawn. It was slightly off balance, every new idea had its chance, every absurdity its day. It was vibrant, energetic, dazzling.

Of that Berlin, Carl Zuckmayer wrote, "You had to be in Berlin to smell the future." And a Berlin rabbi, who had the luck to emigrate from Hitler's Reich, later wrote, "If one chose a city and a time where one wanted to live, it would be the Berlin of the 1920s."

That was the Berlin I came to, an innocent out of New Hampshire, by way of a two-day stand in New York. Within a few weeks I heard the Berlin Philharmonic, under Furtwangler, and in concert halls and at the operathere were also Bruno Walter, Otto Klemperer and Erich Kleiber. There was Max Reinhardt in the theater. I heard Marlene Dietrich and have been tormented ever since. I sat in the cafés next to artists, bankers, philosophers, fanatics of the Right and the Left. I lived in the area that Liza Minnelli and "Cabaret" made famous years later. Down below on the street corners were strange ladies and even resisted.

The university was exciting. The intellectual and social climate was intensive. Many of the students were more interested in politics than in studies. There seemed to be a Nobel laureate in every other seminar. No wonder that Johnny von Neumann, Leo Szilard, Edmund Teller, Raymond Aron and others came out of Prague, Budapest, Paris and everywhere else to study in Berlin.

where else to study in Berlin.

One night our forlorn foreign students club staged its "annual" dinner — we had never held one before — in a seedy Berlin restaurant. As a lark, we had invited Einstein. He never answered, but that night, while drinking beer, in walked the great man and spent two hours with us. We were so overcome that none of us remembered what he said.

The Berlin girls, or some of them, turned one's head. I am glad to say that for more than 50 years one has been with me, proving that Berlin-American friendship did not start with the blockade and airlift in 1948.

In the U.S. Army, shortly after the end of World War II, one stood among the ruins of Alexanderplatz, Unter den Linden and Kurfürstendamm, shaken by memories, and I thought that the city would never be rebuilt. It

Women began to stack the bricks and stones (somehow historians seem to overlook the influence of women in history) and under such leaders as Ernst Reuter, a new, determined free West Berlin began to emerge. The Berliners had learned the lessons of Hitler and they resisted a new totalitarianism from the East. It was their stand during the 1948-1949 blockade that softened feelings in Western Europe and in the United States about the Germans and led to the Atlantic Alliance.

TEST Berlin today is larger than one thinks — 25 miles (40.5 kilometers) across and long. Thirty-five percent of the city comprises lakes, rivers and forest. It is not New York, Paris, London or Rome, but there is something about the place, a spirit or that atmosphere that takes hold and doesn't let go.

Here is the point where two world systems divided by a brutal wall, built by the Comminists, meet at Checkpoint Charlie. The wall unfortunately, symbolizes the realities of our world. Here is Germany's most international, and stimulating city, with more than 120,000. Turks, men, women and children from everywhere, a mixture of people, culture, ideas, architecture, ways of life.

Today, the city is a high-tech center with it energetic young inventors and entrepreneurs in backed up by more than a hundred scientific as and other institutes and 90,000 university students from all parts of Germany and the world. Some of the industrial and scientific activity is in the tradition of the early part of the century, when Siemens, AEG and others to were showing innovative leadership in elections, automobiles and other industries.

Ironics, automobiles and other industries.

In one of those institutes in the 1930s, Otto 121
Hahn carried out, as he put it, "a nice little of experiment" in which he split the nucleus of 22; the atom (he was later surprised by the impli- 7; cations) and the word raced to Lisa Meitner.

Niels Bohr, Einstein and finally President 4; Roosevelt, who launched the Manhattan Pro-

The city remains slightly mad, open to
experiments, some promising, some absurd. It is a hotbed of ideas where social, intellectual and other universal problems are anticipated; tried out, carried through or abandoned. Occu, casionally, the young like to demonstrate in the streets, sometimes for causes that are not always convincing. The avant-garde is com-table here, anything goes and nobody, seems to care. The situation is balanced by the seems to care. The situation is balanced by the seems to care. The situation is balanced by the seems to care. The situation is balanced by the seems to care and Kneipen. One wonders sometimes in the Berliners ever eat at home.

The Berliner is cynical, flippant, tolerant, sometimes abrasive but he can take and make a joke and he can be neighborly. The city has seen too much violence and breakage in the past for the Berliner to be romantic.

Next year, Berlin—the two Berlins—celebrate the 750th anniversary of the city's founding. Unfortunately, East Berlin will not open up the Brandenburg Gate and Potsdamer Platz to allow a free flow of people in both directions. Someday the wall will come down because East and West will learn, as they must, to live more tolerantly next to each other. It is a pity that I will not be around.

Berlin, for me, has been an adventure.

Apart from the brutel Nazi years, I am grate it ful to it. The place, notwithstanding its problems, has a future. There is hope in the air.



My native city of Berlin will be 750 years old in 1987 and I would like to invite you to join us in our year-long celebration. Our historic cultural past has not been forgotten as we have become one of Europe's most advanced and exciting cities.

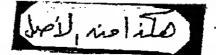
Special events will be taking place all year which reflect Berlin's historic and present place in the arts, music and entertainments. Berlin's museums and galleries are world famous and we have more than 20 stages for you to experience musical theatre at its best. And many of the celebration events will take place in both parts of Berlin so you will experience what makes Berlin so unique.

in 1987, Berlin turns on the celebration for Berliners and for you. Make sure your travel plans in 1987 include Berlin. We are looking forward to having you come and celebrate Berlin's birthday.

Eberhard Diepgen
Göverning Mayor of Berlin

BERLIN TURNS ON

versary celebrations, contact your travel advisor or write to the Press and Information Office YB, Rathaus Schöneberg, D-1000 Berlin, 62



Surface Normalcy Is Deceptive

By Henry Tanner

ERLIN —West Berlin is not a normal city in spite of the deceptive normality and variety of the many lifestyles of its inhabitants.

Forty-one years after the end of the war, the city is still under Allied military control. Even though their presence is hardly visible - except in the areas where they are quartered the 12,000 American, British and French soldiers of the occupation forces remain the shield that guarantees protection against encroach-ment from the East.

The city's legal status still rests on the 1945 agreement between the four occupying powers even though cooperation between the Soviet Union and the Western Allies broke down in 1948, when the city was divided into an Eastern and single Western sector.

The first 20 postwar years were the crisis years. They saw the Soviet blockade and the Allied airlift of 1948-1949, the pressures and threats from Khrushchev in the early 1960sand the construction of the wall in 1961. In 1971 and 1972, the four powers signed a second set of agreements safeguarding Western access by air, road, rail and waterways and defining. West Berlin's political links with West Germany. But the city's permanent status was not

Since then, although this is one place where the Cold War has never stopped, there have been no outright Soviet or Soviet-led threats to the city's political and economic integrity only periodic mbbles.

But West Berlin is not a part of West Germany. Its citizens do not take part in West German elections. It sends delegates to the Bun-destag, the West German parliament, but they are named by the city parliament and not elected by the voters. In the Bundestag they take part in the debates but cannot vote.

Berlin thus remains a precatious Western enclave in Soviet-controlled territory. But it is neither a front-line bastion nor a real bridge to the East. And after the many years of relative calm, the need for the Allied shield is less evident than at any time since the end of the war. The challenge, now that the heroic post-war days are a distant memory — and for the younger generation not even that — is to live with the surface normalcy.

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35.7.

Inevitably, there are problems. It is not easy for a city of 1.7 million inhabitants to live in a permanently unsertled state, with its rights to self-government curtailed under a 41-year-old agreement between foreign powers:

Surprisingly, the tensions have been relatively few. One of the reasons is the discretion of the "occupying" powers. Another is the fact that the provisional status has been good for the city, which has prospered.

There have been demands for the Allied military to reduce their role. But even the leftist Alternative List, the Berlin equivalent of the West German Greens, favors a "token" Allied military presence even while demanding that.

the number of troops be drastically cut. Mayor Eberhard Diepgen, when he took

6,000 Allied laws and regulations that were passed with Soviet participation in the postwaryears and continue to affect the lives of the

Some of these laws are obsolete and irrelevant, and some have been weeded out in nego-

office, asked for a revision of the more than East-West balance in Berlin has lasted too long

and the stakes are too high.

Soviet-Allied contacts in Berlin resemble a carefully rehearsed ballet in which the basic moves are never varied. Precedence going back to 1945 and 1971 is all that counts. "We are watching them and they are watching us; tiations between Mr. Diepgen's legal experts sometimes we protest one of their moves just and those of the three Western allies. But the because we know they expect us to and because

Berlin is neither a front-line bastion nor a real bridge to the East.

Allies are wary. They are reluctant to throw out any provision that was part of the initial fourer agreement with the Russians for fear power agreement with the statute that Moscow might one day say that the statute has been emaciated to the point where it no longer exists or applies.

But such a frontal Soviet attack on the city's statute is considered unlikely. The precarious

silence could be misinterpreted," an Allied official said

The American Consulate in West Berlin is the only U.S. representation abroad that does not "retire" its classified files after two years but keeps them indefinitely. Three to four historians are working permanently in the ar-



The 25th anniversary of the Berlin Wall was marked on Aug. 9 by protests in the western sector of the city.

750th Birthday Celebrations Reflect Political Division

Continued from page 9

Eberhard Diepsen, the governing mayor in West Berlin, has received two invitations from East Berlin, and one of the hottest political questions for the past months has been whether he will accept one or both - or none - of them. His decision, Allied and West German officials say, may have a bearing on the future of West Berlin and, hence, even on the security

One invitation came from Mr. Honecker and

asked Mr. Diepgen to attend the "state cere-mony in Berlin, capital of the German Demo-cratic Republic." The other, from East Berlin Mayor Eberhard Krack, is for an international meeting of mayors from around the world.

Mr. Diepgen is consulting with Bonn and with the three Western occupying powers, now nsually called protective powers, which are clearly apprehensive that he might do some-thing that would weaken the city's basic legal status, on which its freedom has been resting for the last 41 years. Mr. Diepgen, clearly, is eager to attend some of the celebrations in the East.

But if he accepted Mr. Honecker's invitation, it could be interpreted as implied recognition of East Berlin to be the capital of the East German state. The West continues to regard the Eastern sector of the city as a part of the territory under four-power control by the Al-

Other West German leaders, including Helmut Schmidt when he was chancellor and President Richard von Weizsäcker when he was governing mayor of Berlin, held meetings with Mr. Honecker, But those meetings were held outside Berlin and did not involve state cere-



The 210-foot Victory Column stands at the center of Grosse Stern or Great Star in Berlin. The Siegessaule, as it is called, was raised in 1873 to commemorate the Franco-Prussian War and originally stood in front of the Reichstag.

monies although Mr. Schmidt's visit was an official one. The major Western powers, inchiding the United States, have embassies in East Berlin but have consistently maintained that this is a practical step with no legal implications for the stams of the "sector."

The invitation to the mayor's meeting is less problematical, according to West Berlin officials, but here, too. there are pitfalls. Can Mr. Diepgen, whom the West regards as the governing mayor of all of Berlin, accept an invitation of the mayor of the Eastern sector without implying that the East is a city in its own right? And what would happen if the hosts, with the belp of attending Communist and Third World mayors, gave him the protocol treatment of a head of state rather than that of local and regional West German officials who will also

Mr. Diepgen thus finds himself at the center of a potential international storm affecting basic East-West relations, as is the case of almost everything that happens, or does not happen, in this city.

The issues that he is pondering seem abstract and remote from everyday life. But they are far more than political theology.

The Berlin Wall will not come down during the celebrations, even though more Westerners and West Germans, by the millions, probably, will flock to the East than ever before.

Checkpoint Charlie, the most famous of the crossing points, has been refurbished. The 25year-old temporary structures of wood and corrugated iron have been replaced by ominously permanent stone buildings suggesting a cross between a highway toll station and a military forcess, while a hundred yards or so away the finishing touches are being put to a lavish new Grand Hotel

On the Western side, the wall is covered with graffiti in all imaginable colors. The inscriptions are in every known language, with German, Turkish and English prevailing in that order. The decorations range from children's scribblings to inpromptu avant-garde art.

OAMK Berlin

The East side of the wall is a deceptively pristine white, which owes nothing to decorative purposes but makes it easier for the border guards to piek off fugitives and shoot them

There have been several attempted escapes recently. One, late last month, caused a more than usual outery in the West, partly because it came at a time when the invitation to Mr. Diepgen was being discussed and partly because the grizzly circumstances of the killing were watched from the West

The would-be refugee, a young man in a white shirt, had reached the top of a ladder and his hands were gripping the top of the wall when he was hit hy suhmachine-gun fire. He fell back inside the death strip on the Eastern side. A border guard, probably the one who had fired the fatal shots, rushed up and cursed the dying man. But enother guard shouted his disgust and was disarmed and arrested. Witnesses living a few feet away on the Western side watched the scene through a crack in the

A few days later, Mr. Honecker praised the border guards. His statement ended speculation in the West to the effect that the guards now had orders to shoot but to miss. The speculation had arisen after several cases became known of would-be fugitives being shot at but surviving. The belief now is that these cases were due to individual East German

The possibility of a rash of escape attempts during the anniversary year is thought to be a major worry for Mr. Honecker. A series of killings at the wall in the presence of prominent visitors would spell disaster for his efforts to bolster the international prestige of East

Germany and give it the appearance of just another country. But it is something that Mr. Diepgen and other potential visitors also have

Few East Germans will be able to see the displays and events in the West, except for the Japanese fireworks and, of course, the ample daily coverage by West Berlin television.

Yet, even though the dialogue between the two Germanys has recently been in abeyance, reflecting a had spell of tension between the government of Chancellor Helmut Kohl and the Soviet Union, there has been one notable

For the first time since the wall went up in 1961 large numbers of young and middle-aged East Germans are now able to visit the West for 10 days if they elaim urgent family matters. In the past the right to visit relatives has been confined largely in men over 65 and women

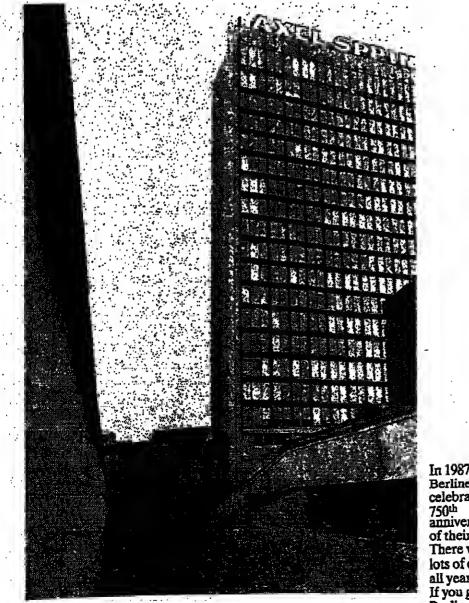
More than 250,000 younger persons received permission to travel during the first 10 months of the year, according in West German officials. During the preceding years it was an average of about 60,000, Permission is never given simultaneously in several members of a family, and almost all the travelers have renurned when their time was up.

The number of East Germans allowed to emigrate to the West has not increased, however. It was about 20,000 last year.

Western officials can only guess at the reasons that prompted Mr. Honecker to ease the restrictions on temporary travel at a time when there are no signs of political liberalization in other fields. One informed guess is that the measure is a safety valve to relieve some of the political and psychological pressures on the eve of the anniversary celebrations.

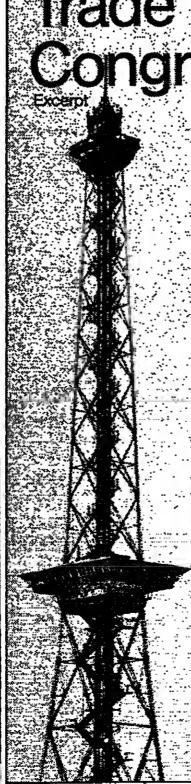
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24.05.–29.05.	17th International Congress on Dermatology
09.06.–13.06.	Medical Congress Berlin 1987* in conjunction with Pharmaceutical and Medico-Technical Exhibition
01.0704.07.	CAR '87 Computer Assisted Radiology International Symposium and Exhibition
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28.08.–06.09. 02.09.–04.09.	International Audio and Video Fair Berlin 198 and MediaForum Berlin '87 International Congress and Trade Fair MediaCom
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14.10.–16.10.	SURTEC Berlin '87 International Congress with accompanying Exhibition for Surface Technology
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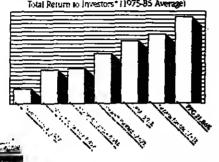
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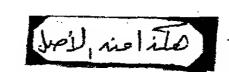
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AMEX prices P.14 Constitut reports P.— AMEX histochord P.14 Firm role parts P.— NYSE prices P. 8 Gold merfert P.13 NYSE highs/hord P.12 habrast rujes P.13 Correspor roles P.13 Morrier accessory P. 8 Correspor roles P.17 Detices P.14 Commodities P.14 Otter morrings P.17 Dividents P.14 Otter morrings P.18 TUESDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1986

Proposed Tax on Savings To Alter Japan's Investing

By CHARLES D. SHERMAN

INTERNATIONAL STOCK MARKETS

OKYO — Trying to gauge the impact of sweeping proposals to change Japan's tax code, financial analysts are not ready to place bets on specific stocks or sectors of the economy, but they agree that over the coming months the new tax structure could be a powerful market force. Now in final preparation by the Liberal Democratic Party for parliamentary action early next year, the legislation will cut old parliamentary action carry near year, the registration will cut our taxes and impose new ones by nearly equal amounts. Experts can only guess at how the balancing act will affect what Japanese workers and corporations do with their money.

Though many details of the bill are undecided, a major element

is a new 20-percent levy on. previously tax-exempt savings accounts. Economists estimate that those funds, the hoard of Japan's small savers, amount to 268 trillion yen (\$1.6 trillion). The figure, for comparison, roughly equals the capitalization of the companies on Tokyo's stock ex-

"The big thing the market has picked up on is the canceling of the tax-free savings."

change.

A shift of such huge resources would profoundly alter Japan's financial world, analysts say. Some take the view that Japan's stock and bond markets could be the beneficiaries of a snowballing bonanza as a nation of savers discovers incentives in the new law to risk other investments.

"The most important point is that you can expect an outflow from savings," said Zenichi Ishīkawa, general manager of Daiwa Securities' international corporate research department. "That kind of movement will affect the market."

If Japan's savings are unleashed by the law, the legislation promises "radical change," according to Noriko Hama, senior researcher at Mitsubishi Research Institute, a private economic

ISS HAMA also foresees a rising flow of savings into other financial assets when the law changes. "We think the impact will be considerable," she said. "It should enlarge the scale of the market and increase its volatility.". Craig Chudler, a stock market and increase is volanity.

Craig Chudler, a stock market analyst for Marrill Lynch in Tokyo, agrees. "The big thing the market has picked up on is the canceling of the tax-free savings," he said. "It's the easiest part of the tax bill to understand. You can just see the money."

Under the current tax code, individuals are entitled to bank 3

million yen tax-free. But because tax authorities have had difficulty policing the system, the statute has been widely violated; People often open several accounts under different names. The new law is aimed in part at stopping the abuse.

One indication of the potential for a shift out of bank savings is the swift growth in the last year of Japanese trust funds, investment pools that have increasingly attracted small investors searching for higher returns than banks pay. Trust-fund assets reached 30 trillion yen at the end of November, having risen by 10

trillion yen since the end of last year, Mr. Chudler said.

A chief factor behind the trust-fund growth has been falling interest rates, reflecting the steady decline in Japan's discount rate to a postwar low of 3 percent.

Still, the investment broker said that pinpointing stocks or economic sectors that would benefit under the new code would be "guesswork." Political forces in the weeks leading up to a vote on the bill will be important in determining the winners and losers,

he felt. "There's no stable picture." Miss Hama saw an inherent contradiction in the proposed law.

Dropping the exemption on savings, she said, might prompt the

See JAPAN, Page 17

Output In U.S. Up 0.6% Rise Is Largest For 7 Months

WASHINGTON - Production at U.S. factories, mines and utilities climbed 0.6 percent in November, the largest increase in seven months, the government reported

The Federal Reserve Board said that the November advance fol-lowed three months of decidedly weak performance. Industrial pro-duction rose only 0.1 percent in both October and August and was

nchanged in September.
But even with the increase last month, industrial output was just 0.8 percent higher than it was a year ago, emphasizing the inroads made by foreign competition.

The Reagan administration is predicting that the economy will show a sizable rebound in growth

next year, but officials concede that this forecast is based in large measure on the belief that the country's huge trade deficit will begin to

shrink next year. The November increase, which was the largest since a 0.8-percent advance in April, reflected widespread gains in various categories.

Industrial production at manufacturing plants climbed 0.7 per-cent with output of durable goods, items expected to last three or more years, rising by 0.6 percent, and production of nondurable goods up

The increase in manufacturing reflected sizable gains in the dura-ble goods categories of metals, apices, lumber and furniture. Production at the nation's ntili-

ties climbed 0.4 percent but output in the mining industry plunged 0.7 percent because of sharp cutbacks the oil and gas industry.

Output of consumer goods was np 0.7 percent in November, the first gain since July. Autos were assembled at an annual rate of 7.3 million units, the same as October. The report said that auto companies had scheduled higher produc-

tion levels for November but had been forced to reduce those plans because of a strike at a parts manu-



Nova Scotian fishermen repairing a scallop 'rake' aboard a trawler.

Big Oil vs. Nova Scotia's Fishermen

'Nothing to Gain and All to Lose,' They Inform Texaco

By Douglas Martin New York Times Service

SHELBURNE, Nova Scotia — The lines eiched in the faces of some 75 fishermen gathered bere testified to the punishing weather in which they have long worked. The anger in their voices reflected a new threat - Big Oil.

While the world's oil industry has stalled, Tex-aco Canada Resources Ltd. is proposing to drill two wildcat wells in the Canadian portion of the offshore Georges Bank about 130 miles (208 kilometers) south of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia

The wells, the Gowler and the Hunky Dory, would be drilled at a cost of \$32 million (43.8 million Canadian dollars) and would represent one of the few new exploratory efforts anywhere in the current price-depressed environment. To hear the views of fishermen, representatives of the Canadian unit of Texaco Inc. came to this thriving village.

The message was clear: Any jobs or economic benefits would pale before the risk an oil spill would pose to the rich scallop and lobster fisheries. Oil companies, the fishermen clearly implied, were amoral predators propelled by mertia or greed, since the world is already awash with unneeded oil.

"We've got nothing to gain and all to lose," said Blantford Nickerson, a rough-talking captain

whose grandfather died fishing the Georges Bank, "I don't think there's any need for any more oil for awhile," a lanky man in a flannel shirt suggest-

"How are you going to deal with someone bigger than yourself?" asked Eugene Rennehan, who has fished the bank for 44 years. "They make the deals and they take what they give you.

The Texaco representatives did not dismiss the fishermen's complaints. Indeed, they readily admitted that they could provide no guarantees other than the industry's overwhelmingly safe performance in drilling offshore for four decades.

But the oil men did argue that if oil is struck, it may become sorely needed in the five to seven years it would take to develop the field. The government has suggested that Canada, now selfsufficient in oil, may be importing some 500,000 barrels a day if present production and consump-tion trends continue. Each barrel contains 42 gallons (159 liters). As such, the discussion bere mirrored the one in

the United States when Presidents Gerald Ford and Jimmy Carter tried to pit the national interest in energy supplies against New Englanders' envi-ronmental and fishing concerns. Not until Presi-See DRILLING, Page 16

Chemical to Buy Texas Bank for \$1.19 Billion

By James L. Rowe Jr.
Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - Chemical New York Corp. and Texas Commerce Baneshares of Houston announced Monday that they have agreed to merge in a transaction valued at \$1.19 billion that will produce one of the biggest bank combinations in the United States.

Texas Commerce, like many other Texas banks, has been hit hard by the decline in oil and gas prices, and, more recently, by a collapsing real estate market.

But Texas Commerce's loan portfolio is considered to be in far better shape than those at many other large Texas institutions. Texas Commerce has been considered

among the more attractive takeover candidates in the troubled state. Earlier this year the Texas legislature changed the law to permit out-of-state banks like Chemical to take over Texas institutions.

A spokesman for Chemical said that the merger was not expected to be completed until sometime in the second quarter of 1987. It must be approved by shareholders from both institutions and the combination also will require the assent of the Federal Reserve Board and other regulatory agencies.

Chemical, the nation's sixth big-gest bank company whose flagship is Chemical Bank, has assets of about \$56 billion and has branches and affiliates in 22 states and 38 foreign countries. Texas Commerce has nearly \$19 billion in assets.

Their combined \$75 billion in assets would create the fifth-biggest U.S. bank company behind Citicorp, BankAmerica Corp., Chase Manhattan Corp, and Man-ufacturers Hanover Corp. and about equal to J.P. Morgan & Co.

Texas Commerce is the holding company for 70 member banks in 28 markets throughout Texas. In February, the Treasury Depart-ment imposed a \$1.9 million penalty against Texas Commerce for failing to report large currency

In the quarter that ended Sept. 30, Texas Commerce reported a steep decline in profits to \$10.1

Under terms of the merger agreement, each share of Texas Commerce stock will be exchanged for \$7 in cash, securities with a face value of about \$16 and one share of a new issue of Chemical Class B common stock.

Chemical shares were down \$1.50 at \$42.875 on the New York Stock Exchange at 3 P.M. Monday. Texas Commerce was up 50 cents

Walter V. Shipley, chairman of Chemical, said Texas Commerce was a good acquisition because its loan problems are "containable. It is a well-managed institution in a difficult economic environment, Mr. Shipley said.

Ben Love, chairman and chief executive officer of Texas Commerce, said the merger will give his bank 'a significant compenitive edge by being the first Texas bank to diversify so hroadly."

Wallich Resigns As a Governor On Fed Board

WASHINGTON - The Federal Reserve Board said Henry C. Wallich resigned as a member of the board of governors on Monday due to poor

Mr. Wallich was the second nember of the seven-person board, which sets monetary po-licy and regulates banks, to announce his departure recently. On Oct. 2, Emmett Rice resigned effective Dec. 31.

Mr. Wallich, 72, was the se nior member of the board in years of service, having been ppointed by President Richard M. Nixon in March 1974. When President Ronald Rea-

gan names the two replacements he will have appointed all seven governors.

Currency Rates

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Interest Rates

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Saudis Offer 7.25% Cut In Oil Output to OPEC

By Andrew Hill

GENEVA - Saudi Arabia put forward compromise proposals on Monday in an effort to make progress in talks by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries on raising world oil prices, but ri-valry between Iran and Iraq threat-

nest major initiative at the OPEC conference, proposed that the group reduce its oil output by about 7.25 percent next year to tighten the market and achieve its goal of a price at \$18 a barrel.

News of the Saudi scheme was taken positively in the free oil market where traders marked up prices for Britain's key Brent grade by 35 cents a barrel to about \$16.10.

It was the first time the saudi scheme was taken positively in the free oil market where traders marked up prices for Britain's key Brent grade by 35 cents a barrel to about \$16.10.

over how far it should cut overall output by the cartel and by enmity at the conference isble between Iran and Iraq, which are at war, over their individual production

high as possible, but moderates say

A ministerial session planned for Monday morning was abruptly postponed to allow member states to study the Saudi initiative and find a way around the Iran-Iraq dispute. Delegates said they did not expect a full ministerial session to ened an accord, delegates said.

They said that the new Saudi oil prospect of agreement. be held unless there was a firm

goal of a price at \$18 a barrel.

The OPEC meeting in its fifth med Zaki Yamani, who was disday, has been stalled since Friday missed in October, had disclosed the Sandi position at the talks.

Saudi Arabia had been saying that it could not be expected to make further sacrifices for OPEC. Its output, the group's biggest, has fallen by more than half in recent Some radical nations, including Libya and Algeria, back a 10-per-cent output cut to push prices as ble.

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EMS Likely to Be Realigned By Spring '87, Report Says exports, especially to Western Eu-

KIEL West Germany — The
European Monetary System probably will be realigned by spring 1987
because of the continuing large discrepancy in inflation rates among
the continuing large discrepancy in inflation rates among discrepancy in the continuing large discrepancy in inflation rates among discrepancy in the continuing large discrepancy in inflation rates among discrepancy discrepancy discrepancy discrepancy discrepancy discrepancy discrepancy discrepancy discrep World Economics reported Mon- mark.

Another factor burting West However, the institute predicted German exports was the fiscal meathat the realignment would be lim-ited. West Germany will seek to countries, which erased some of the avoid damage to its exports, the purchasing power derived from report said, while other members of cheaper oil prices. the monetary system try to avoid importing inflation. U.S. Money Market Funds

The Deutsche mark is therefore not likely to be significantly reval-ued in 1987, the report said.

The EMS is the mechanism used by many leading members of the European Community to maintain fixed exchange rates against each other and a floating rate against

The institute forecast that West German exports would rise by about 3 percent in 1987 after virtually stagnating in 1986 as the Deut-sche mark rose sharply against the

The report's predictions for 1987 were based on the theory that the import demand in oil-producing countries will stop declining now that oil prices have stabilized.

Most other industrialized countries can expect strong economic

its members, the Kiel Institute for sharp revaluation of the Deutsche

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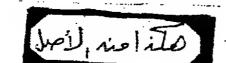
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To Our Readers incomplete. We regret the inconvenience.

Because of a strike at Agence France-Presse, World Stocks listings are growth next year, the institute said, which also will boost West German

Source: Merrill Lynch, Telerate.

Gold



Cannon Secures Extension on Debt

producer and distributor, secured an extensioo Monday as a deadline an extension of the debt into four-ment to Bond Corp. Holdings Ltd. \$30.6 million of the debt into four-year senior subordinated notes.

The debt stems from Cannon's Bond Holdings had warned last \$266.7 million purchase in May of week in documents filed with the Screen Entertainment Ltd., Brit. U.S. Securities and Exchange Comain's largest film production and mission that it might request immedistribution company, from the diate payment on a \$30.6 million concern headed by Alan Bond, an note if Cannon failed to make the

Lear Siegler Plan To Fight Takeover Be Reinstated

Las Angeles Times Service SANTA MONICA, California

 Lear Siegler Inc., an aerospace and manufacturing conglomerate that is fighting a \$1.5 billion takeover bid by AFG Partners Inc., has reinstated a shareholder rights plan The company said that its board of directors agreed to reinstate the plan that originally bad been can-

Cos. But the retailing conglomerate abandoned its \$1.7 billion merger agreement with Lear Siegler last Tuesday because it had trouble obcaining financing. The strategy, agreed to Friday by the board in a telephone yote, is

celed in order to merge with Wickes

intended to discourage unfriendly much more expensive... Lear Siegler said the move would give its shareholders the right to purchase common stock of either Lear Siegler or of any company that acquires it at half the market price. The plan would also create a new class of preferred stock valued at \$15,500 a share.

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Compiled by Our Stoff From Dispatches
NEW YORK — Cannon Group
Note: the troubled independent film

The troubled independent an agreement to extend the dead-line on Cannon's debt payment to release, "Firewalker." Cannon. Friday, as well as the conversion of

\$76 million payment Monday.

Cannon said Monday it also was granting 500,000 warrants to Bond to purchase its common stock at \$16 a share. If the payment is made Friday, Bond said it would grant Cannon certain distribution rights

The debt payment is only the latest in a series of problems that has plagued the company. The SEC is formally investigating Cannon's accounting methods, and some shareholders have filed suit charging the company with overstating its sales and earnings and violating

ny's recent films have done well at which earned \$15.2 million on sales of \$150.8 million last year, posted a loss of \$14.5 million on sales of \$77 million for the third quarter.

Cannon's overall debt totals

about \$430 million.

To raise cash, the company is offering to sell Commonwealth Theaters inc., the nation's sixth-largest theater chain, after having paid \$25 million for the company in May. Analysts' estimates on the probable sale price range from \$19 million to \$55 million, depending

on the timing.

Despite the turmoil, the company and its chief executives, Yoram Globus and Menahem Golan, have supporters in the investment comnity who believe that Cannon

will spring back.
Cannon has ordered a special
audit of its nine-month results by Arthur Young & Co., which recently replaced the firm of Mann Judd Landan as Cannon's accountants. (Reuters, NYT)

Swedish Bourse To Investigate Fermenta Value

STOCKHOLM — Bengt Ry-den, chairman of the Stockholm stock exchange, said the bourse would investigate the biotech-nology group Fermenta AB, whose entire board offered to resign on Saturday after auditors questioned the company's financial results.

"The bourse will immediately carry out an investigation of Fermenta's economic position," Mr. Ryden said in a

Fermenta's main owner and chief executive, Refaat el-Sayed, is committed to paying debis of 554 million kronor (\$79.5 million) to the invest-ment firm Industrivarden Group in the next few days. The stock exchange has suspended trading in shares of Fer-menta and Industrivarden.

COMPANY NOTES

Broken Hill Pty. has formed a venture-capital limit-ed partnership with Advent International Corp. of the United States with an initial commitment of about \$15 million. The U.S.-registered partnership has BHP as the only limited partner, providing 100 percent of the investment funds.

Cie. de Saint-Gobain's stock offer by the French government, the first of a planned series of denational-izations, was oversubscribed 14 times. The Finance-Ministry said the offer had drawn bids for 275 million shares in France, 14 times the 20.16 million shares offered domestically at 310 francs (about \$47) each.

Elektrowatt AG is selling its majority stake in Continentale d'Entreprises, a French company, to Saigmag SA and Harwanne SA. Elektrowatt said the price was 280 French francs (\$43) a share worth a nominal 100 francs, but gave no further details.

Investcorp, the Bahrain-based investment banking

corporation, said its offer of 200 million 25 cent common shares was substantially oversubscribed. The offer will raise shareholder funds to about \$120 million at the end of 1986 from \$59 million in the previous

Swire Properties Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of Swire Pacific Ltd., has sold a 16-story office building in the Kowloon district of Hong Kong for 110 million Hong Kong dollars (about \$14 million), or 1,200 dollars a square foot (.09 square meters). Swire said that Come Well Investment Ltd. had bought the building as a long-term investment.

TMOC Resources Ltd., the Australian oil and gas group, has urged shareholders to reject a takeover bid of 2.55 Australian dollars (\$1.68) a share by Elders Resources Ltd., saying it grossly undervalues the shares' value. Elders holds 19.9 percent of the 61.92 million issued shares in TMOC.

U.S. Bank Association to Form Insurance Firm

By James L. Rowe Jr. Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - The American Bankers Association has announced that it has formed an insurance company offering its 12,000 member banks both liability insurance for directors and officers and bond protection against employee fraud.

The organization, the most imthat it decided to set up its own insurance company because of rising premiums for insurance protection and because of the declining number of companies willing to

provide coverage.

Mark W. Olson, president of the association, cited the case of one banker whose premiums as a direc-tor and officer rose from \$1,867 m 1984 to \$19,720 last year.

Many types of insurance have become more expensive, and some-times unavailable, in recent years because of large losses at a number of major property-casualty insur-

ance companies.

A oumber of groups and companies have formed their own insurance companies to underwrite their own liability protection because of the difficulty and expense of obtaining the insurance from property-casualty companies.

For example, after Employers Insurance of Wausau canceled its policy for bank directors and officers in early 1985, BankAmerica Corp., the second-biggest bank company in the United States, set up its own insurance subsidiary in the Cayman Islands.

A spokesman for BankAmerica said the company decided a "captive" company would provide bet-ter terms than the insurance options then available.

A captive insurance company is one that is established by, and provides protection for, the company

or industry group that set it up.
The U.S. League of Savings Associations, the major savings and loan association trade group, has set up its own insurance company.

To Our Readers

Because of technical difficulties, the Commodities column is not available today. We regret the inconvenience to readers.

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The American Bankers Associa-tion company will begin issuing policies next month that will be effective Feb. 1. f; will be a mutual company, owned by the banks that buy directors' and officers' insur-

ance or employee bonds. Insurance for directors and officers protects them from claims by shareholders or others that allege losses are due to mismanagement. portant trade association in the banking industry, said on Saturday

The insurance that protects the bank against losses because of embank against losses because of em-ployee dishonesty is called a blanket bond or financial institution

The association said Progressive

holding company, will be responsible for the underwriting decisions "based upon guidelines approved by the captive's board of directors. Progressive will also bandle claims

The directors will mostly be bankers. The board will be chaired by Ronald R. Gossen, the chief executive of Michigan's FMB-Lumberman's Bank who headed the task force that invesugated wbether the association should set up a captive insurance company. The captive will be in Bermuda for tax reasons, the ABA said.

Donald G. Ogilvie, the executive vice president of the ABA, said the coverage will be similar to that which is available in the private marke t. although premiums should be lower.

He said the premiums should have, several cost advantages over private insurance companies. There will be no commissions, which average 15 percent to 18 percent, and the premiums will have to cover only estimated future losses. The initial policy limits will be \$2

ntillion for directors and officers and \$3 million for employee-disnonesty insurance.



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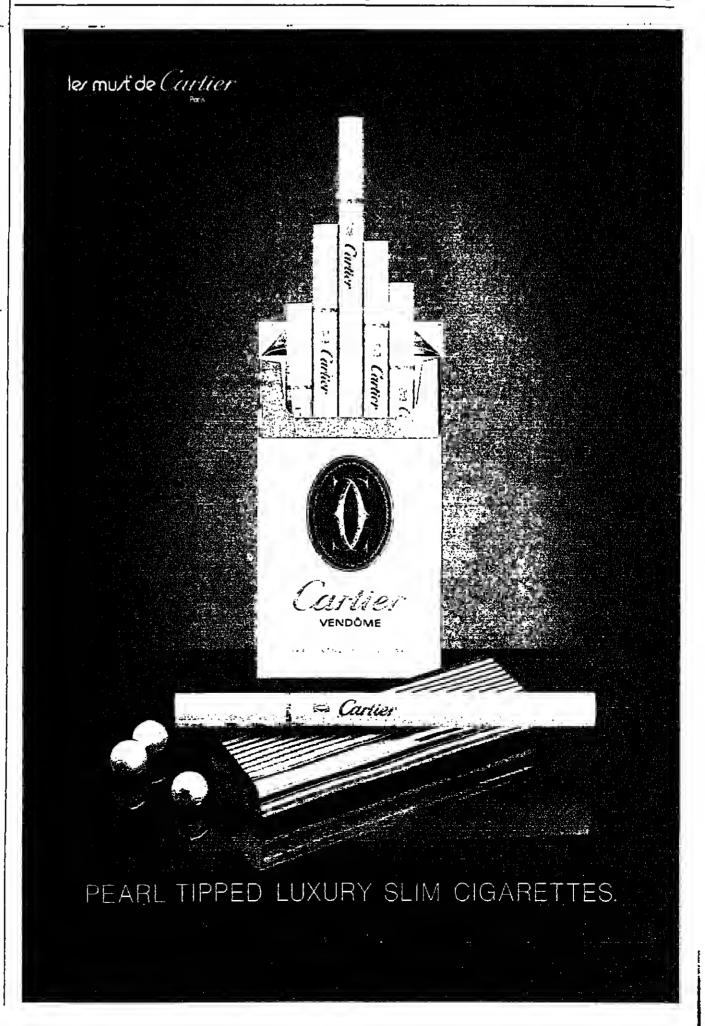


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December, 1986



eight dry holes at a cost of more than \$1 billion. nally settled by the World Court in the United States side." 1984. Because Texaco first ex- In a recent statement, James L.

drilling on it now. . . where off Nova Scotia's coast — president of Texaco U.S.A. on Jan. coupled with its own geological I. theories — will lead to a decidedly

meters) of natural gas and 2 billion and we can do that again."

barrels of oil, all near the huge

For men like Mr. Nicket it had never happened. They drilled market of the northeastern states. Gerry Smith, a Texaco official,

told the fishermen, families and Drilling was then delayed on the friends assembled at Shelburne's cans would win Canadian acreage specove geology was "distinctly is Scall in a boundary dispute that was fi-different from what was drilled on pound. specove geology was "distinctly is Scallops are even better at \$8 a

pressed interest in the acreage in Dunlap, president of Texaco Cana-1964, it has been given first shot at da, was even more optimistic. "We're looking at some extremely The company is betting that its large structures, with prospects for knowledge of the American experi- both oil and gas," he told a Toronto ence and of 120 wells drilled else- audience. Mr. Dunlap will become

Mr. Nickerson perfectly echoed happier result on the Canadian the fishermen's lack of enthusiasm able with the amount of gas that

(Continued from first finance page) might find as much as 10.8 trillion tion. "What do we need oil for?" he dent Ronald Reagan's term was the cubic feet (about 3.8 trillion cubic demanded. "We used to ride horses

For men like Mr. Nickerson, it comes down to economics. Lobster is now going for a pricey \$4 a pound (453 grams) on the Nova Scotia docks, as lobstermen eye the Canadian side for fear the Ameri- Canadian Legion Hall that the pro- lucrative Christmas market in Par-

> Politics follows economics. John Buchanan, the premier of Nova Scotia who has based much of his government oo friendship to drillers in other parts of his province's offshore, appears to be distancing himself from Texaco's petition. which he has the power to block.

His earlier dream of shipping offshore Nova Scotian gas to the New England market is not achievside. The company has suggested it for such geological prognostica- has been found. Moreover, the ex-

ploration effort is declining. Seven wells are expected to be drilled this year on the Scotian shelf - much closer to Halifax than is the Georges Bank - compared with 19

And today's price is not oght for such a large project. Offshore Nova Scotia gas has no position in the Boston market when it's a buyer's market," said Ian M. Doig, a leading Canadian energy analyst. is is thus hardly surprising that Mn. Buchanan, considered a very canny politician, is backing off.

"It's a bit premature yet, but it seems to me at this point that fish-crimen are saying they don't want drilling at the present time. Mr. Buchanan said the day after the Shelburne meeting. "If they that's want drilling, there will be no drill-

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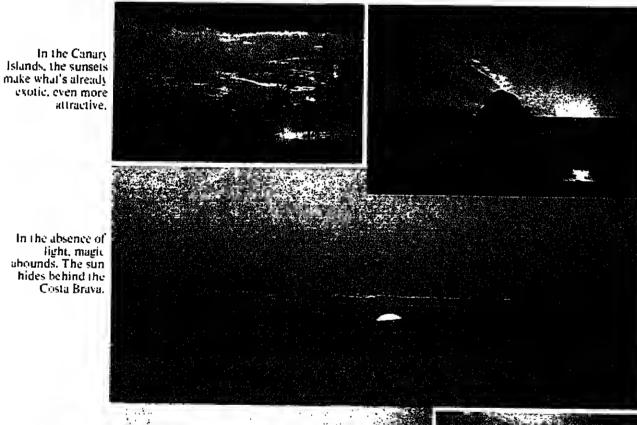
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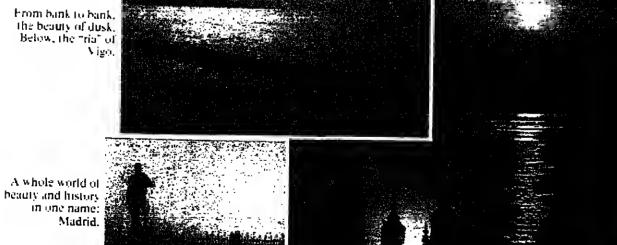
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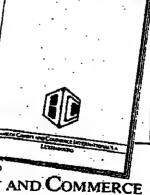
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Dollar Ends Mixed in N.Y., Europe

York to 20165 Dentsche marks: opening of 2.0147 but little each other's role in any agreement from 2.0090 DM Friday and to changed from 2.0175 Friday, It fin-163:40 year from 162.875. It rose to ished at 163.15 yea, up slightly 1.6975 Swiss frames from 1.6905 from 162.95 Friday.
Friday and to 6.6085 French frames. The U.S. currency advanced

from 6.5835.

- against the Swiss france in London.

But the British pound rose to 1.6993 from 1.6978 france Fri lutther also lent support to the against the dollar, to \$1.4325 from day.

\$1.4280 Friday.

The British pound was buoyed an announcement that British pound in Europe, the dollar generally again by cautious sentiment that retail sales rose a provisional adminished near the top of the day's the Organization of Petroleum Expanse in this European trading of porting Countries might reach

range in thin European trading af-ter edging up in the afternoon on porting Countries might reach agreement to cut oil production technical factors, dealers said. and raise prices at its meeting in

Despite the anticipated release Geneva, dealers and of some U.S. economic figures this. The pound closed Monday in wars, European dealers said they London at \$1.4320, up from wash, European dealers said they London at 51 doorbed that trading would stray \$1.4275 Friday.

Resers much from its current ranges in a Although optimism about the NEW YORK — The dollar end market marked by pre-holiday outlook for oil prices was the main NEW YORK — The dollar end market market by pre-noncesy outlook for oil prices was the main factor behind the gains, that was York and Europe. In London, the dollar closed mixed with some doubts about the The U.S. mait climbed in New Manday at 2.0183 DM, up from its ability of Iran and Iraq to agree to

> Dealers said that a reiteration by Nigel Lawson, the British chancelfor of the Exchequer, that the government wanted sterling to fall no

ter remaining unchanged in October had little effect.

Britain is to release November figures on public-sector borrowing 6.6415. In Zurich, the dollar closed and industrial production Tuesday, but little change in the pound's 1.6992 francs.

London Dollar Rates 2,0175 1,4275 1,6275 1,6776 4,5750 2,0183 1,420 1,621 1,641 4,602 4 Source : Reviers

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trading range is expected in the absence of new developments at the OPEC meeting, dealers said.

News that U.S. industrial production rose 0.6 percent, slightly more than expected, in November after a 0.1-percent increase in October lent some support to the dollar, however,

Elsewhere in Europe, the dollar was fixed at 2.0143 DM in Frankfurt, down from 2.0232 Friday, and at 6.605 French francs, down from at 1.6983 Swiss francs, down from

THE EUROMARKETS

Prices Lower; Trading Quiet on OPEC Concerns

By Christopher Pizzey: LONDON - The Eurobond market generally ended easier

Monday after a very quiet day's mading.

Most operators appeared to remain reluctant to open fresh positions, especially with the meeting of the Organization of Petroleu Exporting Countries continuing in Geneva and the forthcoming

Christmas and New Year's holidays, dealers said. Seasoned dollar straights ended between 1/2 and 1/2 point lower, but dealers said the bulk of the declines represented an initial mark-down in response to losses over the week-

end in U.S. Treasury securities.

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The primary market was also emerging until the new year."

However, one dollar straight was

The issue pays 7% percent over five years and was priced at 101½. The only other activity on the The lead manager quoted the issue primary market was the pricing of a on its fees at a discount of 1½ couple of recent equity warrant

"We saw hardly any actual trading activity at all during the day," a trader at a major firm said, the time of launch.

Last week's fixed-rate bond for quiet with one syndicate official Briedley Investments Overseas NV, commenting, "Unless we see any which is convertible into a floating-thing dramatic happening on the rate note, was increased by lead interest rate front, I can't see too manager Morgan Stanley Internamany [dollar-straight] issues tional to \$100 million from the imtial \$75 million.

The issue pays 74 percent over launched during the day, a \$100 five years and was priced at 1004, million issue for Eksport Finance It is convertible for three years into of Norway, lead managed by a floating rate note paying 4 point LTCB International Ltd. over the three month London interbank offered rate.

primary market was the pricing of a a shade easier, where changed, after

lead manager Daiwa Europe Ltd.
The pricings both involved the indicated coupon being reduced. Both the issues — a \$100 million bond for Kajima Corp. and a \$50 million issue for Meiji Milk Products Co. - had their compons cut to 3% percent from the initial 3% per-

> Equity warrant dealers noted that both the bonds have been trading on the when-issued market at substantial premiums to their par issue price after the recent strength on the Tokyo stock market.

> Back in the secondary markets the floating-rate-note sector ended gains of around 1/16 point in peri-od Eurodollar deposit rates.

JAPAN:

New Tax Watched

(Continued from first finance page) Japanese to save even more. "The Japanese still have to fend for themselves when it comes to retirement and paying for education."

The amount the average Japanese person saves, which long stood at more than 20 percent of income has been gradually sliding since

Other provisions of the tax package may also dampen a move by individuals to buy stocks. Missuo Sato, a managing director of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, worries that new capital-gains taxes under the plan will discourage individual

investors. "Very objectively, because the country's fiscal situation is so serious, we expect a strengthening of capital-gains tax proposals," be

age, which includes a 5-percent val-ue-added tax on most sales, may hurt the country's overall consumption rate. While companies with revenues of under 100 million yen are likely to escape the tax, Mr. Ishikawa of Daiwa said "many corporations will suffer." The growth of some businesses could be deeply affected, he said. Miss Hama went further, sug-

On a broader level, the tax pack-

vesting that some companies may consider splitting up to avoid the tax. "It would be an interesting move, but difficult to say whether it would lead to inefficiency as economies of scale are no longer exploited," she said.

The effect of the new tax on businesses will to some extent be softened by a reduction in corporate taxes from 52.9 percent to under 50 percent.

With a value-added tax pushing prices higher, consumer spending could slow, Miss Hama said. People may be inclined to invest what in 1987." they are not spending.

TRADE: Yen's Rise Won't Slash Surpluses, OECD Says

(Continued from Page 1) rather than domestic customers as Japanese manufacturers strive to keep the yen's appreciation from pricing their goods out of foreign

"Overall, yea export prices have fallen more steeply than prices of goods sold on the domestic mar-ket," the report states.

A good measure of how little domestie consumers are benefiting from the strong yen is the 0.5-percent rise in overall consumer prices in Japan this year. That came despite the huge drop in import prices, notably the price of oil.

For Japanese exporters, the effort to maintain market share abroad has resulted in a significant profit squeeze. To alleviate this, an increasing amount of exports are being aimed at European Community countries where the yen has appreciated much less than against

Nevertheless, "net profits in the export-dependent sector are estimated to be at their lowest level for about a decade," the OECD re-

The shrinking profits, the declin-ing export volume and the slowing of growth in export markets are expected to shave 2 percentage points off Japan's gross national product this year. GNP measures the total value of goods and services, including income from forcign investments.

As Japanese manufacturers move production offshore to reduce costs and escape the protectionist threat to direct exports, domestic production and employment will be further depressed, exacerbating the situation.

The OECD expects economie growth to reach only 2.25 per- cars during the period. cent," in Japan this year, the lowest in a decade, "rising to 2.75 percent

Those rates are "substantially cars in America.

below the average growth in the early 1980s and also below potential," the report said. The figures represent a significant scaling back from a forecast by the OECD in May of 3.25-percent growth this year and 3 percent next year.

Domestic demand, which will have to grow much faster than the GNP if the trade surplus is to be cut, "is not expected to rise by more than 3.5 percent in either year," the

"If the economy is to grow approximately in line with potential," the organization said, "both domestic demand and imports will have to expand significantly faster than potential output growth."

But, the OECD noted, "developing greater reliance on domestic will take a number of

The organization's secretariat said it "would be unrealistic to expect significant further relaxation" of Japan's monetary stance, but that it saw "greater scope for fiscal

The OECD was nonetheless sympathetic to the Japanese government's concern that its gross debt, at 68.4 percent of GNP, is the second-highest, after Italy's, among OECD countries.

Japan has consistently argued that its debt burden and the aging of its work force prevent it from sumulating domestic demand by increasing government spending. Nevertheless, the report said, some temporary fiscal stimulation would appear appropriate."

The OECD urged that more of the benefits of lower import prices be passed along to Japanese con-sumers. It called for "enhancing market incentives" through deregulation and privatization, which would shift the financing of needed investments from the government to the private sector.

What matters for the international community is not so much how the transition towards domestic-demand-led growth in Japan is brought about," the report said, "but more that it is actually

U.S. Auto Sales Increase

DETROIT — U.S. automakers reported Monday a 5.2-percent gain in sales on a daily-rate basis for Dec. 1-10 over the same period a year ago.

Eight companies — General Mo-tors Corp., Ford Motor Co., Chrysler Corp., Honda Motor Corp., American Motors Corp., Volks-wagen of America, Nissan Motor Manufacturing U.S.A. and Toyota Motor Sales U.S.A. — reported combined U.S. sales of 190,809

This compared with 161,278 units sold in the year-ago period, when Toyota was not producing

There were nine selling days this year, compared with eight last year. So far in 1986, the companies have sold 7.73 million cars, down 1 percent from the nearly 7.8 million sold in the 1985 period

Ford and Chrysler led the Big Three, posting sales gains of 33.5 and 24.6 percent during the De-cember period. GM's sales, however, were down 12.1 percent.

Among the smaller companies, AMC's sales were down 42.1 percent. Sales of Honda's U.S.-built models were up 68.5 percent, while Volkswagen's domestic-made mod-els showed a 4.5-percent drop. Nissan posted a 22.5-percent gain.

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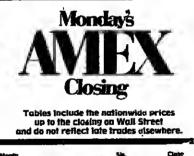
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"I was making a list for Santa, but then I decided it would be easier just to ask for *everything*,"

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THE CAPTAIN LEFT

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OUR WAY IS



REX MORGAN LOOK, YOU KNOW AS WELL AS 1 DO THAT GREG SENT THAT WOMAN HERE TO PICK UP MELANIE ABOUT MIDNIGHT... WHAT DID SHE LOOK





WHEN GREG GETS THERE, TELL HIM TO

CALL ME RIGHT AWAY!





BOOKS

MAKING HAY

By Verlyn Klinkenborg. Illustrated. 157 pages. \$14.95. Nick Lyons Books Inc., 31 West 21st Street, New York, N.Y. 10011.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

YERLYN KLINKENBORG grew up in a V small town in lowa. Though most of his relatives were farmers, his father and mother took up teaching and nursing, respectively, and he himself wandered further afield to get a Ph.D. in English at Princetou and wind up

teaching at Fordham University. Yet farming and, specifically, having have stayed in his system, partly because he never completely understood the process and partly because it summoned "all the epiphanies I have ever had": "They occurred while I stood on the edge of a field across a railroad spur line, my back to a small town, staring at farmsteads off in the distance."

A rhapsody on the beauty of having might be less boring than a technical manual on how to do it, but neither would work as a vessel for all the epiphanies the author ever had. And the right narrative voice is needed - one that blends the anthor's bucolic memories with the obvious fact that he has transformed himself into an educated city-dweller, yet one who does not condescend to country cousins.

Klinkenborg solves both problems admirably. He visits relatives and friends in south-western Minnesota, northwestern lowa and the Big Hole of Montana, and eventually partici-

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pates in the act of making hay. This may not sound extraordinarily dramatic, but the author has syncopated his revelations to keep us off balance and charm us.

For instance, near the beginning he as scribes his Uncle Louie's taciturnity. Another uncle asks Louie "about the new sickle blade for his windrower." "Damn thing didn't fit." says Louie. "What'd you do?" asks the other uncle. "Fixed it," replies Louie. "Put a new head on." Then, to dramatizes Louie's gift for understatement, Klinkenborg writes at eloquent length on the technical complexities of adapting a non-fitting sickle blade to a certain model of windrower - the welding, the boring the hand-cranking, the loosening and tighten-ing of pivot bolts and the adjustment of blades to guards. Along the way, we learn what a windrower is and how it works.

As for voice, Klinkenborg has achieved a terse idiom that amounts almost to Middle Western rural poetry. It does not hide the author's erudition. The day ascends 200 beauty," he writes of a sparkling morrang. "For some reason the first line of a George. Herbert poem comes to mind: 'Rise Heart, thy Lord is risen. The eastern sun has not warmed this field. Cool, dense air, dark in shadow, clings to it.".

But more often, his sentences come down to earth. Almost as frequently, his sentences come down to alfalfa, which the author admires for many of its qualities, not least its simplicity as a crop ("Cows eat it, and we eat the cowa"). Alfalfa, whose name, Klinkenborg says, derives from the Arabic for "the best kind of fodder," is the true protagonist of "Making Hay," because "alfalfa, far more than edra. summed up agriculture for me. It was raised and baled on the farm, fed on the farm, and spread as manure on the farm. No one ever trucked it away."

Farming is a depressed industry these days, and though the people in "Making Hay" do it willingly, they sometimes wonder why theye, b it. There is heavy manual labor involved, and anyone who has ever spent long, hot days stacking loose hay or tossing bales onto a flatbed truck knows that it can be dull and exhausting work. Whether the book means to or not, it evokes the ugliness of farm work as well as its beauty. But what is most admirable about "Making Hay" is that it memorializes a way of life people take for granted.

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is on the staff of The New York Times.

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

DUTCH grandmaster Jan Tumman was well prepared to play the opening line allowed by the Hungarian grandmaster Zoltan Ribli in the OHRA International Tournament in Amsterdam. In the last few years, Timman bas tried, with some success, the deceptively quiet 13 B-K2 in the poisoned-pawn variation of the Najdorf Sicilian. The first a positional one — 18 NxN, game of his 1984 Hilversum

It was Portisch who suggester that Dawn but his develoption was hopeless. On 35. Beat Minite could try 14 O-O. ment lagged and his pawn Bl. there could have followed O-O: 15 R-N3, which Tunman structure was ragged. O-O; 15 R-N3, which Tumman used for the first time here. Portisch did not think too much of his own suggestion, but he did warn that 15. . Q-R4?!; 16 N-Q5!, QxQ; 17 NxBch, K-B2; 18
BxQ, KxN; 19 P-K5! is strong for White, one further detail being that 19. . N-K5?!, 20
RxPch, NxP?; 21 RxR, KxR; 22 R-QN4! will cost Black his pinned knight.

Portisch had recommended as sufficient for Black just what as sufficient for Black just what Ribit played — 15. . Q-B4ch; QxQch; 24 PxQ, R-R2, 25 BxP, 16 B-K3, Q-K4, but then Portisch considered only 17 B-Q4, Only a microscopic advantage Q-QR4 and then only 18 B-N6, for White.

as sufficient for Black just what Ribli played — 15. . . Q-B4ch; 16 B-K3, Q-K4, but then Portisch considered only 17 B-Q4, Q-QR4 and then only 18 B-N6, Q-K4 with a draw or 18 P-K5?!, P.P. 19 B-N6, B-B4ch!

17. Q-B4ch; 18 K-R1, P-Q4 (18. . P-K4?; 19 B-K3, Q-R4; 20 B-N6 traps the queen); 19 P-K5, N-Q2; 20 N-R4, Q-R2 because White has a strong king-

Ribli could justify
17. NxP because 18 Q-K3. RxB; 19 QxR, QxQ; 20 RxQ yields Black a slight end-game

match with Lajos Portisch went

13. B-K2; 14 R-N3, Q-R4;
15 B-R5ch?!, P-N3; 16 O-O,
but Black calmly repulsed this
violent method.

21-B-R3!, Ribli still had his
Violent method. QxN 19 BxQP! - which never-

Q-QR4 and then only 18 B-N6, Q-K4 with a draw or 18 P-K5?!, PxP, 19 B-N6, B-B4ch!
Tumman's new inspiration was 17 B-KB4!?, which could not be well answered by K-R2; 24 B-Q3 wins material.



36 R-N7!, R-R1, 37 P-B7) The

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Contac SBC Index: 673.96 Previous: 679.26 Source: Reviers. To Our Readers Paris, Singapore, and Stockholm stock market prices are missing from this edition because of a strike at Agence France-Presse. Brusnels 1230 1985 NA 130 170 4310 6700 6800 6700 6800 6700 1582 3610 1582 3610 1582 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 3610 1583 532# Floribridge
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SPORTS

Marino Routinely (5 TDs) Puts the Arm on the Rams



Dan Marino

By Scott Ostler

ANAHEIM, California — What son said. Then you build a team would the Miami Dolphins be like around a certain individual. We do to sack. Miami sacked him three press reported that with Frie Dickerson. Marino times. The Rains got Marino once, Chiefs 20, Raiders 17: In Los if they had a solid, complete team
(a defense and a running attack, for
instance) to complement Dan Marino? The answer might be that
they would be a lot like the Los Angeles Rams, who now have a real nice quarterback and a solid team. But Sunday at Anaheim Stadi-um, a National Football League

NFL ROUNDUP

one of a kind-beat a full house. Turning in what several of his teammates described as a routine performance, Marino beat the Rams and their quarterback (a Marino in the making) by 37-31 in bles, one of which took a lucky

passes for a 403 yards and 5 touch-400-yard day of the season and the

seventh of his career. The youngster, Jim Everett, had a commendable 18-for-31 day for the Rams, 251 yards, and two TDs.

A couple months ago, who would have thought that the Rams would be involved in a quarterback duel with anyone, especially Mari-no? Sunday's was easily one of the most entertaining pass-offs of the

"He's frightening," said Ram Everett accomplished some on cornerback Johnson of Smrday. At times, he looked like a Marino. "When you look at his

U.S. College Results

EAST,
Boston Col. 71, Holy Cross 62
SOUTH
Clemen 77, South Carolina 65
James Modison 71, Did Dominion
Louisiana St. 52, Georgia Tech 49
Winthrop 63, Miami I Flo.) 55

1:21.39-2:48.12

Hockey

ANAHEIM, California - What son said. "Then you build a team

fensively. Dickerson, once forced backers. to carry the entire load, now has a sidekick in Everett. On Sunday, Dickerson ran for 124 yards but was overshadowed by Everett, who

was cool under pressure.
Dickerson wound up almost unnoticed on an afternoon when he broke the Ram record for touchdowns (his one-yard score in the fourth quarter gave him 56, one more than Etroy Hirsch). Dickerson also had two big fum-

bounce and turned into a Ram Marino completed 29 of 46 touchdown. He was the only Ram passes for a 403 yards and 5 touch running back to carry the ball. But downs — including the game-win- in the end, it was a tale of two ner. Routine, it was Marino's third quarterbacks. quarterbacks.
"I think he's an excellent quar-

terback," Marino said of Everett. "He can make all the throws. He has a good understanding of what they're trying to do. He's not in awe of any attuation."

Everett on Marino? "Terrific." said the rookie, with enthusiasm. "Hia ability to get the ball off....He's definitely the best I've ever seen. Maybe in time, Pil be able to accomplish some of those

Marino. "When you look at his slightly rougher model of Marino. passes on film they look like blurs. You have to be close to their running backs. You can't give them a strikes underneath. Against the Dolphins he threw on the run and Is the Dolphin reputation as a - in the face of defenders. He made

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that with Eric Dickerson. Marino times. The Rains got Marino once, has great receivers to work with, on a fluke; with his fabled quick Angeles, Kansas City forced seven

On the game-winner, for exambecause they desperately needed a sack to take the Dolphins out of field-goal range. "Two plays before they were in a man-to-man defense, and they jumped the I" and closely covered the post pattern, Marino said. "So we figured we'd lake it."

Mark Duper faked a post and simply ran deep. Marino, doing ev-erything but laughing out loud in the face of the blitz, lobbed up a 20yard TD strike 3:04 into overtime. "Just like routine," Duper said of Marino's day. "He's been doing it for three years."

ers into the ground as they tried to cover the 9 or 10 receivers the Dolphins seemed to send out every

Marino's arm is so good that the ton, as dangerous a wide receiver as you'll see, dropped three passes, including one scorcher he tipped into the air for an overtime interception that was disallowed because of a penalty.

now one of the league's best bal-time leader with 47,003 yards.

one-man show overrated? "You acrobatic, running, scrambling anced teams. Routinely, Marian start with a coaching staff," John-throws with accuracy. was Marian. throws with accuracy. was Marino.

And, like Marino, Everett is hard

Elsewhere, The Associated

but Marino is what makes that release he simply throws the ball turnovers to move within one victeam click."

too quickly to be bothered by on-The Rams bave twin clickers, of rushing linemen or blitzing line Sunday against Pittsburgh) of reaching the playoffs for the first time in 15 years. Two of the turnple, he knew the Rams would blitz overs came in the final period, when a fumble by Napoleon



Dwight Gooden

Met Pitching Ace Gooden Still Out of Strike Zone

By George Vecsey New York Times Service NEW YORK - During the World Series, it was clear that people shake their heads in respect. Dwight Gooden was not Dwight Gooden anymore, at least temporarily. He could not put the ball where he wanted it to go, and it bothered him, maybe even frightened him a bit, because bere is a

young man who was supposed to

be perfect in every way.

Now it appears that Dwight Gooden is having a control problem in his private life, 100. On Saturday night around 11 P.M., he and two nther baseball players were stopped by police officers in Tampa, Florida, who claim that a brawl broke out, and that Gooden and two officers were slightly injured.

There is nn suggestion bere that Gooden is guilty of the third-degree felony with which be was charged, but, at very least, the young man has nni been able in stay out of the spotlight.

The police say they stopped Gooden because his Mercedes-Benz and the cars of his twn friends were weaving back and forth in traffic. Whether that charge is fair or not, nnbody should become involved in a shoving match with police on a dark Saturday night on

the highway.

The police have reasons to be edgy these days - too many addicts and lunatics and Rambos on the loose. The thing to do with an armed police officer is say 'yes, sir' until you can get to a well-lighted station bouse and call your lawyer. When Gooden came up as a 19year-old in 1984, he amazed his

learn and perform. Forget the arm; any yo-yo can have an arm. His head and his heart were what made He became a commodity, his business agents marketing him as an idol of America and the Met management shielding him.

Nnw there is evidence that Gooden does not have perfect judgment. He sprained an ankle last January and was going around nn cruiches until the team received an anonymous phone call. In March, he was fined by the Mets for exaggerating a traffic accident during

spring training. In April, be, his sister and his friend, Charlene Pearson, were involved in an argument at a carrental counter. In October, he missed the Series victory parade the morning after the night before.

In November, he confirmed that a young woman in Tampa had giv-en birth to his son, and that his wedding to Pearson was temporarily postponed. At the same time, he responded in rumors of chemical abuse by requesting random drug testing "as often as they want, and they can be forever."

Voluntary drug testing is fine if he wants it, but somebody should tell Gooden that each problem will only magnify the rumors. It is not easy being young and a celebrity,

but the smart ones learn to cope. Assuming there is nothing more serious going on in his life, Gooden needs in learn how to act, in case police officers stop his car again. I somehow doubt the police in

Tampa are going around saying, "Let's get Dwight Gooden." I'm just guessing, but when they found out peers with his poise, his ability to who it was, they were sorry it ever happened, but it happened. I also doubt the rent-a-car agent said to berself. "That's Dwight Gooden's group, I'm going in give them a hard time." But something happened.

Gooden can't afford many more problems. He nnw has a legal problem in Tampa; the next scrape could be more serious - nobody's immortal or invincible. And he has been trying to supplement his \$1.32 million salary by projecting the im-age of an all-American kid.

Public figures who work too hard on their images come off as a trifle smarmy, but if marketing his image is important to Gooden be had better lower his visibility, starting with operating a moving vehicle.

He may not listen, but the Met management ought to get him and his advisers in a room and say, "Look, Dwight, you're blowing one little piece of the dream."

They could subtly offer him a little help, maybe a talk with a psychologist, to see if there is any kind of unresolved problem with pressure and fame and self-image lurking inside that seemingly perfect pitching machine.

near him say Gooden's a nice young man. It's time for his family, his friends, his representatives and his comployers to make a list of his problems in the past year and tell him he's having trouble finding the strike zone, on the mound and in real life.

McCallum was recovered by Tim Cofield and Kevin Ross intercepted a Jim Plunkett pass. For the 8-7 Raiders in reach postseason play, they must beat Indianapolis —and Scattle, Kansas City and Cincinnati must lose. Oilers 23, Vikings 10: In Hous-ton, Warren Moon threw for 280 yards and a touchdown, and Tony Zendejas kicked three field goals to help the Oilers knock Minnesota from the playoff race. Moon hit Ernest Givins on a 10-yard touch-"I wouldn't say it was a typical down pass, and Allen Pinkett day," Marino said. "Our offense did a lot of things well. . . . I think I played pretry well, but I had a lot of rated passer at 93.7 percent, comrated passer at 93.7 percent, com-pleted 3 of 13 for 47 yards before Marino twisted the Ram defendleaving the game late in the second quarter with a bruised elbow. Seahawks 34, Chargers 24: In San Diego, Dave Krieg passed for 305 yards and four touchdowns, two to Steve Largent, as a fourth straight victory kept 9-6 Seattle's evolution of wide receivers hasn't straight victory kept 9-6 Seat quite caught up with it. Mark Clay-flickering playoff hopes alive. Charger quarterback Dan Fouts moved into second place on the NFL's all-time passing yardage list. He completed 21 of 38 passes for 237 yards to push his career yardage total to 40,287; that surpasses John-In the end, though, the one-man ny Unitas, who had been second at show was too much for the Rams, 40,239. Fran Tarkenton is the all-

SCOREBOARD

Basketball

NBA Standings EASTERN, CONFERENCE

WESTERN CONFERENCE
Midwest Division
13 7 450 —
14 0 436 —

Dreiter 9-16 44 22, Kersey 9-16 3-3 21; Aguirre 9-15 46 22, Perkins 5-9 3-4 11. Re-bounds; Dollos 46 (Donoldson B) ; Portland 62 (Spr. 2) Lassints; Dollos 21 (Horner 9); Port-

America's Cup

(Af Fremustic Austratio) 9. Rodett
CHALLENGER ELIMINATIIN 12:018-02:487
(Third-Garles Round Robin) 12. Points 1 10. Osword
Yacat, Country. 10. L. Pis. 2-48.25
New Zealand, New Zealand 33 1 198
Stars & Stripes, U.S. 27 7 154
MEN
23 11 137 L. Pirm
24 14 129 points
7 Morts America II, U.S. White Crusader, Britain Heart of America, U.S.

20 14 129 politis
24 8 128 2. Morkus Wosmeler, West Germany,
21 12 135 Richard Promotion, Italy, 93
17 17 99 4. Peter Müller, Seritzerland, 42
17 22 85 5. Franz Heinzer, Seritzerland, 51
15 19 79 6. José Gasson, Sevitzerland, 43
10 24 48 7. Statemer Stenarork, Sweden, 46
4 39 22 8. Report Stroke, Austria, 43
9. Robert Eriocher, Italy, 42
14 Makent Stroke, Austria, 39 Conado II. Canado Epole, U.S. Meedar's Results
Stors & Stripes, Dennis Conner, def. WhiteCrusader, Harald Cudmore, 4:12.
Heart of America, Buddy Melass, def. Cono-

do 11, Yerry Melisen, 12:47. New Zaglond, Chris Dickson, det. USA, Tom-New Zangs av Alla (1997) (Standings)

Standing Standings

(End Round Three) DEFENDER ELIMINATION

Kookaburra III

- Transition BASKETBALL Regional Benjoybett Association L.A. CLIPPERS—Announced that Quinti Dolley, quard, has signed an offer sheet.

FOOTBALL Noticed Feebool Leasure
DEHYER—Gusteriod Clarence Koy, Haht
end, for four weeks.
DETROIT—Stened Rod HRL cornerbook.
Placed John Bostic.cornerbook, en Intered Strve. Str AMI Pinced Jon Gleater, offersive line-man, on Autured reserve. Recoiled Bob Bourn-hower, detentive Herian, from procedural

Minnesol Detroit

N.Y. JETS: Activated Marry Lyans, def sive end, and Reagle McElroy, offensive tack-HOCKEY

Noticent League
LEAGUE-Appointed Scoty Morrison
president of the NHL Holl of Forme.
Washinkerton-Assistant Pete Pesters
washinkerton-Assistant Pete Pesters
wootlander, to Bhaharmico of the American
hickey League, Recolled Al Jensen, soultander; Garry Sampson, and David Jensen
from Binshumton, Optioned Jim Thomson
and Grant Marilla, right hefusers. In Binshumion. TRACK

THE ATHLEYIC CONGRESS—Named Mamie Rollieshed couchet the U.S. teem for the world indoor track and fletd champion-

JOHN CARROLL-No ed Tony DeCarlo bolibeil coach and encounced that he will retoin his duties as athirtic director and wreing cooch.
SOUTH FLII RIDA—Amounced the retirement of Den Holconty, social cooch.
SOUTHERN METHODIST—Numed Dodlay Parker Jr. acting director of onheries.
TEIMESSEE—Anapased resignation of Bob Bertucci, women's volleyball cooch.
TULSA—Manued George Hambay (cothol).
Cooch.

Football

NFL Standings

EAST.	AMERIL	~~ (-6K	EACE					
Boston Col. 71, Holy Cross 62		E	mt							
SOUTH		-	<i>,</i> L	TI	Pct. PF	PA				
Clemson 71, South Carolina 65	New England	10	5		£67 378	280				
James Madison 71, Old Dominion 69	y-NLY. Jets	16	5	8	667 343	334				
Louisiana St. 32, Georgia Tech 49	Miomi .		7		.533 403	371				
Winthrop 63, Miami (Flo.) 55	Buffala	. 4	11		.267 280	333				
. MIDWEST	Indianaeolis	2	13		,122 199	376				
Missouri 97, Centenary 64		Can	tret	٠.						
SOUTHWEST	x-Cleveland	11	4	8	.733 344	297				
Texas A&M 66. Nebruska 44	Cincinnati		4	0	,600 357	373				
FAR WEST	Pittaburah	4	. ,	0	400 286	312				
Howell-Hillo 82, Kensels Newmon 7	Houston	. 4	.ii	ā	267 259	32				
5- Oregon 49, Chico St. 48		W	tet.							
TOURNAMENTS	x-Denver .	. 11	4		233 362	250				
	Konsos City	. 9	6		£00 334	307				
Cotton States Classic	Secttle	9	6		.600 325	227				
Champiouship: Memphis St. \$2, Georgia 71	LA Rolders		7		533 299	316				
Third Place: Loyola (11), 100, Georgia 51.98	Son Olega "	. 4	21	0	267 318	341				
Hobert Heliday Classic	NATIONAL CONFERENCE									
Championship: Upsala 77, Hobari 83		Ec								
Found Place: Case Western 83, N.Y. Poly 63	x-N.Y. Glonts.	13	2	0	.847 314	212				
	y-Washington .	77	4	ā	233 347	280				
	Dallas	7	ā	ā	A67 336	313				
World Cup Skiing	Philodelphia	5	9	í	367 242	257				
1 - NY . T. P. B. A. P T. A. B. B. P	***				-					

World Cup Skiin MEN'S GIANT SLALOM X-Chicoso Minnesotu (AI ARE Bodic, Hely)
1. Jeel Gospoz, Switzerland, 125.95 Detroil Green Boy Tompo, Boy

1:21.35—2:45.12
7. Infector Stemport, Sweden, 1:27.85-1:21.36—2:45.14
8. Michael Eder, West Germany, 1:26.51-1:21.36—2:41.79
9. Rudoff Nierlich, Austria, 1:28.86-20.18 Senday's Results Indianapolis 24, Buffelo 14 Cleveland 24, Cincinnali 3 Green Boy 21, Tampa Bay 7 N.Y. Glonts 27, 81, 100 pt 19 Philodelphia 23, Dollos 21 N.Y. Glonts 27, 81, Louis 7 Son Proncisco 29, New England Karana City, 20, L.A. Rolders 17 Miami 37, L.A. Roms 31, OT Houston 22, Minnesons 18 10. Oswold Totach, thely, 1:26.80-1:21.45-MEN'S OVERALL STANDINGS 1. Pirmin Zurbriggen, Switzerlond, 97 points 2. Borkus Wosmeler, West Germany, and Houston 22: Minnesotu 16 Seattle 34, San Diego 24

NFL Playoff Possibilities

mi. smi can be a wild-card team if it beats ingland and Cincincali, the LA Reid-ingland and Cincincali, the LA Reid-

Advents Division 5 See City (84) and Seattle (6-6).

16 11 4 36 110 95
15 13 4 24 111 104
14 9 4 32 92 86
14 14 4 22 113 97
4 20 4 16 93 123

see City (84) and Seattle (6-6).

CENTRAL

CENTRAL sas City (9-6) and Seattle (6-6). CENTRAL

Coverage to a clinich o wild-card berth by beating the N.Y. Jets and if Kansas City or New England lose, based on a better overall record than Kansas City and head-to-head against New England; or if New Analand and Seathle lose their float somes, based on Cinchnoti's beating New England head-to-head and Seathle lose their float somes, based on Cinchnoti's beating on everall record:

WEST

- Desiver has cliniched title.

- Kansas City can clinich a wild-card berth by winning their final game, based on a better conference record (1-5) thou New England (8-5), Cincinnoti (7-5) and Seattle (7-5), if Kansas City faces, it can clinich a wild-card berth if the L.A. Raiders, Cincinnati and Seattle and Missal lose, based on a better contenence record (8-4) than Meant (1-5), Cincinnoti (4-6) and Seattle 16-6). RELL CONFERENCE

Morris Division

12 12 5 29 % 106

12 13 4 28 .98 103

12 13 3 27 177 112

10 13 5 25 25 25 25 33

8 77 4 22 102 134

Vancouver 9 19 .3 21. 163 122

SUNDAY'S RESULTS

May Remer's 1 8 2-3

Washington 1 0 8-1

McKeeney 2 (15), Ridley (12) Francescheff (7), Shothen seets: N.Y.R. (on Mesont 12-2-11-25; Wash, (on Vanblesbroeck) 18-14-9-17.

Heritord 1 1 3-3

Buffelo 2 2 9-4

Pericer (2), Smith (1), Locombe (3), Roff (6): Anderson (10), Maxxyn (5), McElvent (2), Shoth on geet: Hart. (on Cloutler) 7-6-10-25; Buff, (on Liuf) 11-10-6-27.

Meetrical 1 8 1-2

Meetrical 1 1 8 1-2

Meetrical (10), Verbeck (18), Loiselle (7), Madcaen (14); Corson 10), Corbanseou 110).

Suffirmon (10), Verbeck (18), Loiselle (7), MacLeon (14); Corson 18), Carbanneau (10). Shots on coat: Mant. (on Chevrier) 5-9-10-24;

Boston 2 1 3-6 Quebec 1 1 1 0-2 Lerson (4), Arctarthy 2 (13)-Heaty 1171 Crowder (B); DeLorme (2), Roche-tort (3), Shors on seel: Bos. (on Majorchuk) 17-5-12—34; Qos. (on Keans) 7-6-7—22.

N.Y. Gisnes have clinched the life. They can clinch a home-field advantage throughout the playoffs with a victory over Green Boy, based on better conference record 11-1) applies Chicago (seesable 19-2).
 Westington has clinched a wild-cord.

| 17-5-12-34; gga, (on Rums) | 1-9-7-22-34; gga, (on Rums) | 4 2 1-7 Chlouyer | 1 2 8-3 Smyl 3 (i), Sundstreen [13), R. Sorter [10). Bruce 2 (21); Lormer 2 (10), D. Wilson (d). Sheb; on goal: Van. (on Bunnerman, Souve) | 10-11-7-25; Chi. (on Bradour) | 12-13-15-42. | Philadelphia: | 3 1 8-4 Stimulare | 6 1 9-1 Kert 2 [23], McCorbmann (3), Zezol (15); McRohi (d), Shets on goal 2 Phil. (on Propey) weshington has clinched a wild-cord berith based on overall record and will host the wild-cord game.

CENTRAL

Chicago has canched the title. Chicago can clinch a home-field advantage throughout the playoffs by winning their finale in Outloo and if the N.Y. Giords lose to Green Rev.

		*	<i>,</i> ,	TI	ct.		PA
	New Engkind	10	5		,66	7 378	280
	y-NLY. Jets	16	5	6	.66	7 343	334
	Miami .	0	7		.53	3 403	371
	Buffala	. 4	11		26	7 260	332
	Indianacolis		13			1 199	376
		Cen		-			
	x-Cleveland	11	4	8	78	3 344	202
-	Cincinnati			ä		357	
-							
	Pittaburgh			0		286	
٠.	Houston	. 4		0	,76	7 259	322
			185				
	x-Denver		-4			3 362	
	Konsas City	. 8	6	0	.60	0.334	307
la 71	Secttle	8	6		.60	325	227
	L.A. Rolders		7		57	3 299	314
1.98	Son Olego "	. 4	71	0	76	7 318	347
	MATION						
•		Ec				-	
E6 Y	N-N.Y, Glonts	13			847	316	919
	y-Washington .	17		ě		347	
_	Dallas	**	ì	ă		336	
g	Philodelphia	5	?	. 1		242	
7	St. Libris	3:		٦.	73	377	334
_		Cont		_			
	x-Chicogo	12	2	0	,85	312	164

Saferday's Reselfs Pittsburgh 45, N.Y. Jets 24 Denver 31, Washington 30 6. Aridrecs Wenzel, Liechtenstein, 1:26.74

AMERICAN CONFERENCE New England con clinch the division title by beating Allemi next Monday. If New En-sland and the N.Y. Jets both less, New York will win the division based on befor conter-ence record (8-4 to 7-5). If New England loses.

once record te-40 P-31. If New Employees order it can clinical a wild-card berth with any combination of two losses by Cincianati, Seattle, or Kosses City,

"The N.Y. Jets have clinical a wild-card berth based on conference record and can clinic the division title it New Enstand loses in Allemi.

game, based on a better overall record than the Raiders (9-7 to 8-2) and a better conter-ence record (7-5) than Cincingati (4-4). Kan-

records (8-1) than Milami (7-5), Cincinneti (4-6) and Seuttle 16-6).

• Seattle can clinch a wild-cord bertit by winning its finate and if New England, Cincinneti and Konses City (8-6). The Cincinneti (9-7) and Konses City (9-7). Seattle also perty a wild-card bertit if New England (10-6) and atther Konses City (9-7) or Cincinneti lose, based on head to-head competition applications of the England of Setter overgit record than Konses City or Cincinnet. It New England wins, Seattle (10-6) can still be a wild-card team if Konses City (9-7) and Cincinneti (9-7) lose, based on a better record. lose; based on a better record.
... The LA. Rolders can only clinch a wild-

MATIONAL CONFORMICE All playell forms have been decided.

ILI RIDA-Ananounced the retire

**RINDATE AND ANALYSIS ANALYSIS

NYYC Resigned to Lengthy Quest for Missing Cup the cup a name by defeating a fleet of British yachts in the En-glish Channel. In the intervening NEW YORK — A pedestrian passing the New York Yacht

Club directed the attention of his two companions to the Manhattan landmark, where one of the most coveted trophies in sports

once was proudly displayed.

"This is the New York Yacht
Club," he said, "where the America's Cup used to be." The chances that the cup would be seen in the club's environs soon again vanished Sunday in the waters of the Indian Ocean off Fremantle, Australia, America II, the NYYC's entry in the America's Cup competition, lost its race to a New Zesland rival

lengers' competition. For the first time in 135 years, the New York Yacht Club won't be in the final race for the cup that it lost for the first time in 1983.

anybody. Obviously, theirs is not ming from from last week's withing lost for the first time in 1983.

a fast boat. The cup will be poor-drawal of Challenge France.

Gaspoz Wins

Giant Slalom

The Associated Press

LA VILLA, Italy — Joel Gaspoz won a men's World Cup giant sla-lom here Monday, thwarting Ital-

ian Richard Pramonon's bopes of

winning his third consecutive race

team its fourth triumph of the sea-

son, following three downhill vic-

WORLD CUP SKIING

torics. He had been forced to with-

draw because of a spill in Sunday's

Gaspoz clocked the fastest time

in the first heat, 1:25.95, and had

the second-best second run of

1:20.39 for a winning aggregate of

2:46.34. He edged Pramotton by

The 22-year-old Pramotton, who had won the two previous cup giant slaloms (in Sestriere on Nov. 30 and

spoz's Swiss teammate, Pirmin Zur-

briggen, finished fourth in 2:48.05

after lagging 11th in the first beat.

are tied for second with 93 points.

Gaspoz said he watched video

tape replays of his mistakes in Sun-

race down the same course.

Gaspoz, 24, gave the Swiss men's

in the discipline.

1.37 seconds.

ings with hopes and dreams." In 1851, a New York Yacht Club vessel named America gave

years, the NYYC successfully defended the trophy 24 times.

The 132-year streak ended in 1983 when Australia II defeated Liberty, skippered by Dennis Conner. Ironically, the NYYC chose Kolins to do what Conner failed to do in 1983, yet it is Conner — with Stars & Stripes who will advance to the semifi-

Warren Jones, executive director of the Australian syndicate that won the 1983 cup and is racing again to defend it, said, "I feel bad about America II. This is a cut-throat business and you've got to swallow your medicine. America II was sailing a lonely trace and winning a hollow victory and was dropped from the chal-They've been here longer than

"A lot of people shed tears on the dock," said skipper John Kolius. "The New York Yacht Club is not an ogre... It's buman beon West 44th Street, Kolius's de-feat had nearly gone unobserved. Bill Packer. "Wherever the cup is "As you know, the club is sailed, ... we'll be there." But closed on the weekends," Jim now the NYYC will have to wait

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stood in the doorway a few hours after the race. He said un members were around to accept the bitter news in their sanctum.

"We're going to have a party here Thursday," Stappas said, "and it's going to be pretty upsetting." The party had been scheduled to celebrate America II's On Monday, the club's assistant secretary, John Bassett confirmed

the worst to the bundreds of members phoning in. "It wasn't as bad as the day we lost the cup. This time most just sighed and said we would try again." Meanwhile, in Freemantle,

- an automatie 12 points stem-

"You haven't heard the last of In the club's stone townhouse the New Ynrk Yacht Club," said



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Stappas, the quartermaster and until 1991. (AP, UPI) Bill Packer: "We'll be there."

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here on Sunday), advanced three places from the first heat but could get no closer. West German Markus Wasmeier was third in 2:47.88. Ga-INTERNATIONAL **ESCORT** USA & WORLDWIDE Zurbriggen holds the overall lead in the World Cup standings with 97 points. Wasmeier and Pramotion Head office in New York 330 W. 56th St. N.Y.C. 10019 USA 212-765-7896 212-765-7754

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day's race "and I understood how to avoid them today. I knew I could MAJOR CREDIT CARDS AND CHECKS ACCEPTED Private Memberships Available have done better than Pramotion. Pramotton said he was satisfied LONDON with a first and a second within 24 Portman Escort Agency hours. "I am close to Zurbriggen overall, but I am only thinking of the 67 Chiltern Street, London W1 Tel: 486 3724 or 486 1158 All seajor credit cards accepted giant slalom title," he said. He ruled out entering downhills to try to get cap points from the combined.

■ Schedule Revised KENSINGTON Late snowfall across the Alps on ESCORT SERVICE 10 KENSINGTON CHURCH ST. WI TEL: 937 9136 OR 937 9133 All major credit cards accepted. Monday caused a revision in this week's World Cup schedule, United Press International reported from Alta Badia, Italy. Organizers in Kranjska Gora, Yu-goslavia, said that a men's giant sla-LONDON

will take place Friday. A slalom will be held at Kranjska Gora Saturday and another statom is set for Sunday in Hinterstoder, Austria Women will compete in slaloms Wednesday and Thursday at Courmayeur, Italy, and a weekend slalom and giant sialom at Valzoldana, Ita-

ly, before the Christmas break.

lon originally set for this weekend

but then canceled for lack of snow

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Sherlock's Explanation

Washington — Everyone loves a good mystery, and it is not surprising that the Iran-contras caper continues to hold our fascination as one of the most hungled cloak-and-dagger crimes of our

What do you make of it all?" I asked Sherlock Holmes in his federal house in

"It's very interesting, my dear Waison Holmes replied, tamping down his pipe. "The president promised he would get to the bottom of this, and we know less

now then we did when he said it." "Do you believe the president is happy that we can't get to the bot-

"He appears to be extremely happy."
"Why is that?"

"Because he saved Don Regan's

"Holmes, what did Secretary of State George Shultz know and when did be know it?"

"That's the most interesting thing, Watson. For a secretary of state, Shuitz didn't know anything at all. According to him no one on the president's staff spoke to him. and they only made decisions after he left the room. Scratch Shultz as a

"If it wasn't Shultz, could it have been Bill Casey?

Holmes puffed on his pipe. "Casey has an iron-clad alibi. He was home laundering money for Angola when the overcharges for Iranian arms were being washed in Switzerland. Besides, as CIA director why would Casey know anything about

what was going on in Iran? By jove, Holmes, this is getting more difficult than I thought. What about the Marine chap. Colonel

"A likely suspect." Holmes said. "but you forget one thing. He took the Fifth Amendment, You can't accuse a man of a crime if he takes the Fifth. We have to eliminate Admiral Poindexter on that count

"Too bad, I was hoping North and Poindexter could give us a

who had the most to gain from the franians getting arms, and the contras getting money.

"Imelda Marcos?" "No, that's another case. The

ones who had the most to gain in this whole affair were the press."

"You don't believe the press was behind the whole thing, do you. Holmes? "I don't, but Pat Buchanan

does. "Well fiddledeedee on him. He's just attacking the press so he will get his name in the newspapers. If you want to know what I think, I see the hand of Richard Nixon in this whole thing. I say we find the

smoking gun and make him resign

all over again."

"Watson, I would like to think Richard Nixon was to blame, but except for the 1814-minute gap on the tapes we have no evidence. It's true he does keep calling President Reagan, which indicates he feels guilty about something. But until Nixon gets up and declares he is not a crook, we cannot consider him a suspect."

"You're probably right, Holmes. I suppose the thing that bothers me the most is while laws were broken everyone involved has been called a national hero."

"Perhaps I may have a clue, Watson. As you know, the key to the mystery is the secret numbered bank account in Switzerland. What do they give you, Watson, when you open a numbered Swiss bank

"Depending on the size, Holmes, Tupperware, a coffeepot, a Cuisinart, a toaster, an orange juice squeezer, and if you put in more than \$30 million, a microwave

"Precisely, Watson, Whoever opened that account in Switzerland was given one of those items and it s now in his possession. If we find it we'll know who committed one of the most amateurish crimes of the century."

By jove, Holmes, you're right, Let's have a look-see. You go to George Bush's kitchen and I'll go to Bob MeFarlane's - and then we'll go together to see what they're cooking upstairs at the White

New Orleans's 'Eiffel Tower'

By Frances Frank Marcus New York Times Service
EW ORLEANS — John

I NOnorio, who grew up in Brooklyn, will never forget his first look into the gigantic crate that held his dream of a New Orleans restaurant. The 11,000 pieces of metal inside, looking like a giant Erector set, were nothing less than a chunk of the Eiffel Tower - not actually the tower, but the restaurant that once perched there, 562 feet (171 meters) above Paris.

Being a realist as well as a dreamer, he wasn't surprised at the clutter within. His partner, Daniel Bonnot, blanched, however, and so did the contractor. James Landis, faced with the prospect of reading the French labels that identified each piece.

The crate is now empty and the contents neatly reassembled. The new Restaurant de la Tour Eiffel opened its doors Friday with a charity benefit. Invitations went out last month on the wrappers of freshly baked loaves of French bread hand delivered to the guests, who paid \$125 each to

The new restaurant is already a landmark on St. Charles Avenue at the edge of the historic Garden District. It has the look of a giant glass bird cage floating above the avenue. Stephen Bingler, the project architect, has placed the restaurant 16 feet above the ground in a tall metal frame decorated with curves reminiscent of the Fiffel Tower.

The restaurant's journey began in 1981 when engineers noted that the tower, huilt for the 1889 Paris Exposition Universelle, was sagging. They decided that the restaurant, which had been placed there in 1937, was too heavy and must be removed.

A French businessman, Georges Lancelin, acquired the Restaurant de la Tour Eiffel in return for dismantling it. Lancelin announced plans to rehulld the restaurant elsewhere in Paris, hut municipal officials forbade him to reopen it anywhere in France under the name Tour Eif-



New owners, John Onorio and Daniel Bonnot, who is also executive chef.

Lancelin traded the restaurant to Moreton Binn, owner of Atwood Richards Inc., a barter-ing company based in New York City, for construction equipment and marketing services. The res-taurant, which had fed royalty and cafe society along with thou-sands of tourists, arrived at a New York warehouse in autumn 1982 to await a buyer. [The Associated Press reported on Feb. 16, 1983 that the restaurant would soon have a new home on the banks of the Hudson River, looking across New York harbor toward the Statue of Liberty.]

The next spring, Onorio, general manager for Century Hotels, a hotel and restaurant company, was in his New Orleans office when Bonnot the company's food and heverage director. walked in with a morning cup of coffee and a question: "How



would you like to buy the Eiffel Tower?" Bonnot had been approached by J. Fant Taylor, a New Orleans businessman who had an option to buy the restaurant and wanted Bonnot, 41, and Onorio, 38, to be co-developers.

"Knowing that you can own a one-of-a-kind living piece of French history can be terribly intriguing." Onorio says. "The in-trigue translated into appeal. when I finished running some numbers that indicated we could do wall."

Private discussions that summer yielded one conclusion: the would-be partners needed more money. Then Onorio received a telephone call from a New Orleans businessman, MeDonald Stephens, who, to his surprise, an-nounced, "I'd like to talk to you about this tower thing."

Stevens eventually bought the option for \$25,000. He talked to Binn in November 1983 and offered \$525,000 for the restaurant. The deal was struck, Construction began in the spring of 1984. Then in July 1984 Stevens died.

Construction stopped while Onorio and Bonnot sought new fi-nancing. The Stevens family lent them \$900,000 to buy Stevens's assets in the restaurant and to sublease the lot, Meanwhile, Onorio and Bonnot raced to find other backers, who provided \$720,000, and a bank to finance \$1.7 million. Construction resumed in November 1985.

As Bingler, the architect, ex-plained: "We tried to put the old restaurant in a setting that would be sympathetic to the original, with the same kinds of shadows and same kind of play with light. We elevated it 16 feet off the ground so you have to walk up to it or take the elevator."

Originally, Onorio said, the plan had been merely to "reconstruct a ruin." But as the project evolved, it became an anthentic old restaurant within the protective walls of a new one. This arrangement allowed them to double the seating from 125 to 250 necessary to guarantee the restau-rant's economic success.

The old restaurant, its metal walls stripped and repainted beige, is surrounded by a glass-walled terrace. The terrace, the more informal of the dining rooms, has decor that Onorio describes as "quasi-decadent," suggestive of France in the 1930s.

In the old dining room the furnishings have been custom-made to reflect the restaurant's former life as a grand Parisian café. The centerpiece is a copy of the old bar, topped by a metal and etched-glass awning, with a sky-light above. The whole evokes the 19th-century entrance of a Paris Metro station. The kitchen, which once shared quarters with the bar in the restaurant's center, has been moved into a connecting building.
According to Bonnot, who is

the executive chef, the menu he created is inspired more by the cuisine of the south of France than by the cuisine of Paris. Provençal cooking is appropriate for a New Orleans restaurant, be says, because hoth southern France and southern Louisiana are hlessed with high-quality vegetables in abundance and with a variety of fish.

The dinner menu will offer a traditional coq an vin, which is not generally available in New Orleans, for \$8.50. Duck glazed with gin and served with a light brown sauce, pearl onions, green olives and juniper berries is \$11.50. At \$16, an eight-ounce grilled filet mignon with green peppercorns is the most expensive entree. Lunch prices will vary from \$8 to \$14, and dinner from \$18 to \$25.

Some of the dishes will be prepared on a charcoal broiler. "I learned cooking on these when I was an apprentice." Bonnot says. "Now they've come back."

The restaurant has made a promising, if unofficial, start. The day after Thanksgiving the part-ners unlocked the front door and waited to see what would happen. There had been no advertising and the weather was miserably damp. They expected no more than 25 people. More than 90 arrived, and the following night 140 came. Onorio says, "An awful lot of curiosity followed our project."

Bolshoi Is Enmeshed In Corruption Scandal

The firing of a musician who filed corruption charges against the Bolshoi Theater set off a scandal that reached all the way to the Soviet Culture Ministry, the labor union newspaper Trud reports "For many years, 'the nation's pre-mier musical theater' was somehow removed from the zone of criti-cism," Trud said. "Unfortunately, even the smallest attempt to criticize the Bolshoi met a hostile recep. tion." During a 1983 tour of Yugo slavia, Trud said, a bass player, Alexander Leonov, a 28-year veter an of the Bolshoi orchestra, complained that the orchestra manager, A. Panyushkin, made musicians kick back part of their daily haid. currency allowance. Panyushka was ordered to return the money but a day after the company is turned home, officials announced that a competition would be held for Leonov's seat because his talent was ebbing. Trud said. It said a contest was also held for the seat of a bassoonist, V. Bogorad, who had witnessed the exchange between Panyushkin and Leonov. After two months, Leonov was reinstated but he filed an official complaint against Panyushkin in 1984, and four days later was fired anew. He sued, and after 18 months was granted a hearing. He won. The Bolshoi appealed. Trud said a dep-nty culture minister. Georgi Ivanov. in an unusual move, recommended against reinstating Leonov. The court reinstated him anyway, but Ivanov complained to the policy that Leonov had slandered the of chestra director. Leonov has been fired again, with Ivanov's endorsement, Trud said.

Woody Allen's "Hannah and Her Sisters" has been named best picture of 1986 by the Los Angeles Film Critics. David Lynch was picked as best director for "Blue Velvet." Bob Hoskins was selected as best actor for "Mona Lisa" and Sandrine Bonnaire of France named best actress for Angès Varda's "Vagabond," which was selected as best foreign film." The Los Angeles selections, along with awards from the New York Film Critics, the National Society of Film Critics and the National Board of Review, are often viewed as a barometer of Academy Award sentiments. Oscar nominations will be announced Feb. 11.

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